THE WEATHER
Fair Sunday and probably Monday.

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NOTE MAKES GOOD IMPRESSION UPON PUBLIC AT BERLIN

Published There in Afternoon Papers—Offers Possibilities of Negotiations.

TONE IS CONCILIATORY

No Definite Statements as to Attitude German Government Will Take.

Berlin, June 12, via London, June 13.—The text of the American note was published today in the Berlin afternoon newspapers. Definite statements as to the attitude of the German government with respect to the note are not yet available, but in circles which while themselves not officially responsible, are often good barometers of the sentiment in responsible quarters, the note seems to have made a distinctly favorable impression and is believed to offer the possibility of negotiations on which satisfactory settlement may be reached. The conciliatory tone of the note apparently has revoked a responsive attitude here. Individuals, who in the earlier stages of the negotiations displayed stiff-necked adherence to their own views, which made discussion almost impossible, are now willing to talk of compromises in which the compromise would not be all on one side.

The official viewpoint probably can be correctly appraised only after conferences of the imperial chancellor, Dr. Von Bethmann-Holweg; the foreign secretary, Herr Von Jagow, and representatives of the army and admiralty, the naval and general staff. The Emperor it is believed, will speak the final word.

It is understood that these conferences will begin immediately. The answer will certainly not be drafted and the lines of the German policy probably will not be definitely decided upon before Dr. Anton Meyer-Gerhard, the special envoy from Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador at Washington, has arrived and made his report.

Opening for Negotiations.

Both the Lokal Anzeiger and the Vossische Zeitung hail the second American note as opening the way for further negotiations between Germany and the United States which both profess to believe will straighten out the situation. These papers admit that the note contains little that is new, but they rejoice at its friendly tone.

The Vossische Zeitung says:

"There is no difference of opinion about desirability of saving lives. The note opens the way for negotiations between Germany and America regarding what Germany can do and what America must do to protect life in the future."

The Lokal Anzeiger says:

"From the wording of the note, as it is now published, one sees that the announcements sent out broadcast by the enemy that the note would be an ultimatum—nothing else was to be expected—were wholly baseless. The form is friendly and it contains no asperity as has been announced. The new note is really a round-about expression by President Wilson of its original standpoint, and it will be a matter of further negotiations, during which the German arguments will be repeated and their justification proved.

"It would be premature to go into details, especially of a technical nature, now; it is enough to be satisfied that the Wilson note is so constructed as to admit the possibility of additional negotiations. He himself shows a desire for such negotiations. He suggests that the German government produce further proofs substantiating the claims regarding the Lusitania, and declares himself ready to act as an intermediary between Germany and Great Britain regarding mutual concessions so far as submarine warfare is concerned.

"True, this offer would have been of considerable more value if the President had explained that he was willing to make such proposals, whereas he intimated that Germany and Great Britain should initiate the suggestions.

Consider It Friendly Suggestion.

"However that may be, the United States will see from further negotiations that Germany has an honorable desire to treat a friendly suggestion in a friendly spirit.

"At all events the situation created by the publication of the note is such that the hypothesis heralded throughout the world that America also was in the ranks of our enemies is now shown to be once more the old case of the wish father to the thought."

Captain Persius, the naval expert of the Tageblatt, writes:

"A harmonizing of views is possible, and the Washington government shows a sincere disposition to reach an understanding. That is the keynote of the American note; there is no sabre-rattling."

Captain Persius assumes that the German answer will remove the last obstacle in the way of eliminating all differences.

As he understands the American note it by no means takes the view that the German admiralty must order a suspension of submarine warfare before negotiations can proceed. He regrets that the United States "has failed duly to appreciate Germany's previous offer to place restrictions upon the activity of the submarine, provided the British end their efforts to starve Germany," and he adds that "it is certain that no satisfactory solution is possible unless Great Britain makes this concession, as

(Continued on Page Two)

VILLA WOULD CALL UNION OF LEADERS

According to Contents of Note to Mr. Wilson.

AND ONE TO CARRANZA

Northern Leader Contends That Carranza Caused Break in Constitutionalist Party After Huerta Was Defeated.

El Paso, Texas, June 12.—General Villa has sent a note to President Wilson, expressing willingness "to invite a new union of all Mexicans to work together to insure the triumph of the revolutionary principles," and also has despatched a note to General Carranza, asking the latter to agree to a conference of leaders in Mexico to "unite and reorganize." The note to Carranza says propositions are being placed before Emiliano Zapata and Roque Gonzales Garza.

The communications to President Wilson and General Carranza were formulated at a meeting of Villa and his staff at Callentes.

Villa in his invitation for a conference points out two reasons for his action. First, that unless the Constitutionalists reorganize the government the Cientificos (Diaz party) will again get contro. under the guise of another name, and second, unless conditions in Mexico improve, the United States will intervene.

The invitation requests an early reply, that preliminaries for the conference, if agreed to, may be arranged.

No place for holding the meeting is suggested.

Villa's reply to President Wilson is friendly.

Villa declares he was impelled to reply because of Mr. Wilson's high spirit of justice, and the "consideration and respect in which he is held both inside and outside his own country, especially by the middle class and poor people of Mexico, a consideration and respect which I also hold for him."

Declares He is Pleased.

"I am pleased to know," says the Villa note further, "that President Wilson recognizes the American people and the American government have no right to take any part in the settlement of our internal affairs.

Villa characterizes as disgraceful the division among Constitutionalist leaders after the triumph against Huerta which he attributes in part to "personal ambitions of some persons," but declares that certain principles were involved for which "we are still fighting."

The Villa note charges that "false ideas, for mercenary purposes, diffused by those who sought to retain power indefinitely without laws reduced us to the most outrageous anarchy in the capital"; and that it was "the lack of a sense of responsibility by Senor Carranza that brought us to strained relations with countries friendly to us."

The note reviews the request of the chiefs of the divisions of the north and different army corps, backed by a great portion of the civil popualtion, that the first chief of the Constitutionalists act as president ad interim, open courts and call a general election to organize a Constitutionalist civil government. It declares that instead a military convention was convoked, and reviews the Aguas Calientes convention and subsequent events.

"We believed this system of government would ruin our country," says the note, "and insisted that Constitutionalist reforms must be made by a congress elected by the people."

Washington, June 12.—Former Secretary of State Bryan announced today he would devote the next two weeks to resting. He intends to visit Old Point Comfort for the week-end and on his return, he said, would have his plans for June matured.

NOTE MATERIALLY REVISED, NOW SAYS FORMER SECRETARY

But Not Softened Sufficiently Even Then to Justify Signing It.

DELIVERED TO GERMANY

More Optimistic Feeling Apparent in Official Quarters Over Matter.

Washington, June 12.—Official announcement of the delivery of the American note to Germany reiterating insistence that submarine warfare conform to rules of humanity and international law was received today from Ambassador Gerard at Berlin.

The message came at the close of a day marked by a more optimistic feeling in official quarters that the German answer would forestall any possibility of war between the two nations and also avoid a breach of diplomatic relations.

Apparently there was a geenral relaxation of tension in the international situation. President Wilson spent part of the day at golf ad let it be known that later in the month he planned to take a short vacation at Cornish. No answer to the American rejoinder is expected for ten days at least.

Former Secretary Bryan, who resigned rather than sign the second note to Germany, issued another statement today declaring that the note was materially revised following the presentation of his resignation.

Not Sufficiently Softened.

The revision, Mr. Bryan averred, softened the note, but was not sufficient to justify him an withdrawing his resignation.

"It is true," said Mr. Bryan, "that I saw the final draft of the note just before my resignation took effect, but it contained an important change. I had no knowledge of this change at the time my resignation was tendered and accepted.

"This change, while very much softening the note, was not, however, sufficient, in my judgment, to justify me in asking permission to withdraw my resignation. As Germany had suggested arbitration, I felt that we could not do less than reply to this offer by expressing a willingness to apply the principals of the peace treaties to the case."

"What was the change in the note?" Mr. Bryan was asked.

"I cannot discuss that," he replied.

It was suggested that the clause added to the note was that saying the United States would entertain any evidence Germany might have that American officials had not thoroughly performed their duty in examining the Lusitania before her departure to see that she was not armed for offensive action. Mr. Bryan only smiled at the suggestion.

Secretary Lansing also declined to discuss changes made in the note.

Clause Referred To.

The clause referred to follows:

"If the imperial German government should deem itself to be in possession of convincing evidence that the officials of the government of the United States did not perform these duties with thoroughness, the government of the United States sincerely hopes that it will submit that evidence for consideration."

"Irrespective of whether that clause was inserted or not," Mr. Bryan was asked, "Does it not open the way for further negotiations with Germany?"

"I can only reiterate what I have said, that the note was softened," Mr. Bryan replied, "but not sufficiently to

(Continued on Page Two.)

SLATON LISTENS TO FRANK'S PLEA

Hearing Started Yesterday is Postponed Until Monday.

ORAL ARGUMENT THEN

Former Governor Brown, Speaks at Length Against Commutation of Sentence of Death—Would Invoke Lynch Law.

Atlanta, Ga., June 12.—Arguments for and against Leo M. Frank's application for commutation of his death sentence were made at a hearing before Governor Slaton here today. An unexpected adjournment of the hearing was taken until Monday to allow Solicitor Dorsey to prepare a written brief and to present his oral argument against the application. Frank's counsel will be permitted to argue in reply.

Joseph M. Brown, who was governor of Georgia when Frank was arrested, was the principal speaker against clemency. He told of steps he took as governor to protect Frank when he heard rumors that a mob planned to attack the jail. These rumors, he declared, later proved to have been groundless. He protested against any ovreturning of the verdicta and judgments of Georgia juries and courts "on petitions of persons outside the state," and in closing declared:

Would Invoke Lynch Law.

"If your excellency wishes to invoke lynch law—if you wish to weaken, if not destroy, trial by jury, in this state, you can do it by reversing all the courts' decisions in the present case."

W. M. Howard, in his argument for Frank, said the condemned man would rely on the record of the case to convince the governor of the prisoner's innocence.

Govenor Slaton put many questions to Mr. Howard concerning material circumstances in the case brought out at the trial. Among these questions as to where, in the pencil factofy, Mary Phagan was killed; how her body was taken to the basement and what evidence there was of assault prior to the murder. The governor said he wanted to ascertain how the testimony of James Conley, a negro, one of the state's principal witnesses harmonized with that of other witnesses for the state and defense.

VERDICT AGAINST SEABOARD

Wake Jury Awards J. T. Wrenn $3,500 in $10,000 Suit.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., June 12.—A Wake county Superior court jury this afternoon rendered a verdict for $3,500 against the Seaboard Air Line in the $10,000 damage suit of J. T. Wrenn, who sued for injury sustained in slipping on the ice at Cothran, Va., during one of the severe freezes last winter. The allegation was that the water had been carelessly allowed to run over and freeze.

EPWORTH LEAGUE GOES TO NEWBERN NEXT YEAR

Annual Meeting at Hamlet to Adjourn Tonight.

Rev. R. H. Bennett, of Atlanta, and Rev. W. W. Peele, of Durham, to Preach Today—Features of Fourth Day Sessions.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Hamlet, N. C., June 12.—The North Carolina Epworth League Conference today decided to meet in its annual session next year at Newbern. The sessions of the conference today were interesting and inspirational. The Conference, which convened Wednesday, will adjourn tomorrow. Rev. R. H. Bennett, of Atlanta, will preach at 11 and 4:30 o'clock tomorrow and Rev. W. W. Peele, of Durham, will preach at night.

At the early morning service, Rev. R. H. Willis continued his talks on "Life in the Heavenly Places." It is safe to say that these talks have been a tonic of inspiration to all of those in attendance and they have been largely attended.

The regular session of the conference was called to order at 9:30 after the devotional service, which was conducted by Rev. C. B. Culbreth, of Elizabeth City, the study of League Problems was continued. The subject for discussion at this session was "League Finance." The discussion was led by Rev. W. A. Cade, and proved very instructive.

Following was an institute on the Junior League, which was conducted by Mrs. W. J. Fowler. This discussion proved both interesting and helpful. This institute was followed by an open discussion on "Some of Our Greatest Problems," led by Rev. Paul B. Kern, of Murfreesboro, Tenn. This discussion will doubtless be of great service to the Leagues of the conference.

Reports by the delegates from the individual leagues were next taken up. This is always an interesting feature of the conference since they show the work of the respective chapters.

After the adoption of a standard for the honor roll for this year the conference adjourned, Newbern having been selected as the place for holding the next conference.

The delegates were entertained at a

(Continued on Page Two.)

ANOTHER BATTLE DEVELOPS ON THE DNIESTER RIVER

Russians Claim to Have Driven Teutonic Allies Back Across the River.

THE STREAM IS THE LINE

Austro-Germans Still Have Lemberg as Their Objective—Quiet in West.

London, June 12.—Another big battle is being fought along the line of the Dniester river in Galicia in which Russian forces are pitted against those of Austra and Germany. Those German troops which had crossed the Dniester at Zurawna having been driven back, and the Russians in Eastern Galicia and Bukowina also having been forced to withdraw to the river, the two armies now face one another across the wide and crooked stream, each making thrusts in an effort to gain the initiative for an offensive.

The Austrians in their official report claim to have succeeded in crossing the river east of Horodenka, a movement which in view of their recent experience near Zurawna might prove dangerous.

The Austro-Germans, however, still have Lemberg as their objective and they are not likely to allow any reverses they have suffered near Zurawna and east of Przemysl to put them off. So that fighting as severe as any witnessed in recent weeks may be expected during the next few days.

Heavy fighting also continues in the Baltic provinces and on the East Prussian frontier, in which both sides claim advantages. With the view, doubtless of preventing the Russians from sending reinforcements to either of their wings, the Germans yesterday attacked along the Rawka river between Bolimow and Sochaczew, the scene of important battles last winter. In yesterday's attack the Germans claim to have broken into the Russian positions and to have taken 5,000 prisoners.

French Continue Attacks.

At points between Rheims and north of Arras the French continue their attacks, which they report to have been successful, but which the Germans, however, invariably state have been repulsed.

Although no big forward movement has been made, fighting is almost continuous along the line from the sea to Champagne and in the Woevre. The British and Belgians are playing an important role in these operations, for to them falls the task of holding large German forces on their front by threatening an offensive and thus preventing the Germans from sending relief to those troops which the French are assailing.

The Italians have scored another success on the Isonzo river by the capture of the town of Gradisca, and it is reported they are carrying out a strong offensive all along the river as far up as Tolmino, which they are trying to outflank.

Unofficial reports state that the Allies are steadily progressing on the Gallipoli peninsula, but no details are given and official confirmation is lacking.

Today's report of German submarine activity shows one steamer and three trawlers were sunk. Since last Saturday German submarines have sunk fifty-four vessels of which seven were neutral.

The others comprised two French, two Belgian, three Russian and forty British. Of the British vessels 32 were fishing craft in addition two fishing smacks were sunk by a Zeppelin.

MAY DRAW FULLAM INTO PROCEEDINGS

Testimony Before Court of Inquiry So Indicates.

FOURTEEN DEFENDANTS

Presidents of Three Classes of Midshipmen Testify Head of Academy Said if Naval Academy Didn't Back Him Would Resign.

Annapolis, Md., June 12.—That Rear Admiral Fullam, superintendent of the Naval Academy, will be further drawn into the proceedings before the court of inquiry investigating irregularities in connection with examination papers, was indicated by today's testimony.

Presidents of three classes of midshipmen gave practically the same testimony to the effect that at a conference with the superintendent, after seven midshipmen had been recommended by him for dismissal for cheating in examinations, Admiral Fullam said if the Navy Department did not back him up in the matter of the previous investigation, he would be inclined to resign. He further remarked that he would rather go to sea in command of a collier than stay at Annapolis under such circumstances.

There were four presidents and a president-elect of the new first class present at this conference. The three who were cross-examined today by counsel for the defendant midshipmen concerning this conference were Ensign Richard R. Adams, president, and "Honor" man of the recently graduated first class, who was the first witness to testify that he had heard the admiral make the statement attributed to him; Midshipman H. B. Broadfoot, president of the former second class, and B. R. Holcombe, president of the new first class.

Captain Russell, president of the court, asked Broadfoot just before he left the stand, what took place when he reported at the office of Superintendent Fullam this morning prior to coming to court.

Declares He Was Warned.

Broadfoot said he did not see the superintendent but his aide, Lieut. Manley warned him that if he allowed himself to become a defendant and accepted the counsel of the present defendants, he would assume the status of those defendants.

"Did Lieut. Manly discuss or attempt to discuss with you your testimony to be given before this court?" Captain Russell asked.

To this there was a negative reply.

Several midshipmen have testified, in cross examination by counsel for the seven original accused midshipmen, that Admiral Fullam had warned them not to become associated with the seven defendants who are under arrest.

Broadfoot testified that he and his class-mates considered that the two members of their class, who were recommended for dismissal, were honest and that their honesty never had been questioned. He thought they ought to have been put on the stand as principals, rather than as witnesses, at the investigation made by the board of officers before they were recommended for dismissal.

Asked if he thought he could speak for his classmates as to their present feeling in the matter, he replied in the affirmative. The sentiment was that they would be going out of the service for the same thing that 40 per cent of the class did.

Broadfoot said he had seen a copy of the "dope" going around, but did not pay any attention to it, because it seemed too far advanced.

"We place most of the blame upon the man who came over here (to the language department) and got these examinations," said Broadfoot. "He was the one who got us into the whole trouble because most of us thought we were only getting the regular kind of 'dope'."

CARRANZA MAKES A REPLY IN FORM OF PROCLAMATION

President Wilson Has Before Him Answer of Constitutionalist Chief.

HE WANTS RECOGNITION

General Villa is Said to Have Sent His Reply to Washington Also.

Washington, June 12—President Wilson had before him tonight the first reply to his recent statement regarding Mexico. It consisted of a "proclamation to the people," issued yesterday by General Carranza asserting the right of the Constitutionalist government to recognition by the United States and other foreign powers. Lack of recognition is declared to be the one difficulty remaining in the way of restoring constitutional government in Mexico and the statement asserts:

"At this time we believe ourselves to be in a position to overcome this last difficulty because the Constitutionalist government is now actually in definite possesion of sovereignty, and the legitimate exercise of sovereignty is the essential condition which should be taken into account when deciding upon recognition of a government."

General Villa's answer also reached Washington today but was not delivered at the State Department. Until it is presented the Villa agency declined to make public the text.

No Comment Made.

Department officials declined to comment on the abstract of the Villa statement carried in press dispatches, or upon a copy of a letter from Villa to Carranza, also received at the agency which urges that differences be forgotten and suggests a personal meeting between the two leaders to arrange for co-operation and restoration of peace.

General Carranza's proclamation was promptly laid before President Wilson. The document recites the history of the revolution beginning with the Madero uprising.

President Madero's failure, the document attributes to the opposition from Orozco, Reyes and Felix Diaz, of the old regime, and Zapata, instigated by their adherents. General Huerta, it contends, consummated the movement with the co-operation of a group of foreigners favored by the old regime who surrounded Henry Lane Wilson, former American Ambassador to Mexico, and under the pretext of saving Mexico City from war.

The statement explains that as governor of the state of Coahuila, General Carranza assumed representation of the republic in accordance with the constitution which, by its own terms, "will not lose its force and vigor even if through some rebellion, its observance is interrupted."

The schism of Villa and his followers, which later occurred, the statement attributes to the further intrigue of the old regime.

The statement asserts that the Constitutionalist element now has control of over seven-eighths of the National territory. Administrations, it is claimed, are being organized in 20 out of 27 states of the republic, and that more than 13,000,000 of the 15,000,000 population of Mexico are subject to Constitutionalist authority.

Opposition Decreasing.

Opposition to the Carranza forces, it is asserted, is day by day decreasing and in a short time occupation of Mexico City is assured, when harmonious government will be secured in all states and territories based on welfare and justice.

The Constitutionalist government has done all in its power, it is stated, for the people, especially the poor, by forbidding the export of necessities and has punished abuses and protected the lives of those within its territory.

As to foreign relations Carranza asserts that one of his initial acts was to inform the United States of the facts facing rebellion and usurpation. He feels that his labors have been retarded by lack of understanding in the United States and other nations. The press under the Cientifico influence, it is claimed, prejudiced foreign nations against him and this he was unable to combat, lacking the ordinary means offered when diplomatic relations exist between nations.

"If, as we hope and wish," Carranza's proclamation continues, "for the benefit of the Mexican people and of the foreigners resident in the country, the governments of other nations recognize the Constitutionalist government, they will lend by this act of justice and effective moral support which will not only strengthen the friendly relations which Mexico has always cultivated with these nations, and enable them to discuss their common affairs, thus reconciling their mutual interests, but also will more rapidly consolidate peace and establish the constructive Constitutionalist government thus sustained in its reforms and in the programme of the revolution whose object is the greatest good for the greatest number."

Resistance Futile.

Carranza then asserts he thinks it his duty to call to the attention of the factions persisting in resistance to the Constitutionalist government the futility of their attitude and inform the nation of "the political course which the Constitutionalist government will observe in the execution of the program of social reform contained in the decree of the 12th of December, 1914."

This course is set forth in part as follows:

"The Constitutionalist government

(Continued on Page Two)

STATE DEPARTMENT NOW HAS COPY OF GERMAN PRIZE RULES

Reference in President Wilson's First Note Concerning Lusitania, to Change in Attitude Assumed by Germany in Regard to Freedom of Seas, Based on Instructions.

Washington, June 12.—The reference made by President Wilson in his first note to Germany regarding the sinking of the Lusitania, to the "humane and enlightened attitude hitherto assumed by the imperial German government in matters of international right, and particularly with regard to the freedom of the seas," was based, it was learned today, upon the instructions of August 3, 1914, which the German government sent to its naval commanders. The President's purpose was to show a complete change of the German attitude of the treatment of neutral shipping during the war.

The German prize rules now are in the possession of the State Department and perhaps will figure specifically in future diplomatic correspondence on the subject of the Lusitania should there be no breach of relations.

While no mention is made in the rules of submarine warfare, the extent and method of the exercise of the right of search and the stoppage of ships is prescribed with precision and provision is made for the safety of passengers and crew.

After outlining the purposes of visiting and searching vessels the regulations add:

"All measures are to be carried out in a form whose observance, even against the enemy, will comport with the dignity of the German Empire, and with a regard for neutrals conformable to the usages of international law and the German interests."

The method of signalling ships to be halted is prescribed and it is directed that "two successive blank charges are to be fired and if necessary a shot discharged over the ship," if the signals are not obeyed.

"If the ship does not then stop or makes resistance the captain will compel her to stop," the instructions continue.

After specifying what ships may be captured and destroyed, the regulations continue:

"Before destruction all persons on board, with their personal effects, are to be placed in safety and all the ship's papers and other articles of evidence which, in the opinion of the interested parties, are of value for the judgment of the prize court are to be taken over by the captain."

FOREIGN PRESS COMMENT ON AMERICAN NOTE TO GERMANY

Paris Paper Says President Wilson Has Brought Question Back to Grounds From Which Germany Attempted to Divert It—Resignation "Mystifying."

Paris, June 12.—The Temps in an editorial today on the American note to Germany says the note brings the question back to the grounds from which German diplomacy endeavored to divert it. The paper continues:

President Wilson maintains firmly and with conviction the same ideas already twice expressed. He refuses to admit that his elevated conception of right may become the subject of compromize and he exposes it anew in clear and precise terms that permit no more evasive replies. Mr. Wilson replies in the name of his country: 'I do not bargain with the sacred rights of humanity.'

The Journal Des DeBats in discussing the note says:

"The United States representing in this case, the civilized world places the sacred rights of humanity above considerations of the military order to which Germany subordinates everything. They are resolved, so far as concerns American subjects to have those rights respected.

"The essence of the note is, first, measures required by humanity must be taked, and afterward, if it is desired, will come discussions of a new regulation of naval warfare. If Germany insists on putting herself outside the pale of humanity, she will suffer the consequences."

RESIGNATION "MYSTIFYING"

Westminster Gazette Cannot Understand Why Bryan Withdrew.

London, June 12.—The London afternoon newspapers express inability to understand Secretary Bryan's resignation.

The Westminster Gazette characterizes it as "mystifying," and says it seems as though he considered the American note to Germany in the nature of an ultimatum founded on force. The American people say the paper usually upbraided for their commercialism, have astonished the world by their altruistic stand for the cause of humanity.

"President Wilson places himself in the line of direct descent from the great Presidents," the paper says.

The Pall Mall Gazette says:

"President Wilson is determined that if Germany should force a rupture with the United States she shall do so with the colors of piracy firmly nailed to her flagstaff."

COLLECTOR BAILEY IS NOT EXPECTED TO RUN

Western Man "Slated" for Attorney General

Believed in Washington That Bickett Will Get Nomination for Governor and Bailey Would Have No Show.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., June 13.—It is believed by men who usually keep in close touch with political movements in North Carolina that Josiah William Bailey will not be a candidate for attorney general, notwithstanding his known intentions some months ago, as stated exclusively in this correspondence. It is not certain just why the collector has decided not to make the race.

It may be because he has reached the conclusion, now admitted by thousands of North Carolinians, that notwithstanding the efforts of the Simmons-Watts "machine," Attorney General T. W. Bickett will be nominated for Governor. With Bickett carrying the nomination for Governor, it is not probable that the people of the State would be overly anxious to nominate a man for attorney general from the same section of the State—adjoining counties, as a matter of fact.

According to Dame Rumor, unconfirmed, of course, Bailey was told this much at the recent Raleigh conference. It is said he was convinced that he could not be nominated and elected, and, according to the same informant, Bailey will announce his decision not to run within a short time.

A Western man, it is said, is certain to be named to succeed Bickett. Who this man is no one here is ready to say. They are confident, however, that this honor will be captured by the Western section of North Carolina.

Many things will be charged against Bailey. One is that he is unfriendly to the friends of Senator Overman. Another, and perhaps equally important, is that he has lost every fight he has made in his native county. Hence, it is contended, he cannot hope to have the support of his native county in any fight he might make for himself.

Nothing From Conference.

Neither Senator Simmons nor Collector Watts was willing to reveal what decision was reached with reference to the deposed deputies who were dropped from the payroll by an order issued by the Secretary of the Treasury. It is believed, however, at least some of them will be restored to their official status. It is hard in these strenuous times for the Federal officials in Washington to resist the pleas of prominent Democrats who want some favored one kept on the pay roll.

There is little doubt that those deputies deposed are of no use to the Federal government. Indeed, Treasury officials declare that their leniency in carrying them thus far should satisfy even the most narrow minded. Yet, as a result of the efforts of Senator Simmons and Bailey and Watts, they may be restored. At least that is the feeling here tonight.

Representative Pou was present at today's conference. He of course, was interested in seeing the men restored; also, the payroll. The Fourth district congressman was also interested in seeing to it that the Raleigh terminal station was not abolished. Orders were issued some months ago for the stations at Raleigh and Salisbury to be discontinued July 1. Mr. Pou thinks, and a good many people agree with him, that in view of the fact that his constituents erected the building at Raleigh and Salisbury at the request of the government, that the least that could be expected of the Federal government would be the carrying out of the five-year contract.

Friends of A. W. (Dolf) Mangum, a nephew of Senator Overman, received word here today that he had been married to Miss Grace Noble on June 9 at Louisville, Ky., Mr. and Mrs. Mangum will be at home at Waller, Fla., after July 1.

Senator Overman was informed today that a road engineer had been sent to Burlington to confer with the county road officials as to macadam road building between Burlington and Elon College.

P. E. Morrison and R. B. Gant, of Statesville, are here. P. R. A.

CARRANZA MAKES A REPLY IN FORM OF PROCLAMATION

(Continued from Page One.)

will grant the foreigners resident in Mexico the guarantees to which they are entitled according to our laws and will amply protect their lives and guarantee their liberty and the enjoyment of their legal property rights, granting them indemnity for damages which the revolution may have caused them in so far as such indemnities may be just. * * * "The first care of the Constitutionalist government will be to re-establish peace under a regime of law and order so that all inhabitants of Mexico, nationals as well as foreigners, may equally enjoy the benefits of real justice and may take an interest in co-operating towards the support of a government which springs from the revolution.

Freedom of Worship.

"The Constitutional laws of Mexico, called the reform laws, which establish the separation of church and state and which guarantees to the individual the right of worship according to the dictates of his own conscience without disturbing order, will be strictly observed. * * * The church buildings will continue to be the property of the nation and the Constitutionalist government will grant anew for worship these structures that may be needed.

"In the settlements of the agrarian problems, there will be no confiscation. This problem will be resolved by the equable distribution of land which the government still possesses, by the restration of these tracts of which communities of individuals have been illegally dispossessed by the purchase and expropriation of large tracts, whenever necessary and by other means of acquisition authorized by the laws of the country. * * * All property which may have been legitimately acquired from individuals or from legal government and which does not constitute a special privilege or monopoly, will be respected.

"The peace and security of a nation depends upon the intelligence of its citizens. Therefore, the government will take pains in developing public education."

The declaration adds that the proposed government would carry out provisions of the decree of December, 1914, stipulating that upon triumph of the revolution, the first chief, invested with executive authority, would convoke elections for a national congress which would call an election for president.

The Constitutionalist agency reported tonight that the Carranza army advancing on Mexico City was within 60 miles of the capital.

Farris' Hot Supper Rolls and Bread are delivered by the Wilmington Grocery Co., on Wrightsville Beach every day. Call for Farris' rolls and bread. (Advertisement.)

NOTE MATERIALLY REVISED NOW, SAYS FORMER SECRETARY

(Continued From Page One.)

justify me in asking permission to withdraw my resignation."

Charges of Inconsistency.

In his statement, Mr. Bryan replied to published charges of inconsistency because he signed the first note after the Lusitania disaster and refused to sign the second.

"The notes," he said, "must be considered in connection with the conditions under which they were sent. The first note presented the case of this government upon such evidence as we then had. It was like the plaintiff's statement in a case, his claim being based upon the facts as he presents them. I did not agree entirely with the language of the first note, but the differences were not so material as to justify a refusal to sign it. Then, too, I was at that time hoping that certain things would be done which would make it easier for Germany to acquiesce in our demands."

NOTE MAKES GOOD IMPRESSION UPON PUBLIC AT BERLIN

(Continued From Page One.)

Great Britain was the first to break the international law."

He concludes: "We have firm confidence that the friendly relations between Germany and the United States * * * will smooth the way to a complete understanding and thus give victory to justice and humanity."

EPWORTH LEAGUE GOES TO NEWBERN NEXT YEAR

(Continued From Page One.)

baseball game in the afternoon between teams from Hamlet and Wadesboro, at which game Hamlet won by the score of 2 to 1.

At the night session Rev. Paul B. Kern preached an excellent sermon, after which he installed the officers elected yesterday.

On Sunday Rev. R. H. Bennett, of Atlanta, will preach at 11 and 4:30 o'clock and Rev. W. W. Peele, of Trinity College, will preach at night, closing the conference.

Sunday will be a memorable day at the Charlotte Street M .E. church when Epworth League convention will close with two exceptionally fine services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. at which time the splendid choir of the church will render several beautiful anthems under the direction of Prof. Huguelet, their most efficient organist, and choir master. The principal soloist will be Mr. J. Mebane Beasley, solo baritone of Fayetteville who is soon to study grand opera in New York city. He and charming Mrs. Beasley will be the guests of Prof. and Mrs. Huguelet during their short visit here. Mr. Beasley and Prof. Huguelet formerly were very closely allied in musical circles in Greenville, S. C., where Mr. Beasley was soloist at the First Baptist church and the professor organist and choirmaster at the First Presbyterian church, professor of music in Chicora college and director of grand opera orchestra. Suffice it to say that the large congregations in the Methodist church next Sunday will not only be inspired with the two grand sermons by Rev. R. H. Bennet, Atlanta, Ga., and Prof. W. W. Peele but also by the splendid work of the choir and splendid singing of Mr. Beasley.

MRS. J. W. PRICE DEAD

Passed Away Early This Morning at Walker Memorial Hospital.

Mrs. Joseph W. Price passed away this morning at 12:45 o'clock at the James Walker Memorial Hospital after a long illness. She was 72 years old and was a native of Tennessee, but was well known in Wilmington where she had many friends to whom the announcement of her death will come as a great shock. Surviving her besides her husband are her son, Mr. K. W. Price, of this city.

The funeral will be conducted this afternoon at 4 o'clock from the residence, No. 215 North Fifth avenue, by Rev. J. D. Bundy, pastor of Grace Methodist church, of which the deceased was a devoted member. The interment will be in Oakdale cemetery.

FEDERAL JURY TIED UP

Failing to Agree in $7,500 Suit, They Are to Return Monday.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., June 12.—The Federal court jury in the suit of Barker & Bend Company, New York, vs. Gilbert & Johnson, Apex, involving $7,500 in notes of the defendants, was unable to reach a verdict this afternoon and jurors were allowed to go to their homes until Monday when they are to return and resume efforts to agree.

London, June 13. — King Constantine of Greece, who has been seriously ill, continues to improve slowly, according to Reuter's Athens correspondent.

FLETCHER MUSIC METHOD

Much interest centers about the annual demonstration of the Fletcher Music Method. Mrs. Herbert O'Keef is at the head of this School of Music and the method is a powerful factor in the line of musical training for children.

The test of genuine ability in any profession does not rest on a single success, but upon the soundness of equipment. This was apparent in the demonstrative work of the class Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. O'Keef and speaks volumes for her as an exponent of this system.

The Method embraces the playing of games, telling of stories and the use of material patented by the inventor, the staff lines, musical blocks: representing notes, rests and musical signs, the detachable Keyboard, counting blocks, the tone-ladder, pasting the notes, sewing, manuscript books and board with colored chalks, all combine to make it fascinating to children.

The different subjects taught are: Ear training, reading notes easily, development of rhythm and mental division of time, thorough knowledge of the keyboard, formation of scales, intervals, technieque, musical history or biography of the great composers.

Parents should avail themselves of the opportunity of this Method and make the study of music a joy and delight to childhood.

CANNIE CHASTEN.

B. Y. P. U. OF CALVARY LEADS IN EFFICIENCY

State Banner Won by a Wilmington Organization

State Convention of Baptist Young People's Union in Session at Mt. Airy, Adjourns to Meet Next in Wilmington.

(By Rev. W. M. Gilmore.)

Mt. Airy, N. C., June 12.—The State Baptist Young People's Union, in session in the First Baptist church of this city since Wednesday night, was featured last night by the presentation of the State banner by Secretary J. D. Moore to the Union of the Calvary church, of Wilmington, the response by Mr. J. W. Hollis, and a great address and consecration service led by Dr. W. Wistar Hamilton, of Lynchburg, Va.

The banner was awarded on the basis of the Union making the highest average in efficiency in the work done during the year. The Union of the Newbern Tabernacle was a close second of the Calvary Union.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, L. Bunn Olive, Apex; vice presidents, R. W. Thiot, Newbern; W. C. Barrett, Gastonia; W. S. Gilmore, Louisburg; J. E. Marion, Mt. Airy; L. L. Hatfield, Hickory; recording secretary, Miss Beulah Bowden, Mars Hill; treasurer, L. R. Norris, Raleigh; auditor, F. B. Hamrick, Thomasville.

A resolution was adopted asking the Baptist State Mission Board to employ Corresponding Secretary J. D. Moore, for his full time instead of half time as at present. This was considered necessary on account of the growth of the work.

The convention adjourned last night to meet in Wilmington a year hence.

HAS WAR DOOMED ALCOHOL?

Ferrero, World's Great Historian, Hails Prohibition as Permanent Remedy.

An article published by the Philadelphia North American and signed by Professor Guglielmo Ferrero, the great Italian historian, is a remarkable contribution to advanced thought on the liquor problem. It is Professor Ferrero's opinion that the revolt against alcohol is "the most important upheaval" of the war. He believes that prohibition is now shown to be "the remedy so long sought for vainly," in fact "the only way."

One of the most striking features of Ferrero's article is his assertion that the increased consumption of alcohol in modern times is the direct result of greater industrial and commercial efficiency, rather than a result of increased appetite.

"The reason alcoholism has made such progress during the last century is absolutely due to the great development of industry and commerce—to the era of quantity," he says. "The Twentieth Century gave a great forward movement to the manufacture of intoxicating liquors, just as it did to the manufacture of everything else that was useful in great quantity for man's needs or vices. The wine for centuries shut up in the Mediterranean, has invaded many lands across the ocean. The manufacture of beer has grown out of all measure of proportion. Chemistry has found a thousand new processes to imitate alcohol, and many liquors of which only a few bottles were made in families a century ago, are now turned out by hundreds of gallons in gigantic factories."

"But after having manufactured so much intoxicating liquor the industrial world has had to find the means to make the people take it! Oh, these liquors were not made because the people are thirsty and must drink—nor is the vice the cause and effect of the continuously increasing business that has been done in wine, beer and liquors. No, in this business, as in all others, industry has taken the initiative to increase the production, and as it increased by degrees, it has found ways to persuade the people to consume it.

"So we see that if we accord the entire liberty to industries that depend on Bacchus that we give to others, intemperance will reign in the world and there is nothing done against it. The industry will always be tempted to make more and more, just like all other industries, and people must swallow the torrents of beer, wine and alcohol with which the earth will be flooded every year. The beer saloon and the liquor store will be stronger than the church and the school.

"The state has the right and the obligation to demand of the citizen the renunciation of a few minutes of unhealthy, torpid joy to regenerate the citizen's health and save himself and future generations all the misfortunes of which drunkenness is the mother," continues Professor Ferrero.

He is also of the opinion that because a great deal of the vice of drinking is rooted in social habit, it is necessary to create a new social habit of abstinence.

"Tradition," he says, "can do a great deal. As it is difficult to cure a vice when it is old, so it will be easy for a man to keep from falling back to it, once liberated. The habit and the tradition broken, it will be easy for those who have been so long deprived to continue to abstain until the end of their lives."

The particular statements in which prohibition is approved as a remedy are striking.

"The god of antiquity has become a dark and tormenting demon," he says. "He no longer generates gayety and frolic, but insanity, crime, sterility, discord, poverty, misery and death.

"A simple and practical idea presented itself—to prohibit the manufacture and the sale of the most intoxicating and dangerous drinks. It was very clear that the day that the peasant and the workman could not buy their alcohol they could not get drunk. And this time the remedy so long sought for vainly—the remedy, to be sure, only partial, but efficacious—was found. It is the only way it can be done."

Los Angeles, Cal., June 12. — LeCompte Davis and Horace Appel withdrew today from the defense of M. A. Schmidt and David Caplan, who are awaiting trial here on a charge of murder in connection with the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times building, October 1, 1910. It was announced that other counsel had been retained.

HIS HEADQUARTERS ON BOARD SPECIAL TRAIN

Grand Duke Nicholas Jumps From Field to Field.

Sometimes Russian War Chief's Train Stands on Same Siding for an Hour; Sometimes a Fortnight—Six Cars.

(Correspondence of Associated Press.)

Petrograd, May 31. — The headquarters of the Grand Duke Nicholas is on board a special train of six cars, in which he jumps from one field of activity to another at frequent intervals, as the necessities of strategy dictate.

Sometimes the train stands on the same siding for a fortnight at a time, sometimes only for an hour, but at all times the locomotive has steam up, ready at an instant's notice to be on the way again. It is in this moving habitation that the Commander-in-Chief of the Russian armies spends practically all his nights and a considerable proportion of his days.

He has also a fixed headquarters, located far behind the lines, in a little town so peaceful and isolated that it has never yet aroused the curiosity of the German aeroplane or Zeppelin scouts.

The place is well but unostentatiously guarded.

The Grand Duke's train consists of a new locomotive, a sleeping car, a dining car, a parlor car and an ordinary first-class coach, followed by two baggage vans, each containing a high-powered motor car which can be quickly unloaded and used for trips to points not reached by the railroad lines. Whenever the train stops, sentries with fixed bayonets take their places silently at each doorway and at the front and rear. By night the train runs without any lights visible from outside except the necessary signal lamps. The Commander in Chief and his staff, behind curtained windows, work late into the night. The Grand Duke seldom retires before midnight, and four or five hours is as much as he allows himself for sleep.

Throughout the empire, the war has made the Grand Duke the great popular hero of the day. His lofty stature, his fearless honesty, his sharp, haughty severity, his reputation for firmness and justice, his strict adherence to discipline, are all qualities which appeal to the popular mind more directly in time of war than in peace. Innumerable anecdotes are related of him, and on all sides one may hear the hope expressed that he will go into politics after the war and rid the country of some of the obvious drawbacks of the old bureaucracy. But those close to the Grand Duke say that he has no inclination for politics, and many doubt whether the qualities which make him a popular idol as Commander-in-Chief would appear with equal advantage if his sphere of action were political rather than military.

One of the Grand Duke's pet aversions is the German-Russian population of the country, which is particularly numerous and influential in the northwest, and is also rather firmly established in Petrograd. Many of the Russo-Germans are excellent citizens and unquestionably loyal to Russia; many others, however, are either admittedly pro-German or of doubtful loyalty. The Grand Duke has been the chief backer of the campaign which has recently been carried out in Petrograd against this class of citizens. It is said that the Grand Duke recently remarked to his nephew, the Czar: "You may feel quite at ease with regard to the Germans at the front. I will undertake to give them a thorough beating. I only wish you could be sure that the enemy in your own court would be as well handled."

MERCHANTS OFFER PRIZES TO POPULARITY CONTEST WINNER

Have Made Thoughtful and Generous Selections of Needed Articles.

That Wilmington is getting really interested in the Bijou California-Canadian Popularity Contest was indicated to a striking degree yesterday when three of the city's most progressive merchants announced their intention to offer prizes to the winner of that great trip that has been mapped out.

The C. W. Polvogt Company has generously promised to the winning lady one of the most elaborate and expensive traveling bags from their large department store, an article that will be a necessity on the trip.

Goodman's has selected one of their highest grade motor coats, and has put it up to go, also, to the fortunate lady, a choice of prizes that was most thoughtful and timely, as it will be in almost daily demand, for the many long auto side-trips which make up a part of the trip.

Northam's Book & Stationery Store has made another very timely prize offer, the same being one of their latest model Ansco Kodaks, of a large size, with which the lady who takes the trip will be able to preserve an indelible record of the many events.

All three of these merchants announced that the prizes would be placed on exhibition tomorrow in their show windows.

Miss Beulah Walker was announced as winner of the $5 cash prize offered last week.

SCRAMBLE NOW FOR CHEESE.

One Week's Exports Reach 2,600,000 Pounds.

(From the New York Sun.)

Cheese booked for export in one week amounted to 2,600,000 pounds. It was difficult to get sufficient room on the steamers, but most of the cheese got away from the docks. This cheese was worth $445,000 on board the boats.

For weeks Canadian cheese buyers have been in this market picking up all the stock available. This buying kept the market fully 4 cents a pound higher than at the same time a year ago.

Some of the cheese factories are now operating night and day. Farmers find the manufacture of cheese far more profitable than butter making. The production of butter and cheese from the same amount of milk is as one to two and a half pounds in favor of cheese. Cheese at the present price of 16 cents is equal to butter at 40 cents a pound, while the best butter can be bought for 28 1-2 cents a pound. The output of cheese is fully 25 per cent more now than at any time last year.

The Service First Idea

WHEN disaster cripples or destroys telephone service anywhere in the Bell system, the reconstructive power of the whole system is concentrated at that point.

Expert workmen and equipment are rushed to the scene and no pains nor expense are spared to restore the service and save the public from loss and inconvenience.

Disasters which prove ruinous to a small company are quickly repaired through the superior organization and the reserve forces which the Bell system has always ready to meet such emergencies.

Striking examples of the efficiency of the great Bell organization have been witnessed during great conflagrations. Bell telephone men are rushed to the scene on the first trains and the work of repair begins before the ashes are cold. This efficient organization is behind every Bell telephone, no matter where it may be located.

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

S. D. LUCAS, District Manager.

CUNNINGHAM WILLING TO MEET KEEGAN IN HANDICAP MATCH

Local Featherweight Champion Answers Tarboro Grappler.

Replying to a letter in the sporting columns of The Star a few days ago, in which Walter Keegan's manager challenged him for a match, Johnny Cunningham, featherweight wrestling champion, of this city, in a letter to the sporting editor of The Star, states his willingness to wrestle Keegan provided the latter be barred the use of the toe hold and strangle hold, while he be allowed to use these holds. Cunningham claims the right to this handicap because of the weight advantage on Keegan's side. He also mentions that he has been trying to arrange a match for this city between Keegan and Fritz Hanson, and that the latter is willing to meet Keegan.

Cunningham's letter is as follows:

"Sporting Editor The Star:

"Dear Sir:—Replying to a letter in your issue of June 11, from Walter Keegan, of Tarboro, N. C., in which he says he has challenged me without a reply, and names the weight from 138 to 145 pounds, which is the acknowledged weight of the welterweight class, will say that I have recently written him trying to arrange a match for him with Fritz Hanson, who is the same weight as Keegan, I offering to pay Keegan's expenses and also stating the percentage of gate receipts allowed the winner of the match.

"I have received a reply from Honson, accepting terms, but to date I have received no reply from Keegan.

"As to a match between Keegan and myself, I will agree to one at once. If —as I am in the featherweight class and 23 pounds lighter than Keegan—I am allowed this handicap: That Keegan be barred the use of the strangle and toe hold. Providing that he will accept this offer I will agree that the winner take entire gate receipts. Handicaps are always allowed where there is such a difference in the weights.

"I am willing to defend my title as featherweight champion against anyone of my weight.

"Very truly yours,

"J. H. CUNNINGHAM."

I. SHRIER'S SALE STARTS SPLENLIDLY

I am glad to announce that the public have responded wonderfully well to my sale announcement and already signs indicate that this sale will surpass all previous ones in point of volume. There was no hesitancy on the part of those who called, for the values were so evident that there was no alternative but to order. You have never seen such an array of eye-attractive fabrics as the one I have gathered together for this remarkable sale, nor such wonderful qualities sold at prices so low. Dont' hesitate, for a sale of this money-saving character can't last long.

CONSIDER THIS—A high quality made to measure two piece suit tailored in the finest manner from pure wool fabrics for, $13.50. The quality of fabrics in this class is of the highest character and is seldom seen outside of garments selling at $25.00. Every fabric is up-to-date and among them you will find all the latest checks and over plaids so stylish this season.

CONSIDER THIS ALSO—The finest of fine pure woolens—the kind you see in custom tailoring at $25 to $35—cut specially to your own measure, and tailored with exquisite finish for $19.00 per two-piece suit. The man who wants the finest garment a tailor can make will find his desires met at these low figures $13.50 and $19.00. I SHRIER; THE LARGEST MERCHANT TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT IN THE SOUTH. No. 32 North Front St. je13

(Advertisement.)

Read Star Business Locals.

NEW ENTERPRISES IN THE SOUTHERN STATES

Among the many Southern industrial and other developmental enterprises reported in the current issue of the Manufacturers' Record are the following:

Gulf States Steel Co., will extend blooming mill building at Alabama City, Ala., to accommodate installation of one 4-hole set of soaking pits, with two additional gas producers and one additional overhead plunger crane; cost $60,000.

Producers' Refining Co., Kansas City, Mo., will erect buildings at Gainesville, Tex., and install equipment for refining oil, etc.; daily production to be about 10,000 barrels of kerosene and gasoline.

National Yeast Co., Colgate, Md., will erect four brick buildings to cost about $75,000.

Walter Moore, Birmingham, Ala., and Eastern associates, acquired Empire Coal Co., with properties valued at $1,500,000; holdings include 17,000 acres coal land, four openings with daily capacity of 1,500 tons of coal, mining equipments, mining town, etc., at Empire; plans to increase daily tonnage to 2,500 and provide for further extensive developments for shipments by 'Frisco and Southern railways and Warrior river; properties combine with those of Panama Coal Co., which owns 27,000 acres.

Andres Stone & Marble Co., Milwaukee, Wis., will expend $50,000 to erect buildings and $75,000 for machinery for marble finishing plant at Vestal, Tenn.: 204x69 1-4 foot main mill; 272x50 foot machine room, etc.; riveted steel frame structure.

Isaac Fass, Norfolk, Va., will erect cold storage plant to cost about $25,000.

Kilby Locomotive Works, Anniston, Ala., contemplates the installation of a 10-ton open hearth steel furnace to manufacture steel castings; daily production about 25 tons.

DIED

PRICE—At the James Walker Memorial Hospital, Sunday, June 13, 1915, at 12:45 a. m., MRS. JOSEPH W. PRICE, in the 72nd year of her age.

Funeral THIS (Sunday) AFTERNOON at 4 o'clock from the residence, No. 215 North Fifth avenue. Interment in Oakdale cemetery. Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend.

Tarrytown, N. Y., June 12. — A son was born today to Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., their sixth child and fifth boy. He weighs 10 pounds. Both mother and baby are doing well. The expected arrival of the child is understood to be the reason why Mr. Rockefeller postponed his contemplated trip to Colorado.

CAROLINA PEOPLE TELL OF STOMACH REMEDY

Sufferers Find Swift Relief by Use of Remarkable Treatment.

Stomach sufferers in the Southeast and, in fact, all over the country have found remarkable and efficient results from the use of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy.

Many have taken this remedy and tell today of the benefits they received. Its effects come quickly—the first dose convinces. Here is what two Carolina folks have written:

W. R. DAVENPORT, Parker, N. C.—"For years I have suffered from a disease which puzzled doctors. I heard of your remedy and one bottle gave me relief. Your full treatment has about cured me."

J. E. ERWIN, Winston-Salem, N. C.—"I am satisfied through personal use of the powers of your remedy. You have saved my life."

Mayr's Wonderful Remedy gives permanent results for stomach, liver and intestinal ailments. Eat as much and whatever you like. No more distress after eating, pressure of gas in the stomach and around the heart. Get one bottle of your druggist now and try it on an absolute guarantee—if not satisfactory money will be returned.

Invigorating to the Pale and Sickly. The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC, drives out Malaria, enriches the blood, and builds up the system. A true Tonic. For adults and children. 50c.

Hot Weather Goods

Genuine Palm Beach Suits, Panama and Straw Hats, Underwear, Hosiery, Shirts, Bath Suits.

Our Special Sale of Coats and Pants made to measure at $13.50 is now going on.

SHRIER & SOLOMON

Baseball
Boating
Yachting
Angling

SPORTS

Motoring
Aeronautics
Tennis
Golf, Etc.

CHICAGO DEPOSED BY THE PHILLIES AGAIN

Latter Win Odd Game in One-Sided Batting Bee.

Brooklyn Pitchers Easy and Cincinnati Wins—Boston Wins Last Game of Series With Pittsburgh Nationals.

RESULTS YESTERDAY
At Pittsburgh 2, Boston 8.
At Chicago 0, Philadelphia 13.
At Cincinnati 8, Brooklyn 1.
At St. Louis 8, New York 3.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
New York at Cincinnati.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.
Boston at Chicago.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W.	L.	Pct.
Philadelphia	26	20	.556
Chicago	25	20	.556
Boston	23	22	.511
Brooklyn	23	23	.500
St. Louis	25	25	.500
Pittsburgh	21	23	.477
Cincinnati	19	24	.442
New York	18	24	.429

Chicago, June 12.—For the second time in the series, Philadelphia today deposed Chicago from the lead in the race, when they won the odd game in a one-sided batting bee and shut out the locals, 13 to 0. Mayer allowed Chicago but two hits. After the visitors had taken a comfortable lead the game resolved itself into a farce.
Philadelphia . .002 053 201—13 17 1
Chicago . . . .000 000 000— 0 2 4
Mayer and Killifer, Burns; Pierce, Zabel, Standridge and Bresnahan.

Cincinnati, June 12.—Brooklyn's pitchers were easy today and Cincinnati had no trouble winning, 8 to 1. Lear had the Brooklyn batters at his mercy. Killifer's batting and fielding contributed largely to Cincinnati's victory.
Brooklyn . . . .000 001 000—1 5 2
Cincinnati . . . .211 021 01*—8 12 1
Cadore, Aitchinson and McCarty; Lear and Clark.

Pittsburgh, June 12.—Boston won the last game of the series today by Pittsburgh losing, 8 to 2. The visitors scored all their runs in the seventh inning on eight hits and a hit batsman coupled with three errors.
Boston . . . .000 000 800—8 10 0
Pittsburgh . . .000 002 000—2 8 3
Ragan and Whaling; Adams, Cooper, McQuillan; Conselman and Gibson.

St. Louis, June 12.—A home run, a double, two singles, and a base on balls netted the locals' five runs in the fourth inning of today's game with New York. The final count was 8 to 3 for St. Louis.
New York . . . .000 120 000—3 7 1
St. Louis . . . .000 500 30*—8 9 1
Stroud, Marquard, Schauer and Smith; Meadows and Snyder.

FAIRMONT WON 11 OF THE FIRST 12 GAMES PLAYED.

Fairmont, N. C., June 12.—By defeating the fast Maxton team on their grounds yesterday by a score of 11 to 5, Fairmont has won 11 out of 12 games played during the season, or a percentage of .916.

The stellar feature of the contest was the hard hitting of Blue, who connected safely four times out of six trips to the rubber, one of these counting for an extra sack.
Fairmont 11 11 1
Maxton 5 5 5
Summary: Stolen bases, Fairmont 6, Maxton 2; two-base hits, Fairmont 6, Maxton 1; struck out, by Floyd 11, by McKinnon 3, by Wrenn 2; bases on balls, off Wren 2, off McKinnon 1, off Floyd 5. Batteries, Fairmont, Floyd and Blue; Maxton, McKinnon, Wrenn and Peterson; umpire Weatherly.

RALEIGH GOLFERS HERE FOR THE TOURNAMENT TOMORROW

Raleigh, N. C., June 12.—A party of Raleigh Country Club golfers left this afternoon for Wilmington to play the first of a series of tournaments with golfers of the Cape Fear club Monday. The Raleigh golfers are:

Charles E. Johnson, Jr., president of the club; Clarence A. Johnson, S. Brown Sheppard, Dr. William Moncure, A. P. Bauman, M. H. Schell, Mr. Currie and R. D. W. Conner.

The local golf tournament today was won by J. A. Sanders, who netted 86. F. H. Briggs was second best with 87.

SHALLOTTE WAS WINNER

Baseball Game at Bolivia Was Ended Abruptly in Fourth Inning.

Bolivia, June 12.—After playing four innings a baseball game between Shallotte and Town Creek, in which the score stood, 4 to 0 in favor of the ofrmer, was ended abruptly because of a difference of opinion, as to the standing of the game, between the Town Creek pitcher and a spectator. Up to this stage of the proceedings Beasley, of the Shallotte team, had pitchd a no-hit game. Batteries: Shallotte, Beasley and Swinson; Town Creek, Bellamy and Walker.

WATHA DEFEATS BURGAW.

Burgaw, N. C., June 12.—Watha won the honors today from Burgaw baseball team on the Burgaw diamond in a hard-fought game with a result of 5 to 3. Burgaw scoring three runs in the last half of the first inning, on account of Garriss having started out somewhat wild. Batteries, for Watha, Garriss and Daniels; Burgaw, Cooper and Johnson.

Chicago, June 12.—Chicago will dedicate its new motor speedway next Saturday with a 500-mile race in which some of the fastest cars and most skilful drivers in the world are entered. The track is an oval course two miles in length with what is technically known as a laminated wooden flooring, the surface material being "two-by-fours." Provision has been made for about 250,000 spectators.

Philadelphia, June 12.—Miss Molla Bjurstedt, the young Norwegian star, today won the lawn tennis singles championship of the United States by defeating Mrs. George Wightman, of Boston, 4-6, 6-2, 6-0.

BALTOFEDS WIN FINAL GAME FROM BUFFALOS

Bender and Krapp Pitch Good Ball at Baltimore.

Brooklyn Defeats Newark by Making the Only Run of the Game, on Cooper's Double and Kauff's Single.

RESULTS YESTERDAY
At Brooklyn 1; Newark 0.
At Baltimore 2, Buffalo 1.
At St. Louis 4, Pittsburgh 1.
At Kansas City 5, Chicago 3.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
Chicago at Kansas City.
Pittsburgh at St. Louis.
Buffalo at Newark.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W.	L.	Pct.
Kansas City	30	20	.600
Pittsburgh	25	21	.543
Brooklyn	27	23	.540
Newark	25	22	.532
St. Louis	23	21	.523
Chicago	25	24	.490
Baltimore	19	23	.404
Buffalo	18	28	.353

Brooklyn, June 12.—Cooper's double and Kauff's single scored the only run of today's game between Brooklyn and Newark, giving the locals a 1 to 0 victory.
Newark . . . . . .000 000 000—0 8 1
Brooklyn . . . . . .001 000 00*—1 6 1
Moran and Rariden; Upham and Pratt.

Baltimore, June 12.—Baltimore won the final game of the series from Buffalo today 3 to 2. Bender and Krapp pitched good ball.
Buffalo . . . . . .000 020 000—2 7 2
Baltimore . . . . . .200 010 00*—3 7 2
Krapp and Blair; Bender and Jacklitsch.

Kansas City, June 12.—Kansas City won today's game 5 to 3.
Chicago . . . . . .100 002 000—3 4 0
Kansas City . . . . . .000 230 00*—5 10 2
Hendrix, Brennan and Wilson; Packard, Main and Easterly.

St. Louis, June 13.—St. Louis defeated Pittsburg 4 to 1 here today, both teams playing errorless ball.
Pittsburg . . . . . .100 000 000—2 7 0
St. Louis . . . . . .002 200 00*—4 10 0
Allen, Barger and O'Conner; Plank and Hartley.

MINOR LEAGUES

NORTH CAROLINA LEAGUE
At Greensboro 7, Asheville 0.
At Winston-Salem 8, Raleigh 7, (11 innings).
At Charlotte 6, Durham 2.

COLLEGE GAMES
At Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania 6, Harvard 4.
At Princeton 1, Yale 2.
At Ithaca: Cornell 7, Colgate 2.
At Worcester: Brown 8, Holy Cross 4.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE
At Montreal 1, Toronto 10.
At Jersey City 4, Providence 6.
At Newark 10, Richmond 1.
At Buffalo 6, Rochester 5.
At Buffalo 3, Rochester 0 (first game).

SOUTHERN LEAGUE
At Mobile 3, Birmingham 4.
At New Orleans 4, Atlanta 2.
At Memphis 10, Little Rock 0.
At Chattanooga 4, Nashville 3. (Second game postponed, rain).

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION
At Cleveland 3, Minneapolis 5.
At Columbus 5, Kansas City 4.
At Indianapolis 14, St. Paul 0.
At Louisville 12, Milwaukee 11.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE
At Albany 9, Savannah 4.
At Jacksonville 0, Charleston 10.
At Columbus-Columbia, postponed, rain.
At Macon 3, Augusta 2.

VIRGINIA LEAGUE
At Portsmouth 1, Petersburg 4.
At Norfolk 9, Rocky Mount 0.
At Newport News 3, Suffolk 2 (13 innings).

FAIRMONT DEFEATED BY ROWLAND IN PRETTY GAME

Rowland, N. C., June 12.—In the prettiest game of the season, Rowland defeated Fairmont on the home ground this afternoon to the tune of 4 to 0. Rokenbrod was on the mound for the locals and allowed the heavy hitting visitors only two hits and sent 12 back to the bench by the strike-out route. Rowland was never in danger, except in the fifth inning, when the first two batters up got to second and third base on errors. Rokenbrod was equal to the occasion and sent the next three men back to the bench, two by the strike-out route, and on a grounder to short. Johnson started for Fairmont, but lasted only five innings, being relieved by Minton, who fared no better. The features of the game were the batting of McMillan and the pitching of Rokenbrod for the locals.

Baseball at Seagate.

A snappy baseball game was played yesterday afternoon, between Seagate and a team from the A. C. L. on the Seagate diamond. Seagate defeated the A. C. L. team 5 to 0. Although the players were not professionals, the game was interesting and snappy from start to finish.

New Orleans, June 12.—Nelson Whitney, Southern Golf Champion, will not defend his title at the tournament in Atlanta next week, it became known today. Mr. Whitney was struck in an eye by a golf ball a week ago and while the injury is not serious, it has prevented him from practicing. Will P. Stewart and Leigh Carroll, both former title-holders, have entered the tournament.

Spend the Day at the eBach.
Good music at Lumina. Glorious surf bathing. jel3

ATHLETICS WIN OVER TIGERS IN THE 13TH

Game Featured by Cobb's Stealing Four Bases.

Yankees Hit Hamilton Hard and Defeat St. Louis—Washington Wins From Chicago—Boston Beats Cleveland.

RESULTS YESTERDAY
At New York 9, St. Louis 5.
At Washington 2, Chicago 1.
At Boston 5, Cleveland 4.
At Philadelphia 7, Detroit 6.

WHERE THEY THEY TODAY
Open Date.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	31	19	.620
Detroit	31	21	.596
Boston	24	18	.571
Washington	22	22	.500
New York	22	23	.489
Cleveland	20	24	.435
St. Louis	19	29	.396
Philadelphia	18	30	.375

Philadelphia, June 12.—Detroit and Philadelphia struggled for 13 innings today before the home team won the game, 7 to 6. The winning run was made on a muff by Crawford, Wyckoff's single and Vitt's fumble of Thompson's grounder. Shawkey and Dubuc, who started the game, were both hit hard and were replaced by Wyckoff and Steen, each of whom did excellent work. The contest was featured by Cobb's stealing of four bases, Crawford's home run and the brilliant fielding of McInnis, Malone, Barry, Kavenaugh and Bush. Cobb was presented with a hunting gun, the gift of local admirers.
Detroit . . . . . .022 020 000 0000—6 9 5
Philadelphia . .000 240 000 0001—7 9 2
Dubuc, Steen and McKee and Stanage; Shawkey, Wyckoff and Schang.

New York, June 12.—New York hit Hamilton hard today as long as he remained in the game and defeated St. Louis 9 to 5. In the fourth inning Caldwell hit a home run with two on the bases. It gave him a record of three home runs in the last four times at bat.
St. Louis . . . . . .200 002 001—5 9 0
New York . . . . . .310 310 10*—9 12 1
Hamilton, Perryman, Wellman and Severoid; Caldwell and Sweeney.

Washington, June 12.—Washington bunched three hits and a sacrifice in the third inning today and defeated Chicago 2 to 1. Boehling was wild and was relieved in the fifth by Ayres, who pitched brilliantly and was supported sensationally.
Chicago . . . . . .000 000 001—1 4 2
Washington . . . . . .002 000 00*—2 8 1
Benz and Schalk; Boehling, Ayres and Henry.

Boston, June 12.—The Boston Americans won from Cleveland today 5 to 4. Gregg and Coumbe, pitchers who figured in an exchange of players between Boston and Cleveland, opposed their former teammates at the start, but each was relieved.
Cleveland . . . . . .200 200 000—4 7 2
Boston . . . . . .201 110 00*—5 11 2
Coumbe, Hagerman, Jones and O'Neill; Gregg, Mays and Cady.

New York, June 12.—Sixty-nine competitors for the 19th annual metropolitan Tennis Championship Singles were drawn today in the tournament that began on the clay courts of the Bronxville Athletic Association. Robert LeRoy, the former National inter-collegiate champion; A. D. Hammett, Arthur M. Lovibond, F. T. Freelinghuysen and Frederick C. Inman, the two-time holder of the title, playing through, were among the first and second round winners.

Memphis, Tenn., June 12.—Aldern B. Swift, of St. Joseph, Mo., today won the championship of the trans-Mississippi Golf Association by defeating Harry G. Legg, of Minneapolis, in the finals, five up and three to play.

FAST TWELVE-INNING GAME AT SUNSET PARK

Green and Sheppard in Long Drawn Out Pitchers' Duel.

Final Result Six to Five in Favor of W. L. I.—Fifteen Hits in Game—Giants Win From Boys' Brigade 4 to 3.

In one of the hardest fought pitchers' battles ever witnessed on a local diamond, the W. L. I. yesterday defeated the Y. M. C. A. 6 to 5 in a fast played twelve inning game. Norman Sheppard on the mound for the "Y" held the soldier boys to six hits while Green after pitching six hitless innings loosened up and allowed eight. Features of the game were a running one-hand catch in right by Boswell, the pitching of both moundmen and the base running of Morton. Green struck out 13 men and Sheppard 11.

The first game between the Giants and the Boys Brigade was called at the end of the eighth and resulted in a four to three victory for the Giants. The game was hard played and both Register and Shaw were working good.

The first four innings of the second game were scoreless and only one hit was recorded. In the fifth Boswell was walked, Palmgreen was struck by a pitched ball, Huhn was safe on an error by Hines and Boswell scored when Carlisle Sheppard Sacrificed to left. Jacobs struck out and Buck flied out to Bundy.

In the seventh the infantry made their first score. Bell singled but was forced at second by Wagner who grounded to the pitcher. Wagner stole second and Buck threw wild trying to head him off at third, Wagner scoring. Silverman and Westbrook struck out.

Beginning the eighth Green was hit by a pitched ball and Hines went out N. Sheppard to Huhn. Huoston singled advancing Shaw, who ran for Green, to second. Houston grounded, forcing Green at third. Orrell doubled, scoring Houston and Bundy. Bell flied out to the pitcher.

In their half the Y. M. C. A. tied the score. Carlisle Sheppard singled. Jacobs walked but was forced at second by Buck who grounded to short. Morton doubled scoring Sheppard. Norman Sheppard grounded to short who threw Buck out at the plate. A second later Morton stole home. Third took Smith's foul fly.

The ninth and tenth innings were scoreless. In the eleventh Budy singled. Orrell went out short to first. Bunday scored when Carlisle Sheppard threw to first instead of home after muffing Bell's drive at third. Wagner flied out to second and Silverman struck out.

For the Y. M. C. A. Norman Sheppard went out pitcher to first. Smith singled. Boswell went out Green to Orrell. Palmgrean singled and Smith scored. Huhn singled but died on first when C. Sheppard struck out.

In the twelfth Westbrook flied out to the pitcher. Green singled and was advanced to second on a balk, Hines taking first. Houston walked filling the bases. Bundy grounded to third who whipped the ball home but Buck became rattled and attempted to tag the runner instead of touching the bag, losing the ball in the attempt. A second later Hines scored upon a throw to second in an attempt to get Bundy. Orrell out third to first and Burnett, batting for Bell, flied out to second.

Jacobs, up first for the "Y" walked. Buck went out second to first. Morton singled and Jacobs scored from second. Morton was thrown out at second by Burnett, Bundy taking the peg. Sheppard struck out and the game was over.

First Game.
Score by innings:
Boys Brigade . . . .100 010 10—3 3 2
Giants . . . . . .310 100 00—4 12 3

Second Game.
W. L. I. . . .000 000 120 012 —6 6 1
Y. M. C. A. .000 010 020 011—5 8 4
Summary—Stolen bases, Hines, Bundy, Orrell, Morton, Huhn, Sheppard, C., 2. Secrifice hits, Hines, Orrell, Boswell, Sheppard, C., Buck. Two-base hits, Orrell, Morton. Struck out, by Green 13, by Sheppard 12. Bases on balls, off Sheppard 2, off Green 4. Hit batsmen, Hines, Green, Palmgreen. Umpire, Pat Crelley. Time of game, 2:05.

Princeton, June 12.—The Yale team cast a gloom over Princeton commencement galeties today by taking the annual baseball game, 2 to 1.

COBB STILL ONLY 400 MAJOR LEAGUE HITTER

And Has Chance to Break Base-Running Record.

Though New Batting Leaders Have Appeared in National and Federal Leagues the Past Week. Averages.

Chicago, June 12.—New batting leaders have appaered in the National and Federal Leagues this week, but Cobb still the only .400 hitter in the major circuits, continues in front in the American. Averages published here today, including the games of last Wednesday and only those players who have participated in ten or more contests, shows that Manager Tinker, despite the illness which has kept him much on the side lines, is setting the pace in the Federal, and that Schneider, the Cincinnati pitcher, is leading the National, though Daubert, of Brooklyn, is crowding him closely.

The Federal League's best hitters are: Tinker, Chicago, .375; Magee, Brooklyn, .374; Watson, Buffalo, .364.

Brooklyn, with .292, leads in team hitting.

With 31 stolen bases to his credit already, Cobb has a chance to break the base running records this year. He leads the league in thefts and continues in front also in total bases with 93, and in runs scored 56. His batting average is .416 for 51 games. The best American League batters after Tyrus are Daly, Chicago, .376; Cicotte, Chicago, .364; Jackson, Cleveland, .356.

Detroit leads in club batting with .264.

The leading American League pitchers are:

Faber, Chicago, won ten and lost two; Benz, Chicago, 5 and 1; Dauss, Detroit, 10 and 3.

Leading batters of the National League are Schneider, Cincinnati, .381; Daubert, Brooklyn, .374; W. Zimmerman, Brooklyn, .364, and Luderus, Philadelphia, .362.

The GRAND
MONDAY

Chester Conklin
—in—
A TWO REEL
Keystone
DROPPINGTON'S FAMILY TREE

Every Monday, a Two-Reel Keystone or a Charlie Chaplin Comedy.

EDNA MAYO
—and—
Bryant Washburn
—in—
"Means and Morals"

A Two-Reel Essanay Feature. Morals is a Matter of Means, and Means a Matter of Morals.

PAT ROONEY
—and—
MARION BENT

The Celebrated Vaudeville Stars, in Their First Lubin Comedy.

You Get Merchant Bank Check Coupons With Each Admission.

For 29 years America's beauty and brains have found delight in
Coca-Cola

Times change and styles change, but the fundamentally good things of this world change neither in themselves nor in popular esteem.
For 29 years Coca-Cola has held and increased its popularity. That's because it is fundamentally delicious, refreshing and wholesome.

Demand the genuine by full name—nicknames encourage substitution.

THE COCA-COLA CO.
Atlanta, Ga.

Whenever you see an Arrow, think of Coca-Cola

CHARLIE CHAPLIN -THE- SCREAM of the SCREEN
IN HIS VERY LATEST ESSANAY COMEDY
"BY THE SEA"

The Greatest Riot of Chaplin Fun Ever Seen. "Moving Picture World" Pronounces It His Very Greatest Comedy Yet!

Begins With a Chuckle
And Ends With a Roar

Something New Under the Sun!—Charlie Actually Utilizes the Ocean Breezes to Fan You Into a Gale of Merriment!

With the Acquisition of These Chaplin Comedies, the Bijou Is Now Presenting to Their Patrons the World's Two Greatest Screen Comedians — Billie Ritchie and Charlie Chaplin.

"If Our Patrons Want It, We go out and get it"

Also Tomorrow: "THE TRAIL OF THE UPPER YUKON," Two-Reel Drama of the Adirondacks, with Dorothy Phillips, and Two Other Features.

—TOMORROW—
BIJOU

Standing of Contestants
In Bijou California-Canadian Popularity Contest

Miss Annie Banks	298,500	*Miss Fannie Riggs	117,250
Miss Beulah Walker	268,750	*Mrs. L. H. Simmons	54,500
Mrs. C. G. Southerland	236,000	Miss Elizabeth Sweeney	29,250
Miss Isabelle McDougall	133,500	Miss Margaret Creteau	26,250

* Full Reports Not In.

EXTRA VOTES THIS WEEK

Every afternoon this week, from One to Seven o'clock, a Fifty Vote Coupon Will be Given With Every CASH ADMISSION at the door, which Can be Voted for Any of the Contestants. A Ballot Box will be provided in which patrons can cast their votes for their favorite, but none of the contestants will be allowed to work at the theatre. The Ballot Box will be locked Monday morning by a prominent business man to be announced later, and the key will remain in his possession until next Saturday afternoon, when he, personally, will superintend the counting of the ballots.

PATRONS, SAVE THE COUPONS GIVEN YOU. GIVE THEM TO OR VOTE THEM FOR YOUR FAVORITE CONTESTANT.

Local Merchants to Reward Winner

The C. W. Polvogt Company announced yesterday that they would give to the lady winning the contest, one of the handsomest travelling bags in their large department store.

Northam's Book and Stationery Store thoughtfully announced that they would give a late model Anseo Kodak to the winner—a large size.

Goodman's is going to give the lucky lady one of the handsomest motor coats in their great store full of ladies' wear.

THESE ENTERPRISING MERCHANTS ARE WITH YOU—GO AFTER IT!

MISS WALKER WINS THE GOLD!

Miss Beulah Walker was the winner of the Five Dollars in Gold awarded to the contestant making the largest sales last week.

VICTORIA
ALL THIS WEEK
Matinee Daily, 3:30; Nights: 7:30 and 9:00.

Almedora Comedy Company

A Bright, Snappy Show That Will Drive Away the Blues, With a Bevy of Beautiful Girls, Good Singing and Dancing.

FUNNY COMEDIANS

Three Changes Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Prices—Matinee, Children, 5 cents; Adults, 10 cents; Night, 10 and 20 cents.

WE GIVE MERCHANTS' BANK CHECKS.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1879.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year, $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 61. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

SUNDAY, JUNE 13, 1915.

TOP O' THE MORNING

"Praying also that He forgive us our sins, our ignorance of His holy will, our willfulness and many errors, and lead us in the paths of obedience to places of vision and to thoughts and counsels that purge and make wise."
—WOODROW WILSON.

If you loaf you will have to depend on charity for a loaf.

The present situation is so critical that probably no one wants it worse than Teddy.

During war times a spy and a traitor have to take all sorts of chances with what is coming to them.

Even the Swiss army is up in the air—the pure, circumambient air of the lofty, snow-clad, picturesque Alps.

Jacksonville has a soap factory. We have always believed that a soap factory would clean up good money in Wilmington.

"The pen is mightier than the sword," but the pen and the sword know better than to get together and pretend to be in a class with the Busy Bertha.

We are never surprised when we get a retort for our rejoinder. We are always surprised not to get it. We need not let ourselves be taken by surprise at anything, one way or another. Such is life mostly.

A doctor knows that it is just as natural for a woman to cry about herself as it is for a man to get scared about himself and get him a good physician and a lovely nurse who doesn't look out the window all the time.

We know who has had such a hard run of luck that if he were to elope to Mexico to keep out of the army here, he would be sure to be tendered the position of provisional president of Mexico without his having a cent to lay in a month's provisions in keeping with the honor and danger thrust upon him.

It is announced that cucumbers will soon be ready for market. Cucumbers can get ready for market whenever they please, but they will find us in such a state of unpreparedness that we will decline battle to any more cukes. Last summer we thought we could get the best of cucumbers, but we have no idea of trying to get back our goat, lost on the first round last summer when cukes got ready for market. Even a submarine ought to know better than to have an idea that it could down a cucumber and keep it down.

Yes, Melinda, all of us could resign and become private citizens without causing the least disarrangement of the solar system. Sure, Mike. When the biggest of us step down and out, the place we occupied never has a chance to fly up and hit the ceiling. Others jump on it and hold it down with all the dignity or insolence that characterized us in our quonda dominating capacity. Few of us are missed after we fall overboard and the splash quits splashing. The mundane sphere will keep right on girating when the whole bunch toboggans off the periffery into the great unknown.

Cupid says the war times are awful and he wants Europe to behave—just as early as possible. The Baltimore Sun says Cupid has been hard hit in Baltimore and has suffered a serious loss in his business of bringing about hymenial alliances. In fact, the number of marriage licenses issued during the month of June so far are 20 per cent. below normal. Many more Baltimore beauties (all of 'em ar) would have been June brides but for conditions existing on account of the war in Europe and its effects on American commerce, industry and trade. Cupid gets timid and manifests a lack of confidence in conditions just like any other business man when he cannot see any further ahead than a freight train backing onto a side track.

LACK OF MEN TO TURN OUT WAR MUNITIONS.

When a foundry at Raleigh is operating night and day to turn out projectiles for the big gun target practice of the United States army and navy, it shows that the big concerns are too busy on contracts for the European belligerents to bother with our government contracts. It indicates that the big munitions factories are working up to their limit.

This also is stated in a different way in a Washington dispatch to Friday's New York Journal of Commerce. That paper's special correspondent telegraphs that it has developed that careful inquiries have been made by the War Department into the facilities of domestic factories for turning out munitions of war. The correspondent states that he was informed by government authorities that all factories turning out automobiles, sewing machines, cash registers, computing machines, tools, and the like, under ordinary circumstances, could manufacture some of the most important parts of articles and munitions needed in time of war. Says the correspondent:

"By only a slight change in the operation of these factories they could divert their energies toward turning out cannon and shrapnel. The experts of the army consider the foreign army contracts one of the greatest blessings the United States could hope for, because the manufacture of munitions for the Allies and the fulfilling of these contracts is training just the kind of workmen the United States would need were Germany to make a declaration of war against us. This high authority in the service said the United States is also amply provided with the necessary raw materials, according to the reports gathered by the Department. He said that the United States produces more than a sufficient quantity of most of the raw materials needed in the manufacture of munitions. Copper especially is just now abundant in the United States, he said, and it is of this product according to the best understanding, that Germany is likely to be in the greatest need."

It requires emergencies to show the resources and test the ingenuity of a people. During the Civil War hundreds of women and boys learned to make cartridges, and the Confederate government had arsenals at which small arms were manufactured, those employed in the work being new hands at the business when it was begun. Small arms and cartridges were made on a large scale at Fayetteville, and big guns were turned out in large numbers on the Congaree at Columbia. Such munitions works were scattered all over the South and they were kept busy till the resources of the Confederacy were exhausted.

Ports like Wilmington could very readily be used for the manufacture of all war munitions made of steel, iron, brass, etc. Wilmington is connected by a direct rail haul with the great steel and iron producing districts at Birmingham, Bessemer and other Alabama iron mining, smelting and forging centers, and it would be a simple matter of bringing the material here over the Seaboard Air Line and the Atlantic Coast Line, which have lines running from Alabama into Wilmington. Among the recent exports from Wilmington to Chile were 200 tons of iron from the Birmingham district.

Let us hope Wilmington may not have to manufacture munitions, but if the emergency should arise there would be no better place on the entire South Atlantic or Gulf to be depended upon for quick utilization for manufacturing numerous war necessaries and materials.

Outside of all that, Wilmington would be a great place for the manufacture of locomotives, boilers, engines, iron products, agricultural implements, etc., for foreign export or domestic use. There is a direct and short haul from Wilmington to both the iron and coal producing regions. Wilmington can get both iron and coal by rail and water. If manufacturers are interested in large industrial opportunities they certainly ought to take notice of the great advantages offered on the Cape Fear ocean gateway all around Wilmington.

THE BRYAN ATTITUDE.

An eminent citizen of Wilmington and a true patriot who has hitherto supported Mr. Bryan in all of his political campaigns, takes issue with the former Secretary of State and his recent erratic course, in a personal letter addressed to him, which the Star is permitted to copy as it relates to important public affairs and to a crisis in the administration, which he, with many other thoughtful citizens, thinks has not been loyally met by Mr. Bryan. The letter follows:

Wilmington, N. C., June 11th, 1915.
Hon. Wm. Jennings Bryan, Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Bryan:—

Interest is divided today between the American note to Germany and your statement justifying your retirement from the Cabinet rather than become a party to it.

The desire for freedom as a controlling motive, which brought the first white settlers to this country, is responsible also for the free institutions of our Government which cultivate and encourage the exercise of personal liberty within the limits of law and justice. And you will be accorded all honor for refusing to become a party to that which your conscience cannot approve.

The thirty treaties concluded under your direction between our Government and other nations give evidence of true patriotism and wise statesmanship; and under workable conditions will go very far towards preventing war and minimizing its cruelties.

It is a deplorable circumstance that similar treaties could not have been exchanged between all nations before Europe was involved in the present fratricidal and suicidal conflict. The effect would have been either to prevent war, or brand the aggressor as a violator of the world's peace, and, as an outlaw, to be punished by the collective power of all other nations.

Fifty years have not sufficed to erase from my memory the sufferings and horrors of war, as seen and felt through four years service in the Confederate army, including the great battles of the armies of Northern Virginia, and the final surrender at Appomattox. As an humble citizen, I have condemned war, and advocated both in private and in public other means of adjusting differences between nations, and I have drawn much hope and encouragement from the results of your work in the interest of international peace.

In private life you have rendered most valuable service, not only to our own nation, but to the world at large, as an advocate not merely of temperance in the use of intoxicants, but the absolute prohibition of the traffic. Your labors in this cause have not been in vain, and the time is perhaps not far distant that you and other friends of this reform will see it enacted into law, not only in our country, but by other nations as well.

Your political principles have always seemed to me to be just and wise under the conditions existing at the time, and it has been my pleasure to cast my vote for you in all three of your appeals for popular support for the Presidency of the United States.

With you and President Wilson, I am also trying to be an humble follower of the Prince of Peace, whose principles I believe will yet prevail in this sin-cursed world, but I fail to find anything either in his teachings or in those of his early followers (kindly note the "early") to justify or encourage a citizen in opposing or embarrassing the Government, under which he lives, in the orderly performance of its duties under existing laws.

Your services, both public and private, have justly won for you very large popular following, which makes it all the more difficult and painful to question the wisdom of your course in appealing to the public for justification of your disagreement with the President and your nine colleagues in the Cabinet on a question of vital import to this country, and one that may affect the peace of the world. You doubtless accord to them the same honesty of conviction and the same sincerity of motive that you claim for yourself. All are inspired by the same purpose, and working for the same end, and only differing as to the means to secure it.

I would not presume to discuss the merits of the disagreement between you and your colleagues, further than to point out the fact, which has doubtless occurred to you, that the investigation and delay provided for in the treaties referred to are excellent preventives when war is not actually on, but they are not "workable" when the rights and lives of citizens are being violated by a professedly friendly nation which attempts to justify its course by pointing to the action of its enemies of other nations over whom our Government has no control.

There is reason to hope that when the present war in Europe is ended, either by the victory of one side or the other, or by the exhaustion of both, these treaties may be extended, and their provisions enlarged to include reduction of armaments and an International Court with power to enfore its decrees. Unhappily, that time is not yet, and submission on the part of one or more neutral nations to acts of flagrant injustice will not hasten it.

Your proposed note to German-American citizens may fully justify itself, and of course cannot be discussed in advance, but as a native born American, seventy-three years of age, I am unable to appreciate the need of advice or information to one class of citizens different from that given to others.

With apologies for trespassing upon your time, and with assurance of my high personal regard, I am,

Very respectfully yours,

WIN WITH WILSON.

A man's conscience, convictions and principles are not justifiable reasons why he should be assailed. They are sufficient reasons why he should be converted by argument. The world is inclined to abuse when it should rely upon clear reasoning and sound argument to set any of us right.

The attorney who would glare at a jury and talk to it as if he were giving it first aid for chumps will win—simply win the contempt of the jurors. The adroit lawyer takes the jury to his heaving bosom and convinces it that the case is perfectly clear to him and that he can depend upon the intelligence of the jury to look at it like he does and render a verdict that will be a credit to it.

"Convince a man against his will
He clings to his opinion still."

A man is either on the right track or on the wrong one. However, he is not on the wrong track merely because another man thinks he is or says he is. Neither is he on the right track because a whole lot of people jump up and follow him. The facts in the case have to be examined and satisfactory reasoning applied to them before we can pop up like a "jack-in-the-box" and pronounce a judgment of error on him. Yea, verily he might feel sorry for us and have tumultuous pity for us because we happen to be from Missouri without knowing where the Ozarks are. He might open up on us with his keen analysis, incisive reasoning and profound logic. If he smiles benignly and lays us out in a not overly cocklofty but benevolent way, we are apt to lie there.

Not so with an obstreperous rag chewer who comes down the pike with a meat axe and a coal chisel with a view to opening up an argument. He disagrees with some other man by calling him a marplot, a poltroon, a demagogue, a designing politician, a trickster, a scoundrel, a tax dodger and a liar. That would be awful, if true, but it's no argument. He makes too many allegations and probably can't prove any one of them to his opponent's satisfaction. In fact, he might make his opponent mad before the real subject for consideration can be calmly, judiciously and fairly considered.

If a man is honest in his convictions, attributing false and malevolent motives to him will not change him. Reason might. If he is "Ephraim wedded to his idols, burn a handful of punk for his olfactory senses and go way back and sit down in the midst of sorrowful contemplation.

Argument loses its force when we jump on a fellow with all four feet and simply submit a lot of vociferous kicks instead of good reasons why he is in error—not wrong as he sees it, till he is methodically convinced to the contrary.

When we want to distinguish between truth and error, crookedness and crankiness, falseness and faddery, punk and punctiliousness, wisdom and wiseacreness, it cannot be done with the methods more or less prevalent with Teddy, Tillman, et al. Their main way is to carry on an argument by starting it with a pitchfork and emptying a hod of bricks upon their opponent if he won't stand from under. It is really mighty hard sometimes to tell when some men are making a credible statement or whether they are indulging in linguistic imputations bordering on libel.

In the midst of a grave crisis it is time for us to be sober-minded. The wise man does a little "watchful waiting." He flies not off the handle, sooner or later to go up Salt Creek without a paddle. We are now voyaging between Sylla and Charybdis. This water's not fine. The water's deep. "Don't rock the boat." Sit tight. Don't get excited.

"Now is the time for all good men to come to the aid of their party," and their country, for they are democratic and bound to come out on top if we do not lose our heads when they are needed the most. Keep in the middle of the road and it will be sure to get you where you are going to if you are right.

"Win With Wilson" without stopping to browbeat Bryan. We might need an equilibrator, anyhow, before it is all over.

SUSTAIN THE ASSOCIATED CHARITIES.

I desire to add my earnest appeal for the continued support of the Associated Charities. It is one of the most deserving institutions in the community.

The suffering poor must be taken care of—there is no escape from it, and present conditions are unusually hard, so let us do it systematically. It is cheaper! Don't let us have begging from house to house and on the streets—it opens the way for crooks and the undeserving to impose on individuals who cannot and will not turn a deaf ear to distress, whether genuine or counterfeit.

Those who regularly support this cause can give a little more, and, there are others who can, and I believe, will help.

H. C. McQUEEN.

FOUR MORE COUNTIES ACROSS.

Halifax, Edgecombe, Wayne and Wilson Join Anti-Typhoid Campaign.

(State Board of Health.)

Word has just been received at the State Health offices that four more counties, Halifax, Edgecombe and Wilson, have made appropriations of $400 each and Wayne an appropriation of $350 to hold vigorous anti-typhoid campaigns this summer. This makes nine counties in all to hold such campaigns, Wake, Northampton, Cumberland, Buncombe and Henderson have already made similar appropriations.

Work in Halifax, Edgecombe, Wayne and Wilson will not begin until after the campaigns in the first five counties have been finished. The campaigns in the first five counties will begin Monday, June 21, and last six weeks. The second series of campaigns will begin Monday, August 2, and last six weeks, ending September 11th.

Several other counties are known to be contemplating similar campaigns. Men and means, however, prevent the State Board of Health from conducting such campaigns in more than five counties at a time. With four of the second set of counties already in two weeks before the first set of campaigns are begun and a half dozen other counties on the verge of adopting such plans, it begins to look as though there might be more applications from counties than could be filled this year.

CURRENT COMMENT.

It is stated that there will be some new tactics tried out by the North Carolina National Guard at the encampment this year. If some of these involve trench fighting the boys will have a lively time digging ditches. But the business of the soldier is to know all methods of warfare.—Raleigh News and Observer.

City Editor Aiken of the esteemed Wilmington Star has resigned his position to take up work in the employ of the city's health department. Mr. Aiken is a clever scribe and his withdrawal from the fourth estate will be regretted by his many friends in the fold.—Kinston Free Press.

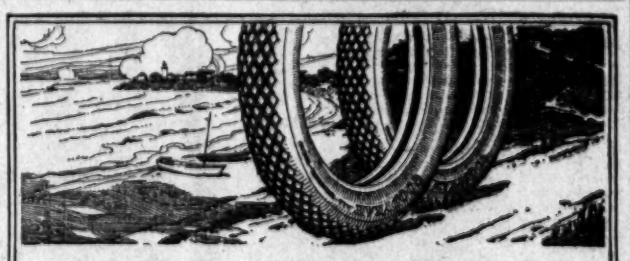
The Wilmington Star says: "Everything depends on the length of time the Mexicans will be given to get together. Many mananas would suit them." The trouble is that the Mexicans are too eager to get together. Something should be done to keep them apart.—Jacksonville Times-Union.

Little Miss Lelia Kistler, the 14-year-old girl, who was stunned by lightning and knocked down, got right up and when she saw the barn burning, turned the cattle and stock out and drove them to safety, is certainly a heroine and is entitled to rank as such, whether she gets a Carnegie medal or not.—Mooresville Enterprise.

The Lee Hardware Company received a carload of tin cans this week. There were 60,000 cans in the lot. This is the largest lot of cans ever received by a merchant of this place in one shipment. The Lee Hardware Company bought them to sell to the tomato club girls and others who may wish to can tomatoes and other vegetables and fruit.—Sanford Express.

Mr. H. R. Aiken, of Hickory, a son of Postmaster J. H. Aiken, and until this week city editor of the Wilmington Star, has been appointed food inspector for Wilmington at a salary of $1,000 per annum. A newspaper man ought to make a good judge of rations and this young man is quite capable outside of his newspaper experience, and will undoubtedly spot the spots to suit the most exacting health regulations.—Newton Enterprise.

We commend the people of Wilmington for the great work they have started in providing for the care and medical attention of babies whose parents are not able to give them proper attention. This is a work that appeals to the hearts of all right-minded men and women. A child, and especially a neglected child, is an object of deepest pity and cannot fail to awaken a responsive chord in every heart. A sum of $20,000 has been offered for the erection of a children's hospital in this city. The practicability of this movement cannot be overestimated as the future citizens of a community depend entirely on the care of the health of these children.—St. Paul's (N. C.) Messenger.



Goodyear Passes Goodyear

$500,000 Better

The improvements lately added to Goodyear tires will cost us $500,000 this year—just this year's betterments alone.

Yet this year's reductions will save our users in 1915 about $5,000,000, we figure.

And our big price reduction on February 1st was our third in two years. The three total 45 per cent.

Our Extras

This half-million dollars we add to our tire cost means better tires than ever. It goes largely into extra rubber.

Then remember this: Goodyear Fortified Tires contain five costly features found in no other tire. They contain other features found in but few tires.

If we omitted those extras, our probable output this year would cost us $1,635,000 less. We could make that much extra profit.

What of You?

Goodyear rules Tiredom because of those extras. It outsells any other tire. It is today outselling our output.

These features are hidden. Tires that lack them look about like Goodyears. But they don't wear like Goodyears. If they did, we would omit them too, and save that $1,635,000.

Don't you think such extras are worth asking for?

Any dealer will supply you.

GOODYEAR AKRON, OHIO
Fortified Tires
No-Rim-Cut Tires—"On-Air" Cured
With All-Weather Treads or Smooth

Goodyear Service Stations
Tires in Stock

WILMINGTON, N. C. . . T. D. Piner.
MAYSVILLE, N. C. . . . Maysville Supply Co.
SANFORD, N. C. . . . Fonda's Garage.
LITTLE RIVER, S. C. . . Moore Thompson.

Geo. O. Gaylord's Big Store on Front Street

Has been brightened up with new bargains in the different departments for this week.

IN THE DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT we are showing blouse linens 34 inches wide for 10c a yard. We are selling forty-inch white lawns in good quality for 7 1-2c a yard. Twenty pieces of Hydegrade Galatea, warranted not to fade, regular 15c goods for 10c. a yard. Ten pieces of Victoria Ettomine for curtains, hemstitched edge and flowered border, 36 inches wide, at 10c. a yard; 5 pieces of high grade Madras, in fancy stripes, 15c a yard. 20 pieces of Soisette, at 19c a yard, worth 25c. regular; 50 pieces of dress ginghams, regular 10c goods, a special price of 5c a yard.

A nice line of Silks—36-inch Messaline, a nice quality, regular price $1.00, now 75c. High grade Black Taffeta, a yard wide, for 85c a yard. A 36-inch Serge, warranted half wool, in standard quality, regular price 40c a yard, my special price 25c a yard. Good Wool Serge, at 50c a yard. Aprons, Belting, Fastenings, and everything in the Notion line.

IN THE MEN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT we have Boys' Palm Beach Suits and Pants. Boys' Suits, $3.50 to $5.00 a suit; Boys' Pants, $1.25 and $1.50 a pair. K. & E. Blouse Waists for Boys, for 50c. Men's Suspenders, a good quality, 10c. Men's Silk Hose, 50c a pair. A nice line of Children's Socks, 10c, 15c and 25c.

SHOES—Canvas Shoes for everybody. Tennis Shoes for 50c a pair. The White Canvas goods, 50c to $1.25 per pair. All styles of Ladies' Shoes at special prices. Shoe Dressings in all the different colors, 5c up to 25c.

WHITE P Ks and CORDUROY, all grades. Cloth to make Middy Blouses of at 15c a yard. It is hard to tell you about everything, but we will be glad to show you the stock, and will sell you anything that you want at the right price. We are showing lots of new goods in the MILLINERY DEPARTMENT, and have just received a lot of new flowers and pompons and fancy feathers. These are high grade goods and the newest things made. We have beautiful flowers at 25c a bunch. White pompons at 50c each and fifty styles to select from.

When getting ready for your vacation, remember THE ART DEPARTMENT. The ladies know what they want, and we have it; the price is always right.

MATTING ART SQUARES. A new lot of Window Shades, a big assortment of Bed Spreads, Sheets and Pillow Cases, Feather Pillows, Umbrellas and Parasols.

IN THE COAT SUIT DEPARTMENT there is an abundance of New Shirt Waists in all qualities; new muslin Underwear and cool Skirts. Remember the place.

THE BIG STORE ON FRONT ST.

Geo. O. Gaylord, - Proprietor

The Season Is Here For

LAWN MOWERS
SCREEN DOORS
WINDOW SCREENS
GALVANIZED AND BLACK
SCREEN WIRE CLOTH
GARDEN HOSE
HOSE REELS
REFRIGERATORS
XXth CENTURY WATER COOLERS
A FULL STOCK OF ABOVE

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.
DISTRICT AGENTS.
Purcell Building. Wilmington, N. C.

Safety+Quickness

"Safety First" must ever be the watchword in firearms. But safety must not be secured at the expense of *quick action*. The Colt Automatic Pistol combines the most dependable kind of safety—*automatic safety*—with instant firing.

The Colt can't be discharged accidentally, because the trigger must be pulled and the safety in the grip must be pressed in *at the same instant* and this can't be done except it is done *purposely*. So much for safety.

As for quickness, the Colt always gets there first, for in an emergency you don't have to bother with or think about the grip safety—it takes care of itself and you.

J. W. Murchison & Co.

De-o-dora Does Deodorize

De-o-dora is an Efficient Neutralizer of the Odors of Perspiration; does not injuriously check the perspiration by closing the pores. Easily applied and a highly desirable addition to every Ladies' Boudoir.

'Phone 55 for a 25c. Package.

1880 Hardin's Pharmacy 1915

126 SOUTH FRONT STREET

USE HARDIN'S VIOLET TALCUM .....1 lb Tins, 25 Cents

BUY IN WILMINGTON MOVEMENT LAUNCHED

Rotary Club Wants to Boost Home Industries.

Architect Explains Proposition for Encouraging Local Enterprises —Plan is to Bring Producer and Consumer Together.

The Rotary Club of Wilmington has been continuously active since its organization, but it is believed no plan of more general benefit has been proposed, nor any greater scheme of business building undertaken, than the "buy in Wilmington" movement, which is being launched today. In connection with the "Buy in Wilmington" plan, a "Made in Wilmington" propaganda will be run, hand in hand, so to speak, as the terms are somewhat synonymous and the interests of the two largely interlocking.

An active and aggressive committee composed of Mr. Roger Moore, chairman, and Messrs. Meares Harriss, C. W. Polvogt and Thomas R. Ames, has already aroused much interest in the proposition, and the following letter from one of Wilmington's leading architects speaks for itself:

"Mr. Meares Harriss, Secretary Rotary Club, Wilmington, N. C.

"Dear Sir: I am pleased to note that the Rotary club is becoming active in those things which tend to promote a better and greater Wilmington, and it is indeed gratifying to see the effective efforts they are putting forth to this end in a 'Buy-in-Wilmington' movement.

"About a year ago an effort was made to create an organization of the various business interests in Wilmington with a view to creating harmony and co-operation among them, but unfortunately the organization was never completed and therefore nothing of value could be produced.

"In my opinion, an organization of the character which I understand yours to be will, without doubt, produce rapid and wonderful results, and the object of this letter is to place before you a plan which has been inaugurated in my office, and if the same meets with your approval I would be pleased to see you urge other interests in this city to adopt a similar plan.

"The stamp attached to this letter is that which is placed on all of the plans and specifications sent out from this office, and will be self-explanatory. The object is that where all things are equal, materials used in construction of buildings in this community under my supervision shall be bought from or through local dealers, and when the plan is followed out it is compelled to have two good features:

"First—In order to do business the material dealer or manufacturer is compelled to place himself in a position to render as efficient service and furnish materials as good as can be found elsewhere and at the same price at which an outsider can deliver materials in Wilmington. This idea, if extended to various lines of business, will also create a first class market in Wilmington for adjacent territory.

"Second—When a dealer has so placed himself, the contractor or purchaser is compelled to patronize him, and will naturally be glad to do so as he can place his business at home, which is more convenient and eliminates correspondence and buying from samples.

"This plan puts the entire matter up to the local supply man to "make good," and when he does so the purchaser is compelled under contract to patronize him.

"Article 19 in general conditions, referred to in this stamp, provides wherever possible and practicable the contractor shall give preference to mechanics and labor permanently residing in Wilmington.' This, however, does not compel the contractor to engage a Wilmington man unless his ability and skill is equal to that of an outsider.

"As to the Wilmington contractor, he is given an opportunity to figure on all work in competition with outside firms and when the bids are identical he is given preference.

"You will readily see that this, or a similar plan, can be adopted in every line of business and that when a system of this kind is completed and adhered to it can have but one effect, and that is to increase business and make everyone in Wilmington 'a booster in his own home town.'

"Respectfully yours,

"B. H. STEPHENS."

The stamp referred to is as follows: "Notice to Contractors' When all points are equal the materials specified for this building shall be bought from or through local dealers. See general condtions. If you get business in a town help that town produce it. Be a real builder."

Following out this idea, the committee is seeking and securing the hearty co-operation of other architects and business men in the city, and it is believed that, within a short while, the "Wilmington spirit" will be a watchword throughout the South, through the active co-operation of the various business interests here.

The consumer and producer will be brought together by the committee, with the idea of placing the merchants in position to furnish the goods required by his customers. Many dry goods and other retail merchants complain that hundreds of dollars are sent out of Wilmington each week, to mail order houses in the North, when the same articles can be bought here as cheaply, or cheaper, than their ultimate cost when bought elsewhere. On the other hand, many complaints are heard that, in several lines, some of the most necessary and "every-day" articles are not carried by the merchants, and that in some instances, the prices are higher than those afforded in similar lines in the larger cities.

With the assistance of several of the women's organizations, the ladies will be brought more closely in touch with the merchants, so that the merchant may not complain that it "was not bought in Wilmington," and the customer may not be heard to say, that she could not "buy it in Wilmington."

The same effort will be made with regard to men's apparel, and the smaller needs which are too frequently filled by "bargain sales" from other cities, sometimes to the detriment of the purchaser, and always to the financial loss of the Wilmington merchant.

Following out the "Rotary" idea, Mr. Moore and his committee insist, that the money that stays in Wilmington is the only money that really helps build the city. The Rotary Club's slogan—"Why not Wilmington?" brings forth the idea with emphatic and personal appeal, and with the whole-hearted, sincere and personal co-operation of the purchasers of the city, it is hoped to make the "Buy in Wilmington" idea do great things.

There's just one point the Rotary Club wishes to emphasize and that is it cannot do the whole job—the general public must co-operate—talk Wilmington—patronize Wilmington—and thereby make Wilmington the city she undoubtedly and ultimately must become.

Save your reputation and embarrassment by using AMMEN'S ANTISEPTIC TOILET POWDER for odor from perspiration. It is cooling, soothing and purifying 25 cents at the live drug store.

MORE PERMITS ARE GRANTED

Monthly Meeting of Board of Health Yesterday Afternoon—Departmental Reports.

Applications for permits to conduct food shops, restaurants, etc., the reading of the departmental reports and a number of other matters of minor importance occupied the attention of the Board of Health at the regular monthly meeting, postponed from earlier in the month and held yesterday afternoon.

Chairman W. A. McGirt presided and present were Dr. C. P. Bolles, Dr. J. E. Cranmer and Prof. Washington Catlett, and Dr. John Thames, assistant county health officer, who acted as secretary.

Permits to conduct food shops, restaurants, bakeries, etc., were granted to the following individuals and firms:

Lonnie Goover, William Waring, Hanover Drug Company, Bella McNeil, Red Cross Pharmacy, Levin & Simon, W. J. Kerr, Hattie Dudley, O. R. Ring, Biddle & Horn, Moore & Davis, A. D. Wheeler, Lizzie Powers, R. C. Fergus, J. F. Sellars, E. F. Barlow, S. J. Russ, and the Globe Baking Company. These are in addition to 92 permits granted at a special meeting of the board earlier in the month.

Dr. Thames, the assistant county health officer, reported 24 visits to indigent sick in the city and seven in the county; 33 patients treated as indigent, 22 in the city and 11 in the county; 41 patients treated in clinic and nine office consultations outside of clinic. Permits issued to the James Walker Memorial Hospital for the month numbered 59, 50 in the city and nine in the county. One case of typhoid was reported in the city during the month.

One case of diphtheria and 38 cases of whooping cough remained in quarantine in the city at the end of the month, while outside the city no cases were in quarantine. A total of 48 fumigations was reported for the month.

The regular visits to the county institutions were made. Dr. Thames reports the sanitary conditions of the different institutions as good as can be expected under the circumstances. No case of acute disease occurred among prisoners of inmates during May.

Dr. Thos. B. Carroll, meat and milk inspector, submitted the following report for the month:

"I wish to submit the following my report for the month of May, 1915:

"I made 35 inspections of dairies and dairy farms and places where milk is sold. The sanitary conditions, health of cattle and attendants are all good.

"The bacterial counts and butter fat contents of our milk supply are as follows:

	Butter Fat Pct.	Bacteria per c.c.
Echo Farms, A. O. McEachern	3.9	3,000
Cape Fear Dairy	4.1	12,000
D. F. Klein & Sons	4.2	25,000
W. M. Collins	4.0	25,000
L. L. Newell (3 samples)	4.3	35,000
Chas. Rogers	4.1	55,000
Darden & Merritt	4.2	75,000
Holland Dairy	4.2	150,000
E. C. Craft	4.4	250,000
E. Schulken (2 samples)	4.1	250,000
O. Martindale	4.1	300,000
W. A. Spencer	4.0	350,000
Barlow Bros.	4.1	400,000
H. Kidd	4.1	600,000
H. A. DeCover	4.1	1,000,000
A. G. Warren (Gates)	4.7	1,600,000

"I made 649 examinations of fresh slaughtered meats as follows: 300 cattle; 325 sheep, and 24 hogs, with no condemnations."

Mr. George Catlett, laboratory director, reported the city water to have been of most excellent quality, both in appearance and bacterial content, during May. He also reported examining 60 samples of milk, eight chemical analyses, 12 samples of well and cistern waters, and conducted bacterial tests in 12 meat establishments to determine the extent of meat protection.

Mr. E. Piner, chief of the sanitary police corps, reported 14,642 inspections; 2,901 condemnations and orders for service; 3,089 services as reported by the superintendent of scavenging and 85 complaints. He also reported that the dumping station in the southern part of the city is still in bad condition.

Plumbing Inspector Otto Genaust reported 124 fixtures installed; 22 houses connected to sewer; 32 laterals laid; 72 permits granted; 96 inspections and four condemnations.

PEOPLE ARE RESPONDING TO APPEAL FOR THE POOR

Associated Charities Will Be in Position to Open Office Soon.

Many people have expressed a willingness to render assistance to the poor of the city in their present dire need and it was stated yesterday that the Associated Charities will likely be able to open its office in a few days. The organization on Friday ceased to lend any assistance to the poor, because of already being in debt for accounts and being unable to secure money with which to continue its work.

Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, president of the organization, said yesterday that while the people are responding liberally to the appeals which were made in the public press last week that enough money had not yet been received to begin active operations again.

Mr. J. M. Solky has generously offered to donate 25 per cent. of the proceeds from all tickets which the Associated Charities is instrumental in selling for the Grand theatre. No meeting has yet been held with the committee appointed by City Council to co-operate with the Associated Charities in its work.

COLORED MUCICAL ATTRACTION.

Will be Given for Benefit of Colored Y. M. C. A.

Thursday night of this week a musical comedy entitled "A Trip to Coney" will be presented at the Academy of Music by a company of 30 local performers of the colored race, as a benefit for the colored branch of the Y. M. C. A.

The play is in three acts and five scenes, and contains several of the recent musical hits.

Tickets for the performance are on sale at the Red Cross Drug Store. Seats will be reserved for the white patrons and the public is cordially invited to attend.

MANY APPEAR BEFORE THE FISH COMMISSION

Mr. D. J. Fergus and Mr. Webb Have Verbal Tilt

Representatives of Fishing Industry in New Hanover, Onslow, Pender and Brunswick Favor Smaller Net Meshes.

It was the unanimous opinion of those appearing before the State Fisheries Commission yesterday afternoon at the hearing in the Court House that no net smaller than 1 1-8 bar before tarring should be used in catching fish and it was equally unanimous that the proposed regulation of the Commission to make the size of the bar of nets 1 1-2 would cause serious harm to the fish industry. There were several hundred people in attendance at the hearing which began at 2 o'clock and continued until nearly 6 o'clock. Representatives of the fishing interests of New Hanover, Brunswick, Onslow and Pender counties were present.

The general harmony was broken, however, when Mr. D. J. Fergus came before the body to protest vigorously against the "whale" which he declared was trying to swallow the Commission like Jonah of old. His reference was to the Morehead City Sea Food Company, which he said had encouraged the placing of pound nets and had in other ways been the cause of the destruction of thousands of little fish. He said he was present to speak in behalf of the men who are unable to engage in fishing on a large scale and to protest against allowing large corporations to monopolize the business. He condemned in strong language the use of pound and purse nets.

His condemnation of the Morehead City concern brought forth a vigorous denial by Mr. Webb, a member of the Commission, who before his appointment to the board, was secretary of the Sea Food Company. He declared that the concern did not own a single net of any kind and that, while it did have a pound net which was placed outside the limits prescribed by the Commission, this was found to be unprofitable and later was placed inside for experimental purposes. Afterwards it was partly burned and has since been discarded.

He said he believed that he was the first man in the Legislature to have a law passed prohibiting the use of purse nets. He said that while he now had no connection whatever with the Morehead City company he could not allow aspersions to be made that he knew to be unjust and absolutely unfounded. He referred to the hearing held in Morehead on Friday of last week and asked the members of the Commission if they had heard any complaint along the lines that Mr. Fergus has spoken. He declared that the latter ought not to have made his statements.

Mr. Fergus said that if he had been harsh or if he had said anything that he ought not to have said he wished to ask Mr. Webb's pardon. He would not pursue the subject further, but he did want to go on record as absolutely opposing the use of pound or purse nets which he characterized as deadly submarines to the fishing industry.

Mr. E. H. Freeman, of Wilmington, who presided at the meeting, said that the Commission was holding a hearing to secure information and not to engage in controversy. He asked that the two gentlemen not pursue the matter further and the matter was dropped.

All the members of the Commission were present at the hearing including Hon. H. L. Gibbs, of Oriental, State Fish Commissioner, and Assistant Fish Commissioner C. W. Morgan, of Hertford. The other members of the Commission are Ed Chambers Smith, chairman, of Raleigh; T. F. Winslow, of Hertford; E. V. Cobb, of Bertie; W. Webb, of Morehead City, and E. H. Freeman, of Wilmington.

Representatives of Onslow county were the first to appear before the Commission. E. M. Koonce, Esq., of Jacksonville, called numerous witnesses to testify, among them being Representative Grant, who said he had secured the enactment of a law in the last Assembly prohibiting the use of purse nets. The Onslow delegation favored the use of an inch and one-eighth mesh, but asked that the Commission not make the new regulation effective until November, of 1916, as it would work a hardship on both the dealers and the fishermen who would have to discard their present equipment.

C. Ed Taylor, Esq., of Southport, presented the views of the Brunswick fishermen. He said that no large September mullet are caught in Brunswick because most of them pass too far off shore. He favored an inch and eighth mesh. He called attention to the fact that in the winter a net with a large mesh may catch small fish because they are then less active and for that reason are more easily caught.

He gave interesting statistics showing how many men are engaged in fishing in Brunswick and estimated that the total revenue from the fishing industry in that county is nearly $70,000.

E. H. Cranmer, Esq., appeared before the Commission to request that no regulation be made that would do away with the catching of shrimp at Southport. He called attention to the fact that a shrimp factory is being built at that place. He was assured that the Commission would do nothing that would interfere with this industry.

A large number of witnesses from New Hanover and Brunswick appeared before the board to give their views and after their statements regarding the different questions of interest to those interested in the development of the industry, a vote was taken and all present expressed themselves as favoring an inch and an eighth mesh for nets. Members of the Commission after the hearing said that they had found this to be practically the unanimous opinion at the other hearings conducted the past week at Manteo, Morehead City and Edenton.

The hearings conducted by the Commission have been for the purpose of getting an expression of opinion from the people and later rules and regulations for the protection of the smaller fish will be made. The proposed regulations by the Commission are merely tentative and may be changed.

The deep interest in the work, that the Commission has undertaken was shown yesterday by the large delegations in attendance, not only from New Hanover county, but also from Onslow, Brunswick and Pender counties.

Concerts at Lumina Today

4 and 8:30 p. m. Increased orchestra. je13

STATE OSTEOPATHS TO MEET

Programme for Annual Convention at Wrightsville Beach Announced Yesterday by Secretary.

Dr. M. J. Carson, of this city, who is secretary and treasurer of the North Carolina Osteopathic Society, yesterday announced the programme for the annual convention which will be held at the Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, June 25th and 26th. It is expected that there will be about 40 osteopaths in attendance.

The North Carolina Board of Osteopathic Examiners will be in session on June 23rd and 24th at the Orton Hotel for the purpose of examining applicants for license to practice in this State. The board is composeds of Dr. A. H. Zealey, Goldsboro, president; Dr. E. J. Carson, Fayetteville, secretary; Dr. A. R. Tucker, Raleigh; Dr. W. B. Meacham, Asheville; Dr. M. J. Carson, Wilmington.

Following is the programme for the convention:

June 25th.

10 A. M.—Meeting called to order.
Invocation, Rev. W. E. Cox.
Address of welcome, Senator W. B. Cooper.
Response—Dr. F. R. Heine, Charlotte.
10:30—President's address, Dr. A. R. Tucker, Raleigh.
11 A. M.—Use of the microscope in general practice, Dr. W. B. Meacham, Asheville.
11:15 A. M.—Treatment of uterine displacements, Dr. L. A. Rockwell, Asheville.
11:30 A. M.—Treatment of chronic constipation, Dr. H. F. Ray, Charlotte.
11:45 A. M.—Radio Therapy, Dr. H. A. Greene, Salisbury.
12 M.—Sacro-illiac diseases, Dr. S. O. Holland, Concord.
12:15 P. M.—Splanchnoptosis, Dr. C J. Alexander, Winston-Salem.
12:30 P. M.—Consideration of alias lesions, Dr. W. E. Crutchfield, Greensboro.
12:45 P. M.—Discussion, open to all.
1:30 P. M.—Adjourn for lunch.
2:30 P. M.—Facial Neuralgia, Dr. O. D. Baxter, High Point.
2:45 P. M.—Chronic Headaches, Dr. S. W. Tucker, Durham.
3 P. M.—Business session.
Reading minutes.
Committee appointments.
Report of outstanding committees.
Unfinished business.
New business.
5 P. M.—Adjourn for evening.
9 P. M.—Banquet, Dr. W. B. Meacham, toastmaster.

June 26th.

9 A. M.—Meeting called to order.
Report of committees.
Election of officers.
Other business.
10 A. M.—Cancer of stomach, Dr. R. H. Prindle, Henderson.
10:15 A. M.—Osteopathic Obstetrics, Dr. E. J. Carson, Fayetteville.
10:30 A. M.—Surgical diagnosis, Dr. H. W. Glascock, Raleigh.
10:45 A. M.—Chronic appendicitis, Dr. A. H. Zealy, Goldsboro.
11 A. M.—Pneumonia, Dr. E. G. Hornbeck, Rocky Mount.
11:15 A. M.—Electricity in connection with osteopathy, Dr. E. W. Dunn, Newbern.
11:30 A. M.—Discussion of complicated cases, open to all.
1 P. M.—Adjourn for lunch.
2:30 P. M.—Presentation of clinics.
5:00 P. M.—Adjourn.

TREATING WRIGHTSVILLE ROAD.

Tarvia on the Turnpike is Not Dry as Yet.

Several miles of the Wrightsville turnpike, from Winter Park to Wrightsville Sound, have been treated with Tarvia under the heating process, and the remainder of this stretch of road under treatment at present will be completed tomorrow and Tuesday.

In the meantime, the Tarvia is not thoroughly dried as yet, and automobilists are requested, as far as possible, to avoid traveling over the road, as this is not only injurious to the undried surface, but also to the cars.

INDEPENDENT LEAGUE.

Immanuel and Tigers Were Winners in Yesterday's Games.

Two fast and interesting games of baseball were played at Hilton Park yesterday afternoon and were witnessed by a large and enthusiastic crowd of spectators. The first game was between Immanuel and Delgado and was a fast and hotly contested one. Delgado with her strengthened team put up a good fight and was in the lead until the ninth inning, when the Immanuel aggregation got together and beat them by the close score of 4 to 3. The features of the game was the pitching of Carter for Delgado and Griffith for Immanuel.

The second game between the Tigers and the Stags was very interesting throughout. Thompson, who pitched for the Stags, added very materially to the strength of this team, but owing to the fact that the Tigers, who are now leading in the Independent League, played a much steadier game, the latter won by a score of 4 to 0. George Bornemann who pitched for the Tigers allowed only two scattered hits.

Following is the standing of the teams for the season

	W	L	Pct.
Tigers	6	0	1,000
Immanuels	4	2	.666
Stags	1	4	.200
Delgado	0	5	.000

A TWICE-TOLD TALE

One of Interest to Our Readers.

Good news bears repeating, and when it is confirmed after a long lapse of time, even if we hesitated to believe it at first hearing, we feel secure in accepting its truth now. The following experience of a Wilmington man is confirmed after seven years.

L. H. Partin, grocer, Market and Ninth Sts., Wilmington, says: "My back was weak and lame and I had pains across my loins. The kidney secretions were very highly colored, painful in passage and contained sediment. Doan's Kidney Pills, procured from Bellamy's Drug Store, acted just as represented. They cleared up the kidney secretions and stopped the pain in passing them. I was also relieved of the aches and pains in my back and loins."

The above statement was given February 25, 1908, and on April 5, 1915, Mr. Partin said: "I have never found anything equal to Doan's Kidney Pills for kidney disorders. Just as soon as I notice that my kidneys are not acting as they should, I take Doan's Kidney Pills for a few days, and they never fail to do good work."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy — get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Partin had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Saving The Dimes

IS A HABIT WORTH ACQUIRING, AND WE ARE DISTRIBUTING JUST THE LITTLE BANK WHICH WILL START THE HABIT FOR YOU. HUNDREDS OF PEOPLE IN WILMINGTON ARE USING THEM. DON'T YOU WANT ONE? IF YOU COME DOWN FRONT ST. YOU CAN'T MISS "THE PEOPLE'S." COME IN AND GET A DIME BANK.

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

STRENGTH OF RESOURCES

The ample resources of this Company are at the same time a cause and a result of the opinion held of the Company by its regular clients, and by others who have come in contact with its careful and conservative methods of business.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

Total Resources Two and a Half Million Dollars

We have a complete and up to date lens grinding plant, and can make your glasses while you wait. We can duplicate any broken lens you may have, at short notice.

See us about your eyes and we will save you money.

Spectacles or Eye Glasses fitted to your eyes for $1.00 and up.

EYES EXAMINED FREE.

Dr. Vineberg

Masonic Temple.

J. L. BECTON
CIVIL ENGINEER
27-28 I. O. O. F. Bldg.,
N. W. Cor. 3rd and Princess.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
'Phone 1494-W. P. O. Box 394

Union Stamp & Typewriter Co.
DESIGNERS ENGRAVERS
Engraved Cards Announcements
Wedding Invitations
No. 2 Pythian Bldg. 'Phone 943.
Wilmington, N. C.

For Rent

DESIRABLE COTTAGE on Northern Extension Wrightsville Beach, containing ten rooms, two baths, large enough for two families. Will rent for $250.00 for season.

Apply

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr. & SONS,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

To the young business man

YOUR position where you work is secure only as long as you continue to give satisfaction.

We recognize the same principle in our clothing business.

We give it by selling good clothes and guaranteeing correctness of style and service.

If anything fails to satisfy, we make good.

The A. David Company

Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Manhattan Shirts and Blum & Koch Straw Hats

HOTEL WILMINGTON

European --Modern--Fireproof

One Block From Terminal Station

MOST OF THEM ARE USING IT NOW

Greenfield Park flowing artesian water fresh from spring daily, used throughout for drinking purposes.

Business Men's Lunch
Served From 12 to 2:30 p. m.
—50c—

J. B. McCABE
Certified Public Accountant
Room 815 Murch. Nat. Bank Bldg.
Phone 996 WILMINGTON, N. C.

WE HAVE THE BEST PRICES

Holmes Grocery

'Phone 41. 18 S. Front St

Quickest, Cheapest, Best

Deliveries. Prices. Workmanship.
Stacks, Tanks, Iron, Steel.
Iron, Brass and Aluminum Castings.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS
Church and Surry Streets. Phone 213.

Read Star Business Locals.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. James Menzies and daughter, Miss Helen Menzies, are visiting friends in Savannah, Ga.

* * *

Mrs. J. S. Brown and Mss Susie Brown left the past week for Southport, where they will spend the summer.

* * *

Mrs. J. E. Ennett and children will leave today for Middle Sound to visit Miss Ella Ennett for a few days.

* * *

Misses Nannie Brooks and Lolita Matthews are attending the North Carolina Epworth League Conference at Hamlet.

* * *

Mr. Lindsay Russell, who has been the guest of Mrs. William Bellamy for the past week, returned to New York City last night.

* * *

Among those sailing on the Clyde Line steamer Cherokee yesterday afternoon were the Misses Cronly, who will visit in New York.

* * *

A searchlight ride down the Cape Fear river will be given Tuesday night by the Fidelis class of Southside Baptist church. There will be music and refreshments will be served.

* * *

Miss Lucy Branham, of Baltimore, was in Wilmington yesterday en route to Southport to visit relatives. Before returning home she will visit her friend, Mrs. J. V. Grainger, Jr., No. 311 South Second street.

* * *

At the meeting of the International Advent Christian Mission Workers tomorrow evening at Sixth Street church a Bible reading will be conducted by Mr. Geo. W. Reynolds, whose subject will be "Paul's Journey to Rome."

* * *

Miss Lula Dunkel, of Richmond, Va., who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. W. J. Hutaff, No. 306 North Seventh street, for the last several weeks, left yesterday for Goldsboro, where she will spend some time with relatives before returning home.

* * *

Among those sailing on the Clyde Line steamer Cherokee for New York yesterday afternoon were H. E. Long, John Jecklin, John Marketon, H. G. Brison and wife and two children, Miss M. Schmitt, Joseph Boshike, J. W. Sullivan, Tom F. Hart and Abner Lecker.

* * *

Children's Day exercises of the Winter Park Methodist Sunday school will be held at the school house this morning beginning at 11 o'clock. This Sunday school has been organized for only a few months, but is progressive and lively, and the officers and teachers are promoting every effort for the advancement of the school. All friends and those interested in Sunday school work are invited to attend the exercises.

* * *

ENGAGEMENT OF MISS MCLAMMY IS ANNOUNCED

Mr. and Mrs. R. P. McClammy have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mae Lillie McClammy, to Mr. Owen Clanton Fillyaw, the date of the wedding to be announced later. The bride-to-be is a young woman of charming personality and has a host of friends in the city. Mr. Fillyaw is a young civil engineer and resides in Wimington.

* * *

Invitations have been received by friends in the city reading as follows:

Mr. and Mrs. John Bunyan Hunt
invite you to be present
at the marriage of their daughter
Hazel
to
Mr. Joseph Andrew Smith
Wednesday evening, the twenty-third
of June
at 1 o'clock
First Baptist church
Goldsboro, North Carolina.

* * *

Miss Sophia Perry left some days ago for Raleigh, where she will spend a few days with her aunt, Mrs. J. W. Potter, before leaving for Richmond, Va., to take training in a hospital.

* * *

FORMER WILMINGTON BASEBALL PLAYER WEDS IN LOUISIANA

Friends in Wilmington have received the following announcements

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hannah
announce the marriage of their
daughter,
Marie,
to
Mr. William Lincoln Dubs
on Saturday, May the twenty-second
nineteen hundred and fifteen.
Bienville, La.

Enclosed cards read: "At home after June 15, Kingsport, Tenn."

Mr. Dubbs was a member of the Wilmington team in the East Carolina League several years ago, and was known to the fans as "W. Darling." His many friends here will be interested in the announcement of his marriage.

* * *

QUIET BUT BEAUTIFUL WEDDING AT ST. PAUL'S

St. Paul's, N. C., June 12.—The home of Mrs. Mary C. King was the scene of a quiet and simple but very beautiful wedding Wednesday afternoon at 5 o'clock when her daughter, Mary Elizabeth, became the bride of Mr. George T. Klarpp, of Shannon, N. C. The parlor was beautifully decorated for the happy occasion. Miss Meta Klarpp, sister of the groom, presided at the piano.

Rev. A. I. Groves, the bride's pastor, assisted by Rev. H. M. Eure, of Red Springs, performed the ceremony, witnessed by the immediate families only. The bride wore a beautiful white charmeuse trimmed with Oriental lace.

Immediately after the ceremony the birdal party left for the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Klarpp, at Shannon, in which place they will be at home after June 25. Mrs. Klarpp is a very attractive young woman, with a charm which has won for her many friends. Mr. Klarpp is an energetic and successful business man.

* * *

MR. S. F. CALDWELL WEDS MISS RUTH KEISTER, OF VIRGINIA.

Lumberton, N. C., June 12.—A marriage of much interest to all this section and to a large part of North Carolina and Virgina was celebrated at Pulaski, Va., this evening at 6 o'clock, the contracting parties being Mr. Simeon F. Caldwell, of Lumberton, and Miss Ruth Keister, of Pulaski. The ceremony was performed at the home of the bride's father, Dr. J. W. Keister, Rev. J. I. Coiner officiating. Miss Charlotte Trollinger, of Pulaski, presided at the piano and Miss Mary Wysong beautifully rendered several solos. Mr. Woodbury Lennon, of Lumberton, acted as best man and Miss Mary Keister, sister of the bride, was maid of honor.

Immediately after the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Caldwell left for an extended bridal tour through the West and North. They will spend a week in Yellowstone Park; will visit the expositions at San Francisco and San Diego, Cal.; will visit Portland, Ore., Seattle, Wash., and Vancouver, B. C. Then they will take the Canadian Pacific, stopping at Canadian points of interest, and will return via Chicago and Cincinnati, the time consumed on the trip being five or six weeks.

Mr. Caldwell left Thursday night for Pulaski, accompanied by his father, Mr. R. D. Caldwell; his sister, Miss Annie Ruth Caldwell, and Mr. Woodbury Lennon. Miss Irene McLeod, an intimate friend of the bride, left for Pulaski several days ago. Those from here who attended the wedding are expected to return Tuesday of the coming week.

Miss Kate Styron, of the Wilmington High School faculty, will tutor in Mathematics and Latin during the months of June and July. Phone 1494-J.

LOCAL DOTS.

—License was issued yesterday for the marriage of Mr. Morris Zaglin and Miss Annie Tchfeld, both of Wilmington.

—The regular monthly meeting of Cape Fear Camp, No. 254, United Confederate Veterans, will be held at the W. L. I. armory this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

—The tug Blance arrived yesterday from Beaufort, N. C., towing a barge with coal for the Springer Coal Company. The coal is from Norfolk by way of Beaufort.

—By deed filed for record yesterday Edwin A. Alderman and others transfer to Mrs. Alice Green Wilson, for $100 and other considerations, lot on east line of Fourth, 66 feet south of Walnut street, 66 by 200 feet in size.

—Ellis E. Page, of Lumberton, yesterday filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy with Mr. S. P. Collier, Deputy clerk of the United States District Court. He is represented by H. S. Stacy and Robert E. Lee, Esqs., of Lumberton.

—Mr. J. C. Huey, of Winter Park, is said to be the first to have home grown tomatoes on the local market. He marketed his first tomatoes last Monday, and came in with a second lot Wednesday. The tomatoes brought fancy prices.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Col. C. A. Bennett, commanding officer at Fort Caswell, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

HANDSOME SILVER CUP FOR CITY LEAGUE CHAMPIONS

Given by Reach Baseball Company and on Display at Northam's.

One of the handsomest trophy cups ever offered here is that to be given by the Reach Baseball Company to the championship team of the City League for the present season. The cup is now on display in the window of Northam's, on Princess street, and is attracting much attention. It is of unique and appropriate design, and combines the classic features of art with a cleverly executed presetation of the sport for which it is given.

The City League has officially adopted the Reach line of goods for use in its games this season, and in recognition of this the company is offering the handsome silver cup to the pennant winner. The cup will make a beautiful trophy and it will add to the friendly rivalry that already characterizes the games between the teams constituting the League.

YOUNG MAN FOUND GUILTY OF BLACKMAIL.

Leonard Sterne Given One Year on the Farm—Final Judgment Reserved.

Leonard Sterne, a young white man, was yesterday found guilty of blackmail by Recorder Empie and sentenced to serve one year on the county farm. At the request of his attorney, L. Clayton Grant, Esq., final judgment was reserved until Monday. The evidence in the case was heard several days ago and judgment reserved until yesterday. The young man is only 18 years old and the circumstances surrounding the case are peculiarly sad.

Dave Wilson, colored, was found guilty of carrying concealed weapons and being unable to pay a fine of $25 and the costs was ordered sent to the roads for 60 days. Willie McNeil, colored, was convicted of making an assault with a deadly weapon and was sentenced to serve four months on the county roads.

NO EXTRA PRACTICE.

Colonel Bennett, of Fort Caswell, Says Nothing to Rumors.

Colonel Bennett, commanding officer at Fort Caswell, was in Wilmington yesterday on busines. He said that there was absolutely nothing to the reports that gained circulation several days ago regarding the prolonged practice and testing of the big guns at the fort. He said that the practice in May, due notice of which was given the public, only continued for three days in accordance with the usual custom. He also said that leaves of absence were being granted as usual, there having been no orders issued otherwise.

The reports that the big guns were being fired probably came from the fact that several big charges of dynamite were exploded last week in destroying some government rubbish across the Cape Fear near Wilmington.

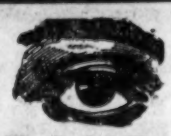
TO HAVE MEMORIAL TODAY

Public is Invited to Attend Exercises in Honor of Deceased Firemen.

The public is cordially invited to atten dthe exercises in Dock Street Christian church this afternon at 4o'clock when the Wilmington firemen will pay tribute to their deceased comrades. Rev. F. B. Clausen, pastor of St. Paul's Lutheran church, will deliver the address. There will be a special musical programme. Rev. J. A. Sullivan and Mr. J. B. Huntington will take part in the services, which will be most impressive.

Ordinance is Required.

The day for the regular weekly meetings of City Council will not be changed for several weeks, yet, according to a statement yesterday by Mayor Moore, who has been looking into the charter as it bears on this question. It was proposed at the first meeting to hold the regular weekly meetings Monday night at 8 o'clock, instead of Wednesday morning at 10. An ordinance must be passed, however, to change the time of meeting, and it will require ten days or two weeks for this action.



TROUBLE

Is Bad Enough with Perfect Fitting Glasses; with Ill-Fitting Glasses, it is Almost Unbearable.

WE CAN WORK WONDERS

with Your Misfit Eye Glasses or Spectacles.

We Are Specialists

In the Eye-Glass and Spectacle Business.

Scientific Examination

and Glasses, Complete, from

$2.00 to $8.50

Work Guaranteed Unconditionally

WILMINGTON OPTICAL CO.

"EVERYTHING OPTICAL"
102 N. Front Street,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH

Mrs. R. M. Batthdlor, of Tampa, Fla., is a guest at the Parsley Cottage.

Mr. Hugh Overstreet and Master John Carl Paddison are spending the summer at the Surfside Cottage.

Miss Mannie Parsley, who has been a student at Fassifern for the past year, has returned home and is spending the summer with her mother, Mrs. W. M. Parsley, at her cottage on the beach.

Among the guests at the Surfside cottage are Mr. W. W. Perry, Salisbury; Mr. J. A. Highsmith, Greensboro; Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Stewart and family, Mrs. John Meyland, Wilmington, and Mrs. Barr, Washington, D. C.

Capt. Oscar Salter, who far a number of years has been in charge of the fishing fleet at the Oceanic Hotel, will be connected with the Seashore Hotel this year in a similar capacity. He has many friends on the beach and in Wilmington.

The new garage recently erected on the road between Villa View and Wrightsville Sound Station was opened t othe public yesterday and will prove a big convenience to automobilists who go down to the sound in their machines. It is in charge of Mr. James Fennell.

The Philharmonic Concert Orchestra, of Philadelphia, will give two concerts at Lumina this afternoon and evening. The afternoon concert takes place at 4 o'clock and the evening concert at 8:30 o'clock. Attractive programes have been arranged which will no doubt be much enjoyed.

There was a large attendance at Wrightsville Beach last evening for the week-end dance. The warm weather made many seek the refreshing sea breezes, while there were a large number who took part in the dancing. It was decidedly the best evening of the season at this popular pavilion.

Mr. T. W. Strange, who has been connected with the Oceanic Hotel for the last several seasons, will be with this hotel this summer. He recently returned from Chapel Hill, where he was a student at the University of North Carolina. He will leave today for Atlanta, Ga., on business for the hotel.

Among the week-end arrivals at Mrs. W. M. Parsley's cottage are Mr. and Mrs. H. W. More and family, Charlotte; Mrs. J. G. Barentine, Wilmington; Miss Sadie Davidson and two nieces, Charlotte; Mr. Graham Andrews, Raleigh; Mr. Edwin Copley Wemple, Fayetteville; and Mr. T .A. McNeill, Lumberton.

The concert at the Seashore Hotel today from 12 o'clock until 2 p. m. by the Harmony Concert Party will be a most enjoyable feature and there will no doubt be many who will visit the hotel to hear the members render the most excellent programme that has been prepared for the occasion. This will be the first Sunday concert to be given at this hotel.

CONTRACT AWARDED YESTERDAY

Rhodes & Underwood to Erect Building Next to Bank.

Rhodes & Underwood were yesterday awarded the contract for the erection of the two-story business building next north of the new Murchison building, the new structure to cost approximately $6,000.

The new store will have a frontage of 18 feet, and the front will be of terra cotta and stone, while the walls will be of brick. The contract specifies that the building is to be complete by September 15. Plans for the structure were drawn by Mr. J. E. Leitner.

The building, it is said, will be occupied by a shoe firm when it is completed.

NEW SUMMER UNIFORMS.

Tidewater Men Now Wearing Khaki Serge Suits.

The conductors and motormen of the Tidewater Power Company donned their new summer uniforms yesterday. The new uniforms are of khaki serge, instead of the heavy blue material worn heretofore, and they made a nice showing yesterday. The caps are of the same material, and both cap and uniform are trimmed in gold braid.

There are something like 50 uniforms in the lot purchased by the Tidewater, and they were supplied through Shrier & Solomon, of this city.

VALUABLE CITY LOT FOR SALE.

By direction of the City Council, the undersigned will offer for sale, at public auction, on Monday, July 12th, 1915, at the City Hall, at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable lot with building thereon, situate at the corner of Sixth and Castle streets, formerly used as an engine house. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

THOS. D. MEARES,
je10-law4w City Clerk and Treasurer.

SPECIAL CALL TO DIVINE WORSHIP

To the People of Wilmington:

Moved by a solemn sense of the tremendous issues now at stake in the world crisis through which the Christian nations of the world are now passing, and deeply impressed with the need of Divine guidance and aid in meeting the duties and obligations which rest upon the people and rulers of our nation in this fateful hour, we, the ministers and pastors of the majority of the churches and congregations of this community, in conference assembled, desire to urge upon them and all the people of our city of every creed the claims and need of divine worship, of sober and serious thought and conduct, and of frequent resort to their several places of prayer and the preaching of God's word.

While recognizing that this is the season of recreation and diversion, and that it is both the privilege and the duty of those upon whom the burdens of life rest heavily during the rest of the year to seek such wholesome relaxation as the season affords, we submit that Divine worship so far from being a burden which may be laid aside for such purposes of recreation, while always to be recognized as an obligation never to be neglected, is at this time a supreme necessity; and that the proper observance of the Sabbath, Jewish or Christian, while always a solemn and eternal obligation, is of especial sacredness in this hour of need. We, therefore, further submit that its use for purposes of selfish pleasure, always a sacrilege, at this time, when every hour thousands are dying and men's hearts are failing them across the seas from perplexity and fear at the things that may come, and those who are in authority in our own land are burdened with so great a weight of responsibility for wise judgment and the direction of our own affairs, is doubly a sacrilege and an abuse which every serious-minded person must discourage both by precept and example.

With these considerations before us, we issue this memorial as a solemn call to all people in this community, to frequent attendance upon the services of divine worship, especially on the Sabbath, to earnest prayer for divine guidance and aid, to humble confession of their own sins and to unwearying supplication and intercession for the sins and sufferings of others.

Given under our hand this seventh day of June, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and fifteen.

(Signed) F. B. CLAUSEN, President.
J. B. HUNTINGTON, Secretary.
June 7, 1915. Ministers' Association of Wilmington.

TO HAVE BABY HOSPITAL

Rear Annex at Walker Memorial Hospital Will Be Used—Public Asked to Contribute Money.

Arrangements have been made by the committee appointed several weeks ago to make provision for caring for sick babies during the warm weather months for securing the use of the rear annex of the James Walker Memorial Hospital. This building is to be used for three months and if at the expiration of this period the work has been successful an effort will be made to take advantage of the offer by a public-spirited citizen to contribute $20,000 for a baby hospital.

The baby hospital which is to be operated during the summer months will in no way be connected with the hospital, but all physicians of the city will have the privilege of taking babies there for treatment. It is estimated that it will require at least $3,000 to properly equip the annex and to care for needy babies during the summer months. Donations of cribs, with springs and mattresses, sheeting by the piece, towels will be gladly received by the committee. Mrs. G. H. Croom has been appointed treasurer by the committee and she will be glad to receive donations at her home, No. 407 Front. Her phone is 1001 and she will be glad to send for donations, if she is notified.

MISS SCOTT TO GIVE CANNING DEMONSTRATIONS

Raleigh Woman Will Spend Two Days This Month in New Hanover.

Miss Margaret Scott, of Raleigh, will give a canning demonstration at the Winter Park schoolhouse on June 22 and on the following day at Wrightsboro school house. All ladies interested in canning are invited to attend these demonstrations. Miss Scott is an expert in this work and will be able to give valuable advice along the lines of preserving the products, grown at home.

Mr. J. P. Herring, county farm demonstrator, is greatly interested in having the people of the county put in home canneries. While recognizing the value of a large cannery he believes that the first step in this direction should be taken by putting in individual home canneries. Mrs. J. P. Herring, who has devoted much study to this interesting subject, is also interested and has already given much time to conducting demonstrations and helping in every way possible.

MRS. J. W. MINTZ DEAD.

Respected and Beloved Christian Lady Passed Away Last Night.

The announcement that Mrs. J. W. Mintz passed away last night at 8:30 o'clock at her home, No. 520 South Fifth street, will be received with much regret by a host of friends in Wilmington and elsewhere. She was stricken with paralysis about ten days ago while at Wrightsville Beach from which she never recovered. All the members of the family were at her bedside when the end came peacefully last night.

The funeral will be conducted this afternoon at 4 o'clock from the residence of Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, assisted by Rev. W. M. Craig, acting pastor of the First Baptist church, and Rev. W. G. Hall, pastor of Southside Baptist church. The interment will be in Oakdale cemetery.

Mrs. Mintz was born in Octobef, 1851, in Federal Point township and was, therefore, 64 years old. Early in life she went to Southport where she lived until six years ago when with members of her family she came to Wilmington. She was a devoted member of the First Baptist church, of this city.

She is survived by her husband, Capt. J. W. Mintz, and the following children: Miss Cassie G. Mintz, of this city; Rev. Eugene Mintz, of Ballsville, Va.; Mr. Fred R. Mintz, of Mt. Olive; Mr. Harry C. Mintz, of Jacksonville, Fla., and Mr. W. J. Mintz, of Wilmington. Surviving also is one sister, Mrs. H. K. Ruark, of this city.

AS SPECIAL MEETING

Want Chamber to Act on Valuations of Property.

A movement was started among business men on Front street yesterday looking to asking for a special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce to consider the matter of the property valuations under the new assessments now being made, and to appoint a committee to co-operate with the county commissioners in the matter.

Considerable dissatisfaction has been expressed as to the reported increased valuations, and whether the Chamber of Commerce takes any action on the matter or not, strong protests will probably be lodged with the commissioners when they meet as a Board of Equalization later on.

HAD PELLAGRA; IS NOW CURED

Hillsboro, Ala.—J. W. Turner, of this place, says: "I ought to have written you two weeks ago, but failed to do so. I got well and then forgot to write you. I can get about like a 10-year-old boy; you ought to see me run around and tend to my farm. I can go all day just like I used to. I am so thankful to know there is such a good remedy to cure people of pellagra."

There is no longer any doubt that pellagra can be cured. Don't delay until it is too late. It is your duty to consult the resourceful Baughn.

The symptoms—hands red like sunburn, skin peeling off, sore mouth, the lips, throat and tongue a flaming red, with much mucus and choking; indigestion and nausea, either diarrhoea or constipation.

There is hope; get Baughn's big Free book on Pellagra and learn about the remedy for Pellagra that has at last been found. Address American Compounding Co., box 2097, Jasper, Ala., remembering money is refunded in any case where the remedy fails to cure.—Adv't.

J.F.LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27, 28, 29 Garrell Building.

Fruit Jars---Advance

MASON, 1 pt.; 1 qt.; 2 qt. SURE SEAL, 1 pt.; 1 qt.; 2 qt.
JAR TOPS. JELLY GLASSES. JAR RUBBERS (all grades,
for Mason and Large-Mouth Jars:)
PRESERVING KETTLES (Aluminum, Agate and Maslin.)
APPLE PARERS. APPLE CORERS.
June 5th Mason Jars Advanced in Cost $1.00 Gross.
SEND US YOUR ORDERS QUICK! PROMPT ATTENTION
AND LOWEST PRICES.

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10 AND 12 SOUTH FRONT STREET

$25.00

Making that weekly? You will probably make more. If you live and retain your health. But, after all, what will it be worth to you unless you keep a part of it in a Savings Account? If you live, the time will come when you can make nothing—your working day will be over. Are you providing for that time now? In your old age, will you live on your income or your friends?

"A willful penuriousness is better than a wasteful extravagance. Sinesides, being reproached with parsimony, said he would rather enrich his enemies after his death than borrow of his friends in his lifetime."

$1.00 STARTS AN ACCOUNT. WHY NOT TODAY?

HOME SAVINGS BANK

Cor. Front and Chestnut Sts. Home Bank Building.

Atlantic Trust and Banking Co.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

A Good Habit Fosters Contentment.

GET IN THE HABIT

of putting by each pay-day a small portion of the wage.

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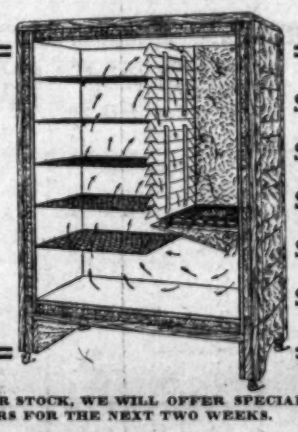
ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-THREE HOURS

IS HOW LONG THE 75 LBS. OF ICE LASTED IN THE SEEGER REFRIGERATOR.



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TO REDUCE OUR STOCK, WE WILL OFFER SPECIAL DISCOUNTS ON REFRIGERATORS FOR THE NEXT TWO WEEKS.

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Load Your Camera With
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OUR CARBONLESS AUTOIL

FOR AUTOMOBILES CANNOT BE EXCELLED. PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY.

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.
WILMINGTON, N. C. 'PHONE 873.

The New Overland
PRICE $750 F. O. B. TOLEDO

GREATEST AUTOMOBILE VALUE EVER OFFERED.
NOW ON DISPLAY AT OUR GARAGE—CALL FOR DEMONSTRATION.

Take any of the popular, lower-priced cars—go even down below $500, if you please—Then put on all the extras that go with the Overland as regular equipment and you have a "dressed up" car that costs you just as much as the magnificent New Overland, No. 83, but minus its comforts, its various refinements and its ability to go anywhere, any time.

LASSITER-McDUFFIE CO., Inc.
HUDSON. OVERLAND. WHITE.
114 North Second Street Wilmington, N. C.

? ARE YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS FILLED
In a Sanitary Store, under Sanitary Conditions,
by Capable Registered Pharmacists?
IF YOU CAN'T TELL US, TELEPHONE 248
ELVINGTON & MINTZ
— PRESCRIPTION SPECIALISTS —

16th ANNUAL MILL-END SALE

Starts Monday Morning, June 14, at 9 O'clock

The Sale for which Everybody is Waiting! A Week of Wonderful Values Begins Next Monday

This is an annual event that has been growing in magnitude for years and preparation has been under progress for several weeks with the one idea in view to make this the banner month in the history of this firm's merchandising.

Manufacturers and jobbers have contributed much towards the success of this sale by such price concessions as would enable us to handle enormous quantities of seasonable merchandise and we, in turn, are preparing to give to our customers greater bargains than ever before. This is to be a real profit-sharing event.

One feature of this sale will be the Special Hour Sales each day, morning and evening.

SPECIAL HOUR SALE FEATURING EACH DAY

MONDAY, June 14th, at 10 o'clock, for one hour, we will sell new hats, fine Hemp and new straws, Navy, Black, Sand, Tan, White Hat that sold at $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00; Mill-End Sale Price.. .. .. **50c**

Also wonderful assortment $1.00 to $1.35 hats in extra special values at.. .. .. **25c**

MONDAY, June 14th at 4 P. M. for one hour only, 2,000 yards 10c fine crepe, 28-inch wide, beautiful patterns, neat figures; Mill-End Sale price, per yard.. .. .. **5c**

TUESDAY, June 15th, at 10 A. M. for one hour only, 50c night gowns, fine bleached muslin, extra .... value, special hours sale.. . **25c**
(Limit 4.)

50c Umbrella, Black Top, wood handles, special hous sale.. .. .. **25c**

TUESDAY, June 15th, at 4 P. M. for one hour only, Ladies' 10c gauze vests, splendid value, Specia Hour Sale, each **5c**

Standard Calico, neat figures, on light ground, special hour sale, 10 yards for.. .. .. .. **39c**

WEDNESDAY, June 16th, 10 A. M., for one hour, 5,000 yards 10c Fancy Dress Ginghams, Beautiful Patterns, Special hour sale, per yard.. .. .. **5c**
(Limit 8 Yards.)

Ladies' White Handkerchiefs, 5c Values, One Hour Sale, 6 for.. .. .. **10c**

WEDNESDAY, June 16th, 4 P. M., for one hour, White Dotted Swiss, fine quality, 10c value, yard wide, splendid for half or full length curtain, Special Hour Salé.. .. .. **5c**
(Limit 10 Yards.)

THURSDAY, June 17th, 10 A. M., for one hour, New Hats, fine Hemp and New straws, Navy, Black, Sand, Tan, White. Hats that sold at $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00; Mill-End Sale Price.. .... **50c**

And Women's Tan Oxfords and Pumps, $2.00 to $3.50 values, sizes, 2 1-2 to 5. Special One Hour Sale.. .. .. **$1.00**

THURSDAY, June 17th, 4 P. M., for one hour, $2.75 Matting Art Squares, fancy patterns, 9x12. Special Hour Sale, each. **$1.98**
(Limit 2.)

25c Mattlin rug, 27x50, beautiful patterns, special hour sale, each.. .. .. **15c**
(Limit 4.)

FRIDAY, June 18th, 10 A. M., for one hour, 25c Table Cloth, White Damask, 56 inches wide, Special Hour Sale, per yard.. .. .. **15c**
(Limit 5 Yards.)

25c Ribbon, fancy and plain colors, 5 and 6 inches wide, One Hous Sale.. .. .. **15c**

FRIDAY, June 18th, 4 P. M., for one hour, Standard Percale, beautiful, neat patterns, Special for One Hour Sale, per yard .. . **5c**
(Limit 8 Yards.)

SATURDAY, June 19th, all day—Shoe Day: Children's Oxfords, $1.25 and $1.50, values.. .. .. **89c**

Boy's Oxfords, $2.00 to $3.00 values.. .. .. **98c**

Men's Oxfords, $2.50 to $4.00 values.. .. .. .. **$1.98**

Women's Oxford and Pumps, $2.00 to $3.00 values, sizes, 2 1-2 to 5, Special.. .. .. **$1.39**

Extraordinary Bargains In Domestics

10 yards 10c yard-wide Poe Mills Bleaching, for 69c
10 yards 8c yard-wide Bleaching, for 59c
10 yards 8c yard-wide Sea Island Sheeting, for 59c
10 yards 6c yard-wide Unbleached Sheeting, for 49c
10 yards 5c three-fourths yard wide Bleaching, for 39c
90-inch Unbleached Sheeting, regular 27½c value; Mill-End Sale 22c
11-4 Unbleached Sheeting, regular 30c quality; Mill-End Sale .25c
50c White Sheets, 72x90; Mill-End Sale 39c
59c White Sheets, 72x90, good quality; Mill-End Sale . . .49c

Rich Savings in Small Notions

5c Pearl Buttons; Mill-End Sale 2c
10c Pearl Buttons; Mill-End Sale 4c
10c Stickersee Braid, assorted colors; Mill-End Sale 7c
5c Hooks and Eyes; Mill-End Sale 1c
Needles, per paper; Mill-End Sale 1c
Pins, per paper; Mill-End Sale 1c
Darning Cotton, all colors; Mill-End Sale 2c
Children's Handkerchiefs; Mill-End Sale 1c
25c Stickerie Braid; Mill-End Sale .. .. .18c
5c Box Paper, per box; Mill-End Sale 4c
10c Box Paper, per box; Mill-End Sale 7c

Novelties in Ladies' Neckwear

Wonderful selection of attractive designs and materials, in Lace and Organdie Collars, at .....25c, 50c up to 98c

Attractive Values in Men's Underwear

25c Undershirts and Drawers to match, gauze or check nainsook; Special Mill-End Sale .. .. .19c
50c Underwear, balbriggan or nainsook, short or long sleeves, or short or long Drawers; Mill-End Sale .. .. .39c
50c Patent Seam Drawers; Mill-End Sale .. .. .39c
25c Plain, solid color, Socks; Mill-End Sale .. .. .18c
19c Plain, solid color, Socks; Mill-End Sale .. .. .12½c
10c Plain, solid color, Socks; Mill-End Sale 7½c

5c White Handkerchiefs; Mill-End Sale 3c
Men's 25c Belts; Mill-End Sale .. .. .19c
Men's 50c Belts; Mill-End Sale .. .. .39c
$1.25 Summer Work Pants; Mill-End Sale .. .. .98c
$2.00 Summer Work Pants, big variety, all sizes; Mill-End Sale $1.48
Children's 50c Rompers; Mill-End Sale .. .. .29c

White Goods at Extra Splendid Savings

36-inch wide Pajama Checks; regular 12½c values; Mill-End Sale 8½c
10c White Lawn; splendid value; Mill-Eend Sale, at 7½c
12 1-2c White Linene Suiting, 35 inches wide; Mill-End Sale 8½c
60c Sheer Linen and Linen Cambric; Mill-End Sale 48c
Specials in White Flaxon, Luna Lawn, Lyklinen, Mercerized Batiste, Handkerchief Linen, Basket Weave Madras, Ottoma Cord and many others; splendid weaves in great values.
40-inch Printed Voile, neat, pretty patterns; formerly sold at 25c, and special good value; our Mill-End Sale price . . .19c
40-inch White Lawn; splendid value; regular 12½c quality; Mill-End Sale 8½c
15c White Luna Lawn; Mill-End Sale .. .. .10c
25c White Luna Lawn; Mill-End Sale .. .. .18c
Knickerbocker Nainsook, 12 yards to box; $1.50 values; Mill-End Sale, at $1.19

Towels and Table Linen At a Bargain

18x36 15c Cotton Huck Towels; Mill-End Sale .. .. .10c
25c Linen Towels; colored border with fringe; Mill-End Sale 19c
35c Linen Towels; colored borders; Mill-End Sale 23c
25c Table Damask, 56 inches wide; Mill-End Sale, per yard.. .. .. .18c
35c Table Damask, 64 inches wide; Mill1End Sale; per yard .. .. .25c
50c Table Damask, 64 inches wide; Mill-End Sale, per yard.. .. .. .39c
$1.25 Table Linen, 72 inches wide; Mill-End Sale, per yard.. .. .. .98c
$1.00 Table Linen Damask, 70 inches wide; Mill-End Sale, per yard.. .. .. .69c
25c Extra size heavy Turkish Towell; Mill-End Sale. . . .19c
5c Towels, Mill-End Sale, each .4c

Wonderful Savings in Shoes

$1.25 Skuffer Sandals, black, sizes 8 1-2 to 11; Mill-End Sale.. .. .. .75c
Boys' black and tan Oxfords, regular $2.50 and $3.00 values; Mill-End Sale.. .. .. .98c
One lot $3.50 and $4.00 Crawford Oxfords, black and tan; Mill-End Sale.. .. ..$1.98
Women's $2.00 and $2.50 Slippers; Special; Mill-End Sale.. .. ..$1.39
Misses $1.50 Patent, Gun Metal and Tan Oxfords and one-strap Pumps.. .. .. .98c
Women's white, black and tan Oxfords, Special.. .. .. .. .98c
One lot Women's black and tan Oxfords; Mill-End Sale. . .$1.98
One lot Men's Patent and tan Oxfords regular $3.00 value; Mill-End Sale.. .. ..$1.39
Many other special bargains in footwear during this sale.
White Canvas Pumps, black trimmed, $2.00 value. All sizes, Special at $1.25

Extraordinary Values in High-Grade Muslin Underwear

25c Drawers and Corset Covers; Mill-End Sale.. .. .. .. .18c
50c Drawers, Gowns, Skirts and Corset Covers; Mill-End Sale.. .. .. .39c
69 and 75c Gowns and Skirts; Mill-End Sale.. .. .. .. .48c
$1.00 Gowns, Skirts and Chimise; Mill-End Sale.. .. .. .69c
$1.25 and $1.50 Night-Gowns, Skirts and Chimise; Mill-End Sale.. .. .. .98c
One lot Short Kimonas, 25c values; Mill-End Sale special. .10c
One lot Long Kimonas, 50c values; Mill-End Sale special at.. .. .. .25c

Women's Underwear and Hosiery

Ladies' 10c fine Ribbed Vest; Mill-End Sale.. .. ..6 1-2c
Ladies' 15c fine Ribbed Vest; Mill-End Sale.. .. ..8 1-2c
Ladies' 25c fine Ribbed Vest; Mill-End Sale .. .. .19c
Ladies' 50c fine Ribbed Union Suits; Mill-End Sale .. .. .39c
Ladies' 25c black Lisle Hose; Mill-End Sale .. .. .19c
Ladies' 10c black, white and tan Hose; Mill-End Sale 7 1-2c
Ladies' 50c Silk Hose; Mill-End Sale.. .. .. .39c

Silks and Dress Goods

Attractive values in desirable materials for Vacation Days and Hot Summer weather.
$1.25 Yard-wide black Peande Soie Silks; Mill-End Sale.. .. .. .95c
40 inch Charmense Silk, regular $1.50 value. Several shades to select from; Mill-End Sale.. .. ..$1.19
25c Japonika Silks almost all the new colors; Mill-End Sale.. .. .. .19c
36-inch Silk Crepe, black, green, light blue, pink, Copenhagen blue; Mill-End Sale.. .. .. .39c
35c White Voile and stripe Morquisette, 40 inches wide; Mill-End Sale.. .. .. .25c

Art Squares and Rugs

Immense assortment inspecially desirable lines. Note the prices:
9x12 Matting Art Squares; $5.00 values; splendid assortment, and think of saving more than $2.00 on one Rug; Mill-End Sale.. .. ..$2.98
9x12 Brussels Art Squares. Regular $15.00 value; Mill-End Sale.. .. ..$9.98
9x12 Smith Axminster Art Spuare. Regular $30 value; Mill-End Sale.... .. ..$23.50
9x12 Smith Palisade Velvet Art Square. Regular $20.00 value; Mill-End Sale.. .. ..$13.75
Deltox yard-wide, stripe or solid color Runners, splendid assortment, per yard.. .. .. .40c
Carpets of the best makes; Brussels, Velvet and Tapestry Carpets; great variety.
Mosquito Canopies, Hammocks and Porch Screens, Baby Protectors, to keep the Flies and Mosquitoes off the Baby. Call and see them.
9x12 Dixie Wool and Fibee Art Squares, big assortment $7.50 values; Mill-End Sale.. .. ..$4.48

Bed Spreads at Bargain Prices

85c White Bed Spreads; Mill-End Sale .. .. .69c
$1.00 White Bed Spreads; Mill-End Sale.. .. .. .75c
$1.25 White Bed Spreads; Mill-End Sale.. .. .. .98c
$1.75 White Bed Spreads; Mill-End Sale.. .. ..$1.39
$2.50 White Bed Spreads; Mill-End Sale.. .. ..$1.98
$3.50 White Bed Spreads; Mill-End Sale.. .. ..$2.50
$4.50 White Bed Spreads; Mill-End Sale.. .. ..$3.48

$1.25 and $1.50 White Pique Dress Skirts, full flown with two pockets, new style; Mill-End Sale.. **98c**

Dresses, Fine Voile, lace trimmed, several styles and sizes, at $5.00, $7.50 and $9.00.

Men's New Palm Beach Suits, 34 to 44, Special; Mill-End Sale.. .. .. **$5.00**

$8.50 Quality, Special..... **$6.75**

Water Tumblers, full size, regular 75c values, Special Mill-End Sale, per dozen.. .. .. **50c**

Ladies' Coat Suits, Made of best, Genuine Palm Beach, $6.50, $7.50 and $8.50.

Imitation Leghorn Hats, Newest shapes, fine quality, almost requires an expert to detect difference between this and real Leghorn Hat, $1.50 Value, our Special Prices....**98c**

$1.00 yard-wide Messaline Silk, black only, extra fine quality; Special Mill-End Sale price **69c**

50 dozen Ladies' Handkerchiefs, fine Irish lawn, embroidered corner, 12 1-2c values, each **9c**

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

Everything sold for Cash during this sale, and any purchases not entirely satisfactory, Money Will be Refunded.

$5.00 and $6.00 Skirts, black and navy, made in the newest styles; Special Mill-End Sale, at **$3.50**

IMPORTANT NOTICE !

Citizens who fail to list taxes are warned that they are liable to indictment. Books are open daily (except Sunday) from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. and on Saturday from 7 to 9 P. M.

W. A. WILLIAMS.

Gen. J. S. Carr Will Not Be A Candidate For Governorship

The Star is in receipt of the following signed statement from Gen. Julian S. Carr, of Durham, who has been prominently and persistently mentioned as a probable candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor in 1916:

"Returning my most grateful thanks to my friends who have expressed a wish to support me for the Governorship, I take this opportunity to say I am not, nor will I be a candidate.

"Most respectfully,

"JULIAN S. CARR."

CHANGES NECESSARY IN THE HAGUE CONVENTION

Subject Discussed by Prof. Ibsen in Berlin Paper.

Says New Conditions and Developments Without Precedent Must be Provided for in New Regulations and Treaties.

The changes that the present war may render necessary in the decrees of The Hague convention are discussed at considerable length in an article by Prof. Sigurd Ibsen, which is prominently published in the Vossische Zeitung. New conditions and developments without precedent in former history, says Prof. Ibsen, must be provided for in new regulations and treaties. In naval warfare, for example, he observes:

"The right to wage war at sea must be regulated anew. In fact, this has never been established on a firm basis. But no one could have foreseen that it rested on a foundation so utterly unstable as events have proved.

"There have been many attempts to place the law for war at sea on a firm foundation. The second Hague Convention and the London Conference of 1909 drew up a whole list of regulations in relation to sea warfare which altogether made a complete book of statutes on the subject. But the difficulty was that many of these regulations were either rendered unworkable by reservations or did not gain the force of law through failure to obtain recognition from the governments concerned. This was the fate of the most important volume of declarations, the oft-quoted London Declarations, and England was able very soon without announcing any formal breach of the law to overstep the boundaries of the agreement. Naturally Germany went in for reprisals, and the result is a sea warfare which stands in contradiction to almost every international right that has so far been laid down.

"However uncertain the obligations were in the past, there were certain limitations which could not be overstepped. But it seems that at present there is no limitation to the claim of every state to do as it pleases. The law of contraband has received a development which no one foresaw. The trade and the shipping of neutral countries have been placed under a control which has become humiliating. The sinking of enemy merchant ships, which formerly was allowed only when unavoidable, has now become a regular practice.

"This condition of things is due to the working of two factors. In the first place, sea warfare has become a much more intensive way than heretofore anyone could have believed, a battle of financial weapons, a bitter fight for the means of existence. In the second place the improvement of the modern means of war, in particular the submarines and mines, has developed a kind of war which is without precedent in former history and which falls by necessity outside the range of international law, which was adapted to conditions very different from the present.

"All this must be put right at the next Hague Conference. It will be the aim of the Conference to make International law as far as possible square with these new facts. More than this one cannot say at the present moment. No one can say what regulations will be drawn up for contraband, blockades, and other matters of this kind, or what code of conduct can be drawn up for combatants in this sphere of warfare, or what can be conceded to neutrals.

"These regulations must be drawn up in the light of experience and according to the power and influence which different states or groups of states can exercise. Anything, however, will be better than the present loose arrangement."

The writer, turning to the international regulations governing military and field operations, maintains that international rights have been ignored by the French and English in their treatment of enemy subjects and enemy property in their countries.

As to humanizing warfare, Prof. Ibsen has little hope of international law being able to accomplish much. "Warfare, instead of being humanized," he remarks, "must necessarily become more and more frightful, in accordance with the ceaseless development of technical skill in the provision of new and more perfect weapons. It is an illusion to believe that war can be waged in gentler fashion. There is only one proposition worth considering, and that is to see that no occasion arises for war. This, however, is not the work of international lawyers, but of politicians and diplomats."

THEATRICAL

Back to musical comedy. Feeling that the good old summer time is when folks want something breezy, the Victoria Theatre management has decided to once more offer the amusement-lovers of Wilmington what is best, snappiest and brightest in the way of the tabloid music show, and will provide them with this big and attractive form of amusement without delay, which they will hear with great delight. So tomorrow afternoon the Victoria will change into a musical comedy house and there every afternoon and night will be seen what is the most fascinating in the way of musical shows.

Without doubt what people want these days is something to make them laugh, to feel merry over and forget their troubles. Sunshine, not gloom, is what they desire, and the Victoria management, which ever has its hand on the public pulse, is going to respond. It has made all arrangements for its summer season of musical shows and can well brag on the class of attractions that will be offered, while pointing with pride to the fact that the smallest kind of prices will prevail. In fact, when one sees the shows he will wonder how the management can afford it.

With matinee tomorrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock the Victoria will begin its new and merry work and will follow the afternoon inaugural performance with two performances at night, and the prices will indeed be tiny, being 5 cents for children and 10 cents for adults in the afternoons, while the evening prices will be 10 and 20 cents. The matinees will commence promptly at 3:30 o'clock and the evening performances at 7:30 and 9 o'clock.

The company selected for the opening week (this week) is a swell one; one that is known as the best on the Southern circuit, being strong alike for music and mirth. It possesses a bevy of charming girlies, who compose a sprightly chorus that will be greatly enjoyed. The attraction is the popular and well known Almedora Musical Comedy Company, and the Victoria can well consider itself fortunate and amusement-lovers lucky in being able to behold it.

Expressions of amusement-lovers already show that the summer season is going to be a go. They are delighted over the chance at being able to witness something jolly and musical during the hot weather months and especially under such cheerful, refreshing conditions, because the Victoria is known as the cool spot of Wilmington and is hygienically ventilated.

Charlie at the Bijou.

Again has the Bijou theatre gone out and shown their enterprise, their strict attention to their patrons' wants and their endeavor to give them just what they want, by announcing that they have bought for showing tomorrow, the very latest Essanay reelase, featuring Charlie Chaplin, "the scream of the screen, entitled, "By the Sea." Moving Picture World, in reviewing this picture says:

"There is something new under the sun—in the way of comedy business. Cahrlie Chaplin proves this in the opening scenes of his latest comedy, 'By the Sea,' a lively ocean breeze being utilized to fan the audience into a gale of merriment."

It goes without saying that Charlie Chaplin's screen work appeals to a great majority of movie fans, and it was therefore up to the Bijou to go ahead and buy this picture, although it does not come in the service used by the Bijou and these pictures are being sold at fancy prices, owing to the large salary paid to Chaplin. However, this is the policy of the Bijou, and their aptrons will have what they are assured is the very lates release featuring this screen star.

"The Trail of the Upper Yukon," a two-reel drama featuring Dorothy Phillips and Ben Wilson, also features Monday's bill, and contains some of the most beautiful and realistic Adirondack snow scenes ever injected into a photoplay.

Monday at the Grand.

Monday at the Grand is now the big comedy day of each week. The management having arranged to show either a two-reel Keystone comedy or a Charles Chaplin on Monday of each week tomorrow the programme has two great comedies. The two-reel Keystone "Droppington's Family Tree" with Chester Conklin in the leading role and a Lubin comedy "The Busy Bell Boy" with two celebrated vaudeville stars Pat Rooney and Marion Bent making their first appearance in pictures.

Conklin in the Keystone is extremely funny, the most of the scenes happen in a cabaret where Droppington and his son fall in love with the same girl, one of the dancers. The fun in this picture is of the fast and furious style and keeps you in a roar.

You will see two people in the Lubin "Bell Boy" picture that are going to become favorites with all movie fans. Pat Rooney whose mannerism are in a class by themselves and entirely different at a time when comedy photoplays are usually imitations, and Marion Bent, a beautiful danseuese. Rooney and Bent's conception of the modern dance steps as shown in the big danasnt scene is decidedly unique.

In the two-reel Essanay "Means and Morals" the low wage question is given forcible illustration. The story takes firm hold on the attention from the start first because of the strong manner in which it is presented and second because it deals with one of the uppermost question of the day, and vividly portrays things that are happening often in the large cities.

Concert at Lumina Today

8 and 8:30 p. m. Increased orchestra. Je13

AGED WHITE MAN KILLED BY TRAIN AT CHADBOURN

Run Down by Backing Freight and Cut in Twain.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Chadbourn, N. C., June 12.—Christopher Simmons, an aged white man, was struck and instantly killed here this afternoon by a freight train.

The train was being made up and Simmons was walking down the track in the opposite direction from which the train was headed and was struck while the train was running backwards.

His body was cut in two and otherwise mangled.

To Escape the Heat

of the city visit the beach today. Je13

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of the Lighthouse Inspector, Charleston, S. C., until 12 o'clock noon, June 21, 1915, and then opened, for docking and repairing U. S. Light Vessel No. 34. Blank proposals and particulars may be obtained by addressing the above office.

New All-Steel Sleeper in operation daily between Wilmington and Atlanta, via Seaboard Air Line Railway, leaves Wilmington 4:05 P. M.; arrives Atlanta 7:00 A. M. the next morning, connecting with through All-Steel Sleepers for Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City and Memphis.

For information or reservations, call 'Phone 178.

H. E. Pleasants, T. P. A.,
Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A.,
Raleigh, N. C.

je13-tf

Lumina Today.

Concerts afternoon and evening. Surf bathing. Je13

SPEND A COOL DAY At The Beach

Concerts at Lumina by The Philharmonic Concert Orchestra

Afternoon: 4 o'clock **Night: 8:30 o'clock**

Glorious Surf Bathing

Tables Provided Free at Lumina for Family Parties

TOMORROW NIGHT
Free Moving Picture Exhibition

"All Cats look grey—— ——at Night!"

"JUST Rubber and Canvass—pumped full of air!"

So thinks the Tire User who buys Pneumatics "Blind," without comparison after thorough *investigation.*

So thinks the Car Owner who buys from the Cut Price Dealer, the "just as good" Tire on which that Dealer quotes him the *biggest discount* off a Price List specially printed up for that purpose.

So thinks the Man whose Tire bill averages nearly half of his entire Season's running Expense, when it *need* not average one-fourth, if he would only "Work his head" and, once for all, *learn* the Tire Game

THERE are *Car Owners who regularly get 25% to 50% MORE Mileage, per Dollar* invested in Tires, than do the Owners of other Cars driven with equal care, under equivalent road conditions.

The latter type of Owner is apt to conclude offhand (from his own experience) that *all* Tires must be Short-lived and Unsatisfactory.

Now this is to tell *him* that there is *as much difference* between the Mileage and Resilience of different brands of Tires, when the *facts* are investigated, and proven through *actual Service*, as there is difference between the Color of Cats—when viewed by *Daylight.*

This is to inform him that three Rubber Factories using precisely the same quantity and quality of *Materials* might, and sometimes do, produce (through the difference in their Rubber EXPERIENCE and efficiency methods) Tires of such widely different *Mileage-Result* as to average 3000 Miles, 4000 Miles, and 5000 Miles respectively—under *parallel* road conditions.

COST of *production* is therefore no sure guide to the *Mileage* and Resilience which can be put into such a subtle and "temperamental" product as the Rubber in a Pneumatic Tire.

And, though The B. F. Goodrich Co. *can*, and does, put the *most* Mileage per Dollar invested by the User, into Goodrich Safety-Tread Tires, they do not interpret this as a reason why they should *charge* a higher price, to include an Insurance Premium which would place their "Adjustment Basis" beyond the safe and reasonable *minimum* that Bad Roads and Careless Driving make necessary.

Because of its Manufacturing Advantages, its *Precision* Methods, and Waste-reducing Processes (resulting from its 43 years' EXPERIENCE in the working of Rubber), The B. F. Goodrich Co. *can afford to* and *does*, offer the *greatest* Mileage in Tires at the lowest price per Mile.

It sells the *standard* grade of Goodrich Safety Tires at 10% to 30% *lower prices* than other non-skid brands which "Guarantee" greater Mileage but cannot prove *delivery* of greater Mileage in actual use.

Why pay MORE for *any* Tire?

THE B. F. GOODRICH CO.
Akron, Ohio

GOODRICH SAFETY TREAD
Made as always—the same reliable Construction, the same dependable Service—without anything whatever taken out of Quality, no matter what reductions in List Prices are ever made.

Only 5% Plus for this Best Non-Skid

Note following comparative prices. "A," "B," "C" and "D" represent four Widely-Sold Non-Skid Tires:

Size	Goodrich Safety Tread	OTHER MAKES "A"	"B"	"C"	"D"
30x3	$ 9.45	$10.55	$10.95	$16.35	$18.10
30x3½	12.20	13.35	14.20	21.70	23.60
32x3½	14.00	15.40	16.30	22.85	25.30
34x4	20.35	22.30	23.80	31.15	33.55
36x4½	28.70	32.15	33.60	41.85	41.40
37x5	33.90	39.80	41.80	49.85	52.05

GOODRICH SAFETY-TREAD TIRES

LUMINA CONCERTS

BY

The Philharmonic Concert Orchestra

Chas. Fry, Director

PROGRAM FOR TODAY

AFTERNOON, 4 O'CLOCK

1. Overture—"Queen of Autumn" Carl Bigge
2. Selection—"Pink Lady" . . . Ivan Caryll
3. "The Fire Fly" . . Victor Herbert
4. "Sweet Summer Rose" . . . (Flower Song) Chas. Armand

Intermission.

5. Overture—"Merry Wives of Windsor" . . . . .Keler Bela
6. Selection — "Homestead Melodies" . . . . . .R. Recker
7. Wedding March — Lohengrin R. Wagner
8. Il Trovatore (Selection) G. Verdi

NIGHT, 8:30 O'CLOCK

1. Overture—"Italians in Algeria" . . . . . .G. Rossini
2. "Unfold Ye Portals" (From Redemption) . . Ch. Gounod
3. "Twilight in Alabama" Southern Sketch) . . . . .H. Pabst
4. Quartette—Rigoletti . . G. Verdi

Intermission.

5. Overture — "Hungarian Luitspiel" . . . . . .O. Nicolai
6. Selection — "Tonight's the Night" . . . Paul A. Rubens
7. Sextette from Lucia . . Donizetti
8. Blue Danube (Waltz) . . Straus

THE ORTON

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Our friends from the neighboring towns can now get a room without meals at THE ORTON for $1.00 per day This Hotel is a convenient stopping place for shoppers, while in the city.

C. E. HOOPER,
Manager.

WANTED TO BUY

All the Old Turpentine Stills, Caps and Worms within the territory dealing with our city. If you have anything you want to turn into Cash Money, you should consult us.

WILMINGTON IRON WORKS

THE IRON MEN

CONSERVING CHRISTIAN ENERGY

Address Delivered by Dr. W. A. Harper, President of Elon College, Before the State Convention of Christian Endeavorers, Sunday, June 6, in Wilmington.

The locomotive that draws our railway trains is a triumph of mechanical skill and achievement. It pulls the train of cars attached to it at tremendous rate and no man anywhere fails to look admiringly at it as it dashes past him. The human being admires energy and here is a thing of energy. But consider with me the efficiency of this iron horse. Physics teaches that barely 15 per cent of the energy placed in the fire box of these monsters is utilized. What a loss! The man who can invent a locomotive that will save this 85 per cent. loss of energy will confer a great blessing on humanity and will be forthwith a multi-millionaire.

The gospel locomotive does not do even so well as the steam one. In the first place seventy per cent. of the coal we shovel into the fire box of the church goes through the grate or is drawn out later as clinker, and of that which is converted into spiritual thermal units 90 per cent. goes out of the smoke stack to be dissipated and lost. What a picture! A net three per cent. only of our position energy is utilized. The man or the church that can save this 97 per cent. waste energy will become a spiritual millionaire—the best type of millionaire going—and save the world at the same time.

I. The Children.

Judge Ben Lindsey, of the Denver Juvenile court, recently said in my hearing that a boy has three characteristics—loyalty, enthusiasm, energy, and that all that workers with children need to do is to direct that loyalty, that enthusiasm, that energy, into proper channels. There is no doubting that this is the day of the child. The old puritanic idea that children should be seen, but not heard, is no longer abroad in the land. The child has been exalted into the centre of the world scope of vision and to him and his problems patient consideration is being given.

The study of boy nature and girl nature has been elevated into a science—the science of Paidology. This science in the hands of Christian men and women is capable of rendering wonderful service in the uplift of the young and in the advancement of the church. It has already done this. We cannot hope to reach the boys and girls and to solve the big-big and the giggling-girl problems until we have studied the nature of boys and girls and we are able to diagnose the disease which produces these problems. When we can do this, we are ready to prescribe the remedy.

But just here is where the science of Paidology in the hands of unChristian men becomes a menace to the church and to society at large. For these mistaken specialists in boyology and girlosity rise up in mighty protest when you speak of the boy-problem or the girl-problem as a disease and they will vociferate with energetic eloquence in their effort to prove that it is entirely according to nature and that the disease is of the older people who have no right to interfere by their authority with the normal development of the boys and girls. And they have actually gotten some parents to the point where they consider themselves sinners if they undertake to govern their children and direct the current of their life. Parents under the spell of this teaching watch their children grow up and they fear and tremble as they see them drifting into improper practices and yet they dare not admonish them, because they must not interfere with the normal development of childhood.

I heard a modern Paidologist recently relating his experience with three women and a man of his Sunday school who objected to the disorder of a class of boys in their 'teen age who were being taught according to paidological methods. He stated that the teacher or big-brother as he preferred to call him allowed the boys to do as their spirits should lead them during the class hour. If they desired to wrestle, that was all right; didn't Jacob wrestle? If they desired to give their class yell, rather than the golden text, let them give it. If they preferred to make noise rather than sing, that impulse was normal and they should be sinful to interfere with normal boy-spirits. Now, these three good sisters and the good brother had been brought up by standards different from that. They had always regarded the sanctuary as the place for good behavior, to say the least of it, and they went further and felt it should also be a place for worship. They appealed to the big-brother for relief, but he laughed at them. They appealed to the pastor, our paidological friend, and he frankly told them that the boys should go right on as they had been because these boys must be saved. He brought his audience to tears by relating how the scratches on a beautiful mahogany table had been made by his own son, now wmarried, when he was of the 'teen age, for they were all that his wife could remember him by. And then he took a fling at the dignitaries of the church who objected to boys tearing the backs off song books and stamping holes in the aisle carpets of the church, asking with dramatic wit what else backs were put on books for and aisles carpeted.

Now, this may be paidology, but I call it tommyrot. We should study the nature and desires and interests of boys and girls, not to be able to get out of the way of their tendencies that are hurtful, but that we may direct their good qualities into full fruit. To do otherwise will be to lose the thirty per cent we now reach. I do not wish to be misunderstood on this point. What I am trying to say is this: the pendulum has swung too far. We used to say to children, "Thou shalt not," until they regarded their elders as full of nots only, like the North Carolina old field pines, full of knots, but not near so valuable. That was a mistaken policy. It saved thirty per cent of the children to the church. We saw the futility of it. We began to study child-nature. We say now, "Hands off! Let the children alone. Let them develop normally. All will turn out well." This is Paidology. It threatens to lose the thirty per cent the former method reached. I would prefer North Carolina piney woods teachers with all their nots to these Paidological big-brothers with their gibberish and nonsense.

Really these paidologists while professing devotion to childhood are its slanderers. One of their contentions is "that children by nature being selfish must not be taught altruistic virtues or have altruistic characters presented to them until they reach the period of adolescence, when naturally the altruistic virtues come to the front;" "and President Stanley Hall said in my presence," writes Dr. A. F. Schauffler, "as I was debating Paidology with him in Worcester before a large audience, 'I would not present Christ to the child at all until it reaches the period of adolescence'; and then shrugging his shoulders, he said, 'except, perhaps, at Christmas or Easter'". And I agree with Dr. Schauffler and I think you will when he declares this seems to him to be sheer madness. Grant that the child is violent and selfish. That is all the greater reason why he needs preempting of self and introduction to altruistic motives. And I would rather follow Jesus as a guide any day than President Stanley Hall and He said, "Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not," and the inspired writer in Proverbs strikes me more favorably when he says "Train up a child in the way he should go" than all the modern Paidologists of whatever intellectual pedigrees who advise us to keep hands off and let the boys and girls grow up normally.

Enough has been said to make plain the method by which we can reach the 70 per cent we now lose from our Sunday schools and also bring in the millions who do no' even now come under its influence at all. The old not-system must be abandoned or rather completed, and the big-brother scheme of the modern Paidology must be discredited in its youth, and the Bible plan of training up and of supplying good examples by proper living must be instituted. Every time the adult would be contrained to say "don't" he should have some positive thing to direct the potential miscreant to do and should say "Do this." In this way, when enforced by Christian living on the part of the adult leaders, the abounding energy, the overflowing enthusiasm, the devoted loyalty of childhood will be conserved for the Kingdom, and the 70 per cent loss be changed into several hundred per cent gain.

II. Young People.

This section shall treat only of those young people, who, when the storm and stress period of adolescence is over, find themselves anchored in the haven of the Church. The church does not everywhere appreciate this portion of its spiritual assets. If some one proposes to give them a chance, he is met with the rebuff that God never intended children to lord it over their elders. The idea seems to be that they ought to come to church and listen and wait till they are discreet enough to be invested with one of the few offices of the church, and statistics show that few of them ever become so discreet. I have read accounts of revival services which were positively insulting to young people. The account would speak of the great meeting in which 25 or 40 or 50 members were received into the fellowship, three or four or five of them being heads of families and promising members. If the minister were "on to his job," to borrow the expressive language of the street, he would know that the real promise of that meeting was the children and young people who had surrendered themselves to God with their whole life of service before them and capable of being used and trained in a manner in which the adult cannot be used and trained.

These young people are the hope of the church. They can be trained to render most efficient service, and the beauty of it is that they are anxious to be used. The young men are noisy and boisterous, more because they have nothing to do than because of any innate evil or wickedness. I heard of one of these once who was on the point of being expelled from the Sunday school. He was noisy and boisterous and impervious to every remonstrance of teacher or superintendent. The librarian heard of it and at the end of the lesson period called the youngster in and asked if he wouldn't like to be assistant librarian. He added that he had noticed he was a bright, energetic fellow and did everything he undertook in very satisfactory manner. "I'll try," said Tom, his bosom swelling with pride at the compliment he had received, and "What do you wish me to do first?" he inquired. "Take these books to the library and place them on the shelves and study up some plan to keep the backs from being torn off in the future." "Got you," answered Tom, who was an omnivorous reader and the chief offender in the matter of tearing backs off the books. When the classes reassembled the next Sunday for the closing exercises, Tom desired to be allowed to make an announcement, the most unique announcement ever pulled off in that school, and this is what he said: "I've bin 'pointed assistant librarian of this school and my duty is to see that the backs don't git torn off the books no more, and I just wants to say that the first guy what does it is gwine to git his mug smashed." That announcement was sufficient. It saved the books and it saved Tom. Work to do will save the young people from lethargy and atrophy in their spiritual life and the wise church will look well to this matter. The Christian Endeavor Society and the Organized Class are two very helpful training schools for such volunteers of the Kingdom. Social service is another such avenue of labor. There are other means also, which the minister and the church he leads will inaugurate, but let it be distinctly understood that the problem demands attention, else we shall continue to find about ninety per cent of the church membership dull and lifeless and at ease in Zion.

III. The Adults.

The average minister is content if his adult membership habitually attend the preaching services—and—and—and pay their proportional part of his salary. These are prima facie evidence of a Godly life. Other ministers add to these attendance on the mid-week prayer meeting. Others go further and add, a family altar, willingness to pray in public, teach Sunday school, or fitness to be a deacon. Like priest like people, and these are about the ideals the average layman sets before himself, and it must be freely admitted that the conception of Heaven that has obtained in the church has brought about this state of affairs. We have regarded Heaven as a place for rest and worship, and the church has tried to adopt itself to that conception which perhaps accounts for the fact that the Revelator declares there is to be no churc hthere.

Now, let us examine Christ's idea of what Christian duty is. I quote from the Gospel according to St. Matthew, 25:31-46. "When the Son of man shall come in His glory, and all the holy angels with him, then shall he sit upon the throne of his glory: and before him shall be gathered all nations; and he shall separate them one from another, as a shepherd divideth his sheep from the goats:

"And he shall set the sheep on his right hand, but the goats on the left.

"Then shall the King say unto them on His right hand, 'Come ye blessed of My Father, inherit the kingdom prepared for you from the foundation of the world';

"For I was an hungered, and ye gave me meat; I was thirsty, and ye gave me drink; I was a stranger, and ye took me in;

"Naked, and ye clothed me; I was sick, and ye visited me; I was in prison, and ye came unto me:'

"Then shall the righteous answer him, saying, 'Lord, when saw we Thee an hungered, and fed Thee? or thirsty, and gave Thee drink?

"'When saw we Thee a stranger, and took Thee in? or naked, and clothed Thee?

"'Or when saw we Thee sick, or in prison, and came unto Thee?'

"And the king shall answer and say unto them, 'Verily I say unto you, inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these My brethren, ye have done it unto Me;'

"Then shall he say also unto them on the left hand, 'Depart from me ye cursed, into everlasting fire, prepared for the devil and his angels;

"For I was an hungered, and ye gave me no meat; I was thirsty, and ye gave me no drink;

"I was a stranger, and ye took me not in; naked, and ye clothed me not; stick, and in prison, and ye visited me not.'

"Then shall they also answer Him saying, 'Lord, when saw we Thee an hungered, or athirst, or a stranger, or naked, or sick, or in prison, and did not minister unto Thee?'

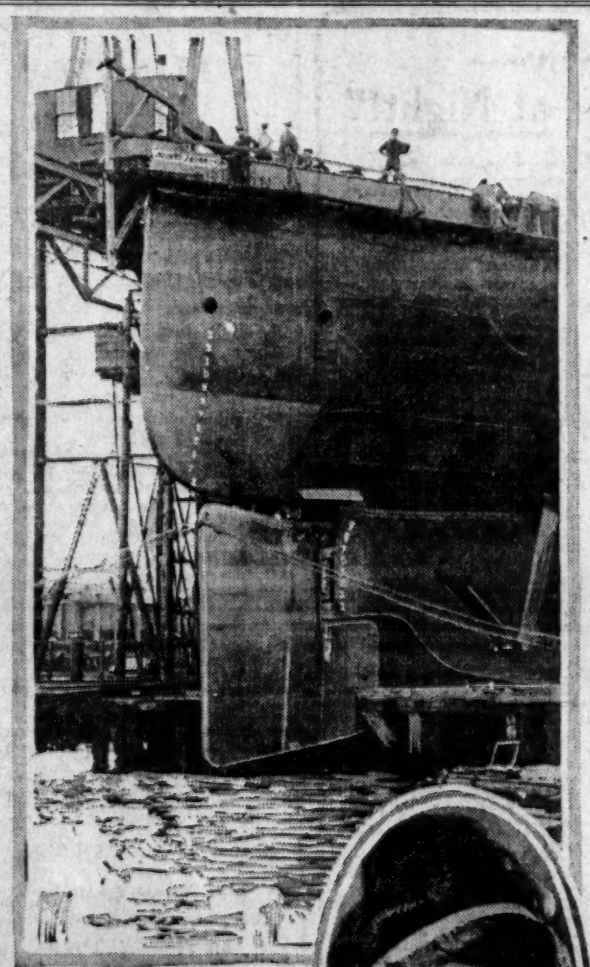
"Then shall He answer them, saying, 'Verily, I say unto you, inasmuch as ye did it not to one of the least of these, ye did it not to me!'

"And these shall go away into everlasting punishment; but the righteous into life eternal."

In this wonderful passage not a word is said about attending preaching or prayer meeting or leading in prayer or being a deacon. But the sheep and goats are divided according as they have helped or hindered their fellowmen in need. Now don't understand me to suggest that Christians should not go to church or prayer meeting or that family and public prayer are undesirable—not that, Christ took all these things for granted, but in themselves they do not constitute a Christian. They are necessary for the development of Christian energy, but that energy will run to waste unless it is conserved in service to fellowmen. The church is learning this and is putting forth every effort possible not only to get the adult membership to do these things, but also to release the spiritual energy they generate by rendering helpful service to man in every Christian way—not only by caring for man's body, but also by giving to orphanages and other charitable institutions, to colleges and missions, and particularly by endeavoring to lead men to Jesus Christ.

And finally let me say that this matter of conserving Christian energy is far from a static one. It is dynamic. We can solve it only for ourselves. The next generation will meet it afresh and will solve it differently to draw upon and that should be encouragement and reward enough for us to devote ourselves to it, especially since we shall at the same time be rendering a paragon service to our own day and generation. We welcome Christian Endeavor; we welcome the organized class; we welcome teacher-training and the home department and the cradle roll; we welcome the Boy Scouts and the Camp Fire Girls and the George Jr. Society; we welcome the Institutional Church, the Inter-Church Association, the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A.; we welcome social service—we welcome them all, we need them all, we must have them all in order to conserve the Christian energy of our generation, but above all we must have the guidance of the Holy Spirit, without which all our efforts will be as sounding brass or tinkling cymbals. Let us never suppose that what Hugh Black styles "fussy practicality and blatant zeal" can ever render unnecessary vital living contact with the life of Jesus Christ or substitute for that leadership of the Holy Spirit without which every would-be spiritual act becomes the hollow mockery of a hissing hypocrisy.

Rudder of Great Warship, and Her Sponsor.



Miss Esther Ross.

Uncle Sam will launch another of his great battleships June 19, a ship the equal of anything in the world, except perhaps the Queen Elizabeth, Britain's new battleship, which has been bombarding the forts of the Dardanelles, and her four sister ships being launched in Great Britain. The Arizona is a sister ship of the Pennsylvania, which is now in the water. Miss Esther Ross, of Prescott, Ariz., selected by Governor Hunt for the honor, will be the sponsor of the great dreadnought.

The most interesting thing about the Arizona, except her fighting ability, is the fact that she is the work of a government navy yard, the New York navy yard, where the Connecticut, the Florida, and the New York were built.

The great rudder of the battleship, here shown is more than twenty feet in height and considerably over that in length. The vessel from the bottom of the rudder to the decks, where the small figures of the workmen may be seen, is 50 feet in depth.

The Arizona is the thirty-ninth battleship built for the American navy since 1892. Compared to the first American batleship, the Indiana, launched in 1893, the Arizona will be nearly twice as long, half again as wide and of three times as great displacement.

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at 1/2 the price
WAS-COTT
Ginger Ale

It is a common saying, when referring to Ginger Ale that it is as good or not as good as "The Imported". We want to hammer home this comparison and these facts about Ginger Ale.

96 per cent of Ginger Ale is water. The reason that imported ales are considered so good is due primarily to good water, but we claim more for Was-Cott. We claim all the goodness of imported ales, of flavor and carbonating qualities—the refreshing goodness as a beverage and we claim and stand ready to back by an unqualified guarantee to refund your money if you are dissatisfied, that the Pure Was-Cott Mineral Water is infinitely **better** than that in **most ginger ales.** Make your own investigation—prove this statement, try Was-Cott.

96 per cent of Was-Cott Ginger Ale is pure mountain mineral spring water from the Was-Cott Spring in a region famous for mineral springs, where within a radius of ten miles there are springs nationally famous as health resorts and where thousands of people congregate every year to restore their health by drinking the pure mineral water. Was-Cott is one of these springs. This sparkling water, analyzing **absolutely pure** with the Special Was-Cott formula of ginger root, comes from this bubbling crystal mountain spring direct to your table. It is bottled in a sanitary plant pronounced to be O. K. by the Virginia Health Authorities. You can drink all you want of it and every drop will benefit your health.

We make the Unqualified Guarantee that Was-Cott is equal in flavor and carbonating qualities to the best imported ales.

Was-Cott Ginger Ale **Was-Cott Mineral Water**

All Druggists and Soda Fountains—10 Cents Per Pint Bottle

Order a Case today (12 or 24 bottles.) If your dealer does not handle, send us his name and we will supply you direct and remember that your money will be refunded by your dealer or this company if you are not thoroughly satisfied.

TO DEALERS. Write us today for special Dealer Proposition.

Tazewell Mfg. Co.
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We use Mineral Water from our Springs 2600 ft. above sea level, in Virginia's famous Mineral Spring Belt.

E. L. MATHEWS CANDY CO., (Distributers.)

Predicted This War in 1913

Here is a man who claims to have predicted this war a year before it happened and proves his claim conclusively; offers free life readings to all. A splendid opportunity for our readers to put him to a test.

In September 1913 the well known Prof. Roxroy, of The Hague, Holland, distributed thousands of his astral indications for the year 1914, all over the world to his clients, and amongst other things he said the following: "A bereavement in Royal circles — mind you, not the mere passing away of a Monarch, but a very sudden and gruesome demise will affect most of the crowned heads of Europe."

Could anything be more plainly said than this? Has ever the death of a Royal personage affected so many Monarchs and involved so many countries in war as the assassination of the Archduke Ferdinand of Ausria-Hungary and his Wife has done? This is certainly an additional proof of this man's most mysterious and unfailing power to foretell the coming events.

If you want to know something about your life, health, finance, travel, speculation, marriage, business, relations, or questions pertaining to this war, etc., or about those who are affected by this terrible crisis, write to him at once. All he wants is the name, address and birth date. He does not ask for any money, but if you like you may enclose 10 cents (stamps of your own country) to pay for postage and clerical work. Postage to Holland 5 cents. Address your letters to Prof. Roxroy (Suite 2679-A), No. 24 Groote Markt, The Hague, Holland.

(We are informed that Prof. Roxroy's office is open as usual and all letters are safely delivered and collected in Holland.)

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Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter S Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 35 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

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GEORGE J. RAMSEY, M. A., LL. D., President. Raleigh, N. C.

Sunday June 20, 1915.

Topic—"Christ's Call to the Young Women of Today." Luke 10:38-42.

"She hath done what she could." Blessed praise. Not what we have, but how we use it, is the measure of our power. The little Hebrew slave maid who simply told the truth she knew about the prophet Elisha, did a work in the court of Syria that no money or royal influence could secure.

Women have never had so much power as today. The development of woman's education has given her a new position in the world's work. Changing conditions, both social and economic, have opened many lines of work and women hold positions of responsibility on every side. How important that their influences should be on the side of Christ.

Esther was a Jewish Joan of Arc who saved an entire nation. She did it not by using dynamite, organizing an army, leading a mob or causing bloodshed, but by quietly and faithfully pleading for her people. She believed she had a just cause and she dared present it. Every girl can be as Esther. Many communities are better today because some girl became as Esther and had the courage to plead her cause. Many communities would be better if more Esthers were living.

A noble band of women through the Women's Christian Temperance Union have changed the complexion of many counties and states by their insessant warfare on the Demon Rum. They labored with the boys, and when these boys became men, they were champions of the right. They created sentiment. What women have already done should be an inspiration to the young girls of today. Men have admired women because they have tried to make towns cleaner and happier. Young men admire young women who have the courage to demand clean living.

The local church calls the young women to serve as Sunday school teachers, to sing in the choir, and particularly, care for the Junior C. E. Society, the children in the public playgrounds and fresh air work.

The Home Mission field calls for young women as workers among the immigrants, social workers in departments stores, factories, and settlements. Many are needed in our schools for the negroes and mountain people.

The foreign mission field calls for young women as teachers, in kindergartens, girl's boarding schools, high schools and colleges; as stenographers to relieve our burdened workers of much clerical detail; as physicians and nurses to aid and train native young women as nurses.

I believe that Christ's great call to the young women of today is to prevent the social evil. Comparatively little can be done to correct existing evils, but by all means let everything possible be done, but the chief hope is in prevention. And what may women do in this way?

Women may do much in society. She is the queen of the social world. She makes its laws. She decides who shall be admitted into it and on what conditions. She may do much by strictly enforcing the equal moral standard for men and women.

She may do much by placing a ban on immodest dress. Why do the pure, Christian women of our land allow Paris to dictate fashions? There is no tyranny so absolute as fashion. And yet this vast power is in the hands of those who have very little regard for modesty and propriety. How long will the good women submit to this?

The majority of church members are women. They are also in the majority in faith, in spirituality, in prayer, in self-sacrifice, in devotion. Not only so, they are organized and becoming every year a greater power. Why do not the Christian women of today address themselves to this great problem? Why not make it a subject of prayer? Why do not the organizations of church women study the conditions, investigate the course and plan great preventive measures?

The one and only hope of exterminating the social evil is the Christian religion. In the elimination of this evil there are two sides—the human and the divine. All that women can do constitutes the human side and as means are indispensible. These means, however, must always be used in obedience to God and faith in Him. And yet all that women can do will be unavailing without the divine side.

1. The Bible. This inspired Book is the ultimate source of authority. Its laws and teachings constitute the standard of human conduct. This whole campaign is to be conducted in accordance with the teachings of this Holy Book. It is at once our law, our standard, our authority and our guide, as well as our support and inspiration.

2. Our God. The very soul of religion is God, a personal, living, infinite God. It is God behind and in the Bible who gives it power. It is God who creates clean hearts and renews right spirits. It is God who guides, sustains, and delivers the Christian. He, and He alone, is the only hope of this and all reforms.

NEGRO IN COPENHAGEN.

Comes From Danish West Indies for Conference With Officials.

(Correspondence of Associated Press.)

Copenhagen, May 29.—Hamilton Jackson, a negro representative of the native population in the Danish West Indies, has arrived in Copenhagen and conferred with the minister of finance and other government officials concerning grievances his constituents have against L. C. Helweg-Larsen, present governor of the islands and his administration. Jackson urged that the negroes be permitted to vote ,as almost every negro under 36 years of age is now able to read and write. He also urged improvement in the sanitary conditions and changes in the economic situation. The negroes asked through Jackson for the privilege of printing their own newspaper and holding public meetings.

The minister of finance gave Jackson an attentive hearing and a state conference has been arranged for a date in June when the governor, who is no won his way home, will discuss the insular situation with other officials. Jackson and his followers contend that another governor and a radical reform administration must be provided which is in sympathy with the progressive native population before the unrest can be quieted.

Enjoy the Cool Breezes

at Lumina today. Glorious surf bathing. Good music. je13

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson XII.—Second Quarter, For June 20, 1915.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Ps. cxli—Memory Verses, 3, 4—Golden Text, Ps. cxli, 3. Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

This is not such a fascinating portion for meditation as that of last week. This tells of workers of iniquity and the snares and gins and nets which the wicked set for the righteous. Yet it is written by the same Holy Spirit. It seems somewhat like coming down from the Mount of Transfiguration to contend with the devil and his works. It reminds us that our adversary, the devil, still goeth about and that we need the whole armor of God for the daily conflict, and if we would not be overcome nor grow weary, we must consider Him who endured such contradiction of sinners against Himself on our behalf (I Pet. v, 8, 9; Eph. vi, 10-13; Heb. xii, 3). It does not matter what particular part of David's life this psalm refers to. He was in the conflict from the time that Samuel first anointed him; before that privately as a shepherd; after that more or less publicly till his death. From the time that a sinner receives the Lord Jesus and thus becomes His redeemed property he is in the conflict with the world, the flesh and the devil and can overcome only by the blood of the Lamb and absolute confidence in Him (Rev. xii, 11; I John v, 4).

"Lord, I cry unto thee;" so also in Ps. cxli, 1, 5, "I cried unto the Lord with my voice." No place nor circumstance need hinder our cry to God, for Jonah cried to the Lord from the belly of the fish and was heard (Jonah ii, 1, 2). On this occasion David seems to have needed help at once, for he said, "Make haste unto me." When Peter was sinking in the sea he needed help quickly and cried, "Lord, save me!" And immediately Jesus caught him by the hand (Matt. xiv, 30, 31). The thief on the cross needed salvation quickly, and he obtained it and went to paradise. Prayer as incense reminds us of Rev. v, 8; viii, 3, the latter passage teaching us that the merits of Christ are necessary to make any prayer acceptable and that by those merits every true prayer in His name reaches the throne. We think of the father of John the Baptist offering incense in the holy place while the multitude was praying without, and we see by faith our great High Priest interceding for us as we continue here in prayer Luke i, 8-10). The evening sacrifice reminds us that salvation and service all depend upon His precious blood, for He died at the hour of the evening sacrifice.

We need continually to pray the prayer of verse 3, "Set a watch, O Lord, before my mouth; keep the door of my lips," for if any man offend not in word the same is a perfect man and able also to bridle the whole body (Jas. iii, 2). "Who so keepeth his mouth and his tongue keepeth his soul from troubles" (Prov. xxi, 23). Elsewhere David said, "I will keep my mouth with a bridle while the wicked is before me" (Ps. xxxix, 1). In Ps. lxxxiv, 10, the writer speaks of being a doorkeeper in the house of God, but here David asks the Lord to be his doorkeeper. The word of God in our hearts is mentioned as a remedy against sin (Ps. xvii, 4; cxix, 11). Verse 4 of our lesson sounds like: "Lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from the evil one. May the thought of our weakness keep us far away from all that is evil." Verse 5 reminds us of Prov. ix, 8, "Rebuke a wise man and he will love thee." And yet so good a man as Asa could not stand a reproof, but imprisoned the Lord's messenger (II Chron. xvi, 10). The marginal reading of this lesson verse is helpful and also the revised version.

In verse 8 we are reminded of the prayer of Jehoshaphat, "We have no might against this great company that cometh against us; neither know we what to do, but our eyes are upon thee" (II Chron. xx, 12). There also comes to mind Heb. xii, 1, 2, "Let us run with patience the race that is set before us looking unto Jesus." "Let thine eyes look right on, and let thine eyelids look straight before thee" (Prov. iv, 25). It is necessary that we look in the right direction and at the right person, for our eyes affect our hearts (Lam. iii, 51). It is blessed when we see no man any more save Jesus only with our selves (Mark ix, 8). The last two lesson verses make us think of Haman, who was hanged upon the gallows which he had prepared for Mordecai; also of David's prayer in Ps. xxxv, 8, "Let his net that he hath hid catch himself." See also Ps. vii, 15, "He made a pit and digged it and is fallen into the ditch which he made." and Prov. xxvi, 27, "Who so diggeth a pit shall fall therein."

We can safely leave all the workers of iniquity to work out their own ruin, while we put our trust in the Lord, rely wholly upon Him and live only for Him. When we can say from the heart, "I know Him whom I have believed," we can also add, "And am persuaded that He is able to keep that which I have committed unto Him against that day" (II Tim. i, 12). He is able to guard us even from stumbling, and we may joyfully sing, "If God be for us, who can be against us?" (Jude 24, revised version; Rom. viii, 31).

Read Star Business Locals.

SUNDAY SERVICES

Castle Heights Methodist church, 15th and Castle streets—Preaching by the pastor, Rev. T. C. Ellers, at 11 in the morning. Sunday school at 3:30 in the afternoon. The public cordially invited.

St. Matthew's En. Lutheran church, Fourth and Harnett streets, Rev. G. W. McClanahan, pastor—Morning services at 11 o'clock by the pastor. Evening service at 8 by Rev. Walter Becker. Sunday school 3:30 in the afternoon. Wednesday evening service at 8. Ladies' Aid Society on Wednesday afternoon at 3:30. Everybody welcome to all the services.

St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral—First mass at 7. Last mass and sermon at 10:30. No evening service.

St. James' church, Rev. W. H. Milton, D. D., rector—Morning prayer and sermon at 11. Evening prayer at 6. Everybody welcome; come and bring a friend.

Christian Science Society, 17th and Market streets—Services at 11, subject: "God the Preserver of Man." Sunday school 12:15. Testimonial meeting Wednesday evening 8:15. Free reading room, 915 Murchison National Bank building open daily except Sundays and holidays, from 4 to 6:30. The public is cordially invited to attend all services and to visit our reading room.

Grace Methodist church, corner of Grace and Fourth streets—Preaching services at 11 and 8 by the pastor, Rev. J. D. Bundy. Sunday school 9:45 in the morning, M. P. Allen, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8. Epworth League meeting Friday evening at 8. All members are urged to attend all these services. A cordial welcome awaits all strangers and visitors.

Fifth Street Methodist church, located on Fifth avenue, between Nun and Church streets, Rev. A. J. Parker, pastor—Preaching at 11 and 8 by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:45. Epworth League Tuesday night, and mid-week prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock. The public most cordially invited to all these services.

Bladen Street Methodist church, Fifth and Bladen streets—Sermons at 11 and 8 by the pastor, Rev. T. G. Vickers. Sunday school at 3:30, J. B. Taylor, superintendent. Mid-week prayer service Wednesday evening at 8:15. Epworth League Friday evening at 8:15. There's a welcome for you.

Winter Park Methodist church, Rev. G. M. Daniel, pastor—Sunday school at 10 o'clock. This is Children's Day, and the community is especially invited to attend the exercises. Service at 7:45 o'clock, conducted by the children of the Sunday school, with a talk by the pastor.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, Market and Sixth streets, Rev. F. B. Clausen, pastor—Services at 11 and 8. Topics of sermons: "The Growth of God's Word," "The Wise Builder." Sunday school meets at 10 in the morning. Please note this change. Visitors are always welcome at all services. Meeting of Junior branch Thursday afternoon at 4.

Church of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets, Rev. W. R. Noe, rector—Morning prayer and sermon at 11. Special service for men at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Sunday school at 3:30 in the afternoon. Evening prayer and sermon at 8. Seats free; public invited.

Church of the Ascension, Third and Marstellar streets, Rev. W. R. Noe, rector—Sunday school at 9:30 in the morning. Evening prayer and sermon at 8. Evening prayer and sermon on Tuesday night at 8 o'clock. You are cordially invited to attend these services.

St. John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector—Holy communion 7:30. Service and sermon 11. Closing exercises of the Sunday school at 4. Evening prayer at 5. Seats free; all are cordially invited.

St. John's Mission, 1313 North Fourth street—Sunday school at 9:30. Service with illustrated Bible lesson every Wednesday at 8. All are cordially invited.

First Baptist church, corner Fifth and Market streets—Sabath school at 9:45, Mr. D. H. Howes, superintendent; Public worship at 11 o'clock, sermon by acting pastor, Rev. W. M. Craig, subject, "Feeding the Church." B. Y. P. U. will meet at 7. Public worship at 8. The evening service will be a union meeting, at which time talks will be made about the Seaside Chautauqua to be held June 21-27. We invite all interested in this meeting to be present. Regular mid-week prayer service Wednesday evening at 8. The public is cordially invited to attend and worship with us at all of these services.

Calvary Baptist church, corner of Fourth and Brunswick streets, Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor—Morning worship at 11, sermon subject, "The Pouting Son." Union service at the First Baptist church at night. Deacons' meeting at 3 o'clock. Sunday school at 4 o'clock. Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Senior B. Y. P. U. Thursday night, and Junior B. Y. P. U. Friday night. A cordial welcome to all services.

Rev. Thos. P. Noe, archdeacon of the Diocese of East Carolina, will hold services at St. Paul's Episcopal church this morning at 11 o'clock.

Sixth Street Advent Christian church, Sixth street, between Church and Castle—Sunday services by Elder J. P. King, pastor, at 11 and at 8. Sunday school at 3. Orchestra music at Sunday school, and evening service. Mission workers meet Monday evening at 8. Prayer meeting Tuesday at 8. Social aid society meets Wednesday evening at 7:45.

Seventh Day Advent church, 11th and Fanning streets. The Y. P. M. V. society will give a delightful programme Sunday evening at 8. Public cordially invited. Page Sheppard, pastor.

HEARING ON NEUSE RIVER PROJECT TO BE HELD JULY 2.

Major Stickle to Take Evidence as to Improvement of Channel.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., June 12.—The local chamber of commerce will send a large delegation to a hearing on the item in the last river and harbor act, "Neuse River, N. C., between Goldsboro and Newbern," authorizing a preliminary examination, to be held in Goldsboro on July 2nd. The chamber will make an effort to have all others in this district interested to accompany the delegation of business men or send letters. The organization will prepare facts and figures and "history" for the hearing, which has just been advertised by Maj. H. W. Stickle, the engineer officer at Wilmington. The examination authorized is with a view of determining the advisability of deepening and widening the channel of the river between Newbern via Kinston and Goldsboro. The improvement, which George Hood, the new Third district congressman, has said will be his first hobby, means more to this immediate section than anything undertaken in recent years—a revival of the river traffic, lower freight rates and general benefit to the planters along the banks.

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NEXT TO BIJOU THEATRE

MOSTLY CONTEMPLATIVE

By T. W. CHAMBLISS.

Life is intricate and highly organized these days. Talk of this is in the air and we hear it and draw our conclusions. Listen to groups of men and women, in dining rooms, in the shops, in the offices and on the streets and they are talking on this wise, "Look," you hear them say, "at the conditions today. Notwithstanding the work of reformers, well-intentioned and earnest, there is little chance of escaping the machine. Turn out one ring and another takes its place. There is little room for the individual. It is not easy in political life to take a part and preserve individuality and independence." Another will say, "There is little chance in business for the man without friends or influence, and even if he has these the whirling wheels of commerce, the trusts or some new invention will throw him out."

There is entirely too much of this popular fatalism predominating today. It is true that the trend of life, the habits of the age, and the movement of society look as if there were not possibility of something different. There is a subtle consciousness that, in the long run, things, conditions, movements and not men and women, carry the day. It is perfectly true that conditions have great influence, that the mechanical elements in modern life are strong but fundamentally the spiritual force of men and women and not the physical conditions are the final powers in modern life. It is not the material force but the spiritual powers which reign.

The element of personal power which is essential to modern life is knowledge—exact knowledge. Life is intricate and in the handling of intricate conditions one must know and know exactly what to do and how to do it. The day for blind and ignorant dashes is past. Chance is becoming less and less a factor in modern life. Quackery in surgery is falling back in hasty retreat. Great discoveries are now revealed to those who with patient and exact study investigate along the border line of the unknown. The trained mind is essential to efficiency. The man or woman who hopes to meet the world's problems must have an exact grasp of the problems and by thoughtful work carry them through to the end. One may call this brain power. It is also spiritual power and in its exercise the highest moral qualities are demanded.

Along with knowledge must come intelligence. Intelligence suggests the broad conception of the uses of knowledge; of the relation of different classes of problems with each other; and the true perception of the salient features of life. One great danger of these times is the want of an exact apprehension of the true relation of things. The man of exact knowledge is not always a man of real intelligence. The most skillful manufacturer may be so ignorant of social conditions as the smallest boy in his shop. Exact knowledge enables one to do his work efficiently in a narrow path. Intelligence and the right conception of the purpose of the work enables one to keep it in the right relation to the rest of life.

Knowledge and intelligence—then there is necessary conviction. Personal conviction must possess men and women before they can become efficient. The first question is not "What are a man's convictions?" but "Has he capacity for conviction?" Is there in the man the ability to seize the truth or the error so as to be moved to act upon it? The important matter in a steamship is not where she is going, but whether she has the power to go at all. It were far better that she go wrong and be broken upon the rocks that she become a drifting derelict and thus endanger other vessels. Better erroneous conviction, provided it be honest, than no conviction at all. Sometimes you may say, "In the movements of thought it is impossible in these days for a man to have convictions that endure. Conditions of life change. How, then can I have convictions?" It is not expected that a man shall think today as he thought ten years ago, in every instance. As a man develops in maturity of character so does he develop in the intellectual grasp of the problems that face him. Yet the man still may have convictions.

With the increase of material powers and social mechanism, oppressive sometimes in their weight and magnitude, it still remains a fact that the controlling power in life is man, and the great question is not that we increase with a giant body of civilization but that the heart of civilization, which is a spiritual power, increase also in proportion and we, the nation, become a living giant. Each new invention, each new step in wealth, adds to the potentiality of men; and every step toward a lower standard of morals leads to the social disintegration. So long as a man is convinced that truth is truth and that right is right he has a sheet anchor to his character. If he be convinced that purity is better than impurity; honesty better than theft; love better than hatred; altruism better than selfishness, and acts upon the conviction, the man has a great spiritual force with him.

In the stream of life, when one is tempted to yield to the conditions, to drop under the cowardly philosophy of those who do nothing, in these days when the temptation comes to men to drift from duty and fall into the ever-whirling eddies of autocracy and influence, when thusly tempted hold on to the thought of the power of the spiritual forces that are possible to man. When a man has knowledge coupled with intelligence and when he is controlled by convictions and the truth possesses him—there is power. Successful modern life demands these essential elements.

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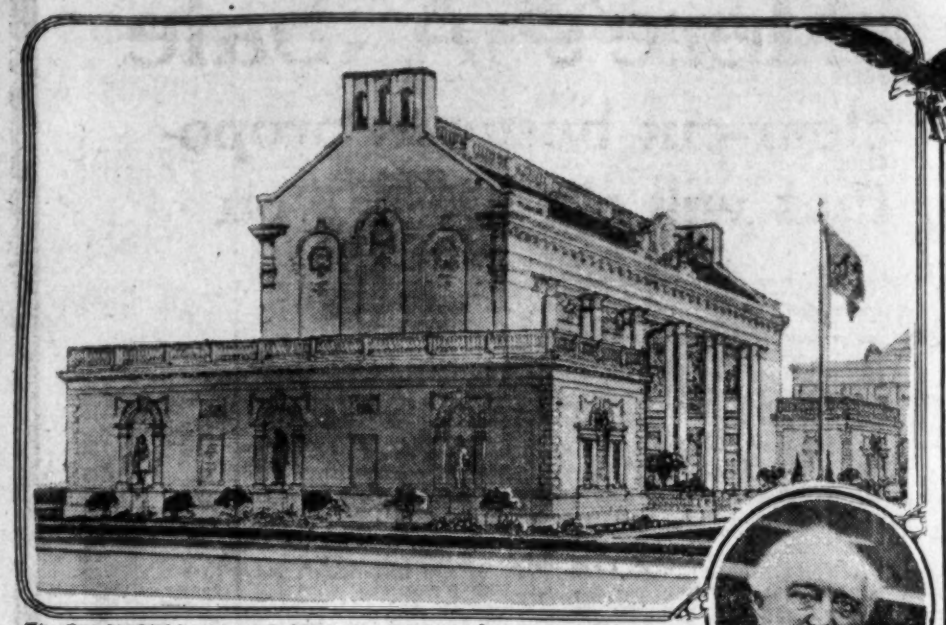
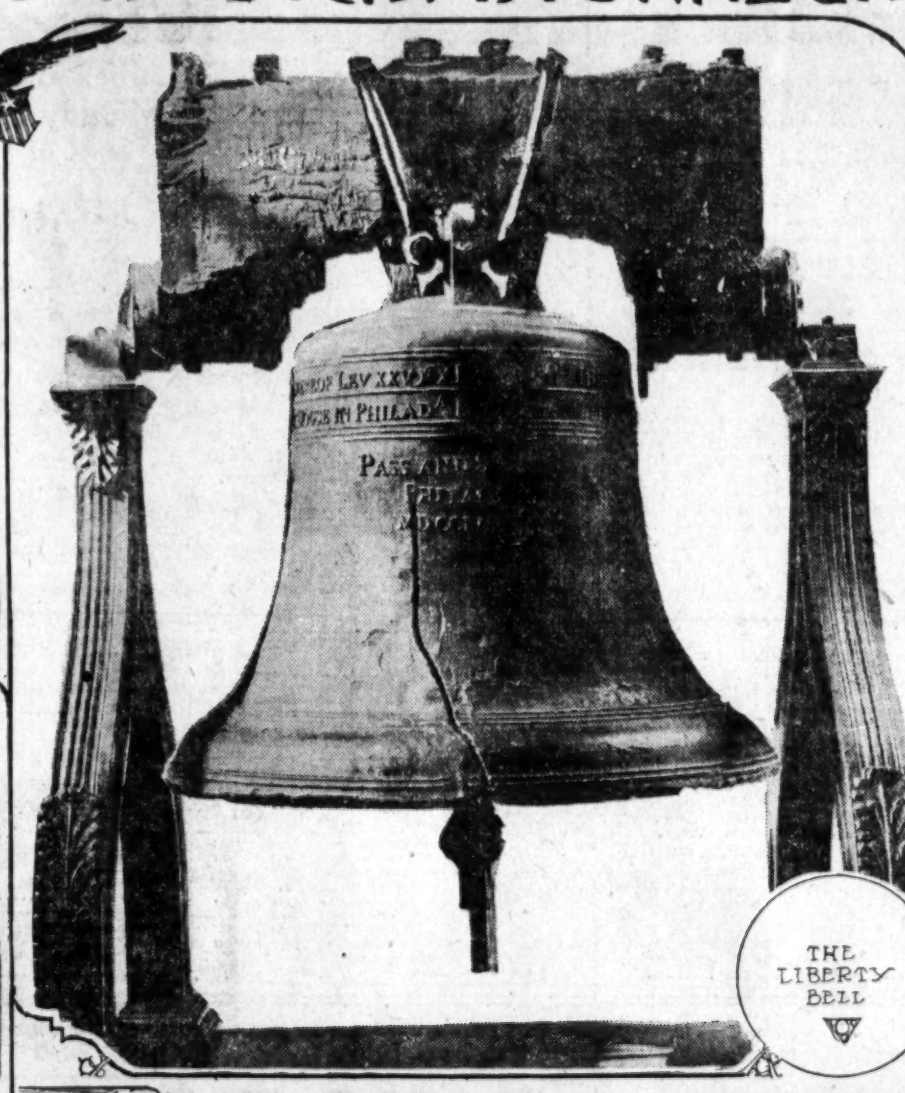


The PENNSYLVANIA BUILDING PATTERNED after STATE HOUSE in PHILADELPHIA, WHENCE the BELL FIRST SENT MESSAGE of LIBERTY



THE LIBERTY BELL

CHARLES C. MOORE, PRESIDENT of the EXPOSITION

DR. FREDERICK J. V. SKIFF, DIRECTOR-IN-CHIEF of the EXPOSITION

MAYOR BLANKENBURG of PHILADELPHIA

The action of the common and select councils of Philadelphia in voting to send the Liberty Bell to the great Panama-Pacific International Exposition aroused a thrill of patriotism throughout the nation. Millions of exposition visitors will have the opportunity of seeing this priceless relic of American Liberty when it is installed in the magnificent Pennsylvania State Building, a reproduction of the famous State House in Philadelphia. The arrival of the Bell in San Francisco will be the occasion of one of the greatest celebrations in the history of the United States. Thousands of school children, many of whom signed the original petition to have the Bell brought to San Francisco, will join in the huge ceremonies. Every American who can, even at a sacrifice of what for the moment appears necessary, should be in San Francisco on July 4, during the exercises. This is America's year at home and the railroads are making cheaper rates than they ever have before.

"Proclaim Liberty throughout all the land unto all the inhabitants thereof."

SUCH is the historic message of the Liberty Bell. And in this year of grace, 1915, the reverberant bronze that pealed out the message of American freedom. As long as the nation endures the bell must remain the sacred emblem of patriotism. It is the one voice of romance, of tragedy and of gladness, to link the Continental congress of 1776 with the congress of 1915; to link the illustrious thirteen pioneer states of the eastern seaboard with the buoyant and younger states of the west.

Years before it rang in frenzied joyousness the signing of the Declaration of Independence that message had been cast into its graven lips—cast there by molders of the Mother country,-for the bell was cast in London. By what influence that pregnant message was graven by monarchial artificers to sound the paeans of a new born republic, omniscience alone may say; the same omniscience that ages before, set the verse in Leviticus, whence the liberty message was taken.

PROCLAIM LIBERTY THROUGHOUT ALL THE LAND: That is the holy inheritance of the bell. And it is because, in these troublous times, with tribal loyalties to battling nations influencing in sympathies the sons and daughters of them of another fatherland, there needs a steadying herald to sound again the message of American patriotism and unity. Once again the bell will proclaim its message throughout all the land and unto all the inhabitants thereof. From the east that sired and has cherished it and known its voice, it will go forth to the great new west that its sounding peals made possible. It has spoken to the south; it has spoken to the north. To the third, the fourth and fifth generation the grandchildren are in the west of them who rallied to the voice of the bell, who signed the declaration and who followed the great immortal and shared in the fiery baptism of the new-born nation.

But age has touched that venerated relic. The clarion calls that rang from the old State house tower will be heard no more. Its tones now are muffled in sentiment, echoes only are yet reverberating down the ringing grooves of time—and will echo.

Just when the flaw first occurred in the bell is not definitely known. It is as well to say it came that July day in 1776 when it rang out the thrilling tidings that the Continental Congress had adopted the Declaration of Independence. Slowly the crack widened, but still the voice of the bell would not be stilled. It sounded its last message nearly a century ago. When Chief Justice Marshall died, the bell tolled the requiem for this inspired and noble patriot—and the break widened and the bell spoke no more, a dramatic and an historic time at which to still its lips.

WILL REMAIN ON VIEW AT SAN FRANCISCO UNTIL CLOSING OF THE EXPOSITION, DECEMBER 4.

But, though its tongue has long been silent, the lesson of its presence is even as profound in its eloquent message: a sermon in patriotic fervor, in rugged faith and high ideals, in courage against mighty odds, in the strength that comes from the right, in the combination of these things that gave to us, and continues to preserve to us, our independence.

At the Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco—at the extreme westerly bounds of the United States—the Liberty Bell will be hung on July 16 and will remain on view until the close of the exposition, December 4th.

Millions of Americans, young, middle aged and old, who have cherished the bell and its memorable history, will thus be given an opportunity of beholding this palladium of our freedom. There are millions of westerners who have never seen the bell and who otherwise never would see it. To the east it is a shrine for pilgrimage. But to the numberless legions of loyal Americans who never may hope to cross the Rockies and view the bell in Independence hall, it will be the solemn opportunity of a lifetime, something that the school children of today will cherish in venerated memory to tell to their children in after years.

Word that the Philadelphia city council had finally granted permission for the Liberty Bell to cross the continent to the San Francisco exposition shot a thrill of gratitude and anticipation through all the west. Particularly was San Francisco profoundly stirred, a city that has been an integral part of the nation's life during the last generation and a half, and that has itself shown the conquering American spirit in reconstructing, after an epic holocaust, the United States' western gateway. In the very work of building a $50,000,000 exposition, San Francisco achieved the second unexampled accomplishment within a decade. It was right that such a city should be honored by the presence of the most precious historical relic that the east could bestow.

The history of the Liberty Bell is the early history of the United States. It goes back further than 1776. It had been a vital part of Pennsylvania's life before then. Each anniversary of the Penn charter, marking the establishment of what at that time was the most successful example of universal liberty in the world, was appropriately celebrated, but when the fiftieth anniversary was celebrated it was judged fitting that a bell of greater size and dignity should be secured for future celebrations. The tolling of bells had always been a feature of the day. This new bell was to be called the Anniversary bell.

Authority was given to the three superintendents of the State house (Independence hall), Isaac Norris, Thomas Leach and Edward Warner, to procure a bell in England.

Norris was chairman of the committee. A student of the Bible, the verse from Leviticus impressed him, the tenth verse of the twenty-fifth chapter, as containing the thought suited to the bell. The verse is:

"And ye shall hallow the fiftieth year, and proclaim liberty throughout all the land unto all the inhabitants thereof; and ye shall return every man unto his possession and ye shall return every man unto his family."

FIRST CASTING OF BELL SUPERINTENDED IN LONDON BY AGENT OF PROVINCE OF PENNSYLVANIA

From this verse the line was selected: "Proclaim Liberty throughout the land unto all the inhabitants thereof."

As a matter of fact it was not until the Philadelphia Centennial in 1876 that the name "Liberty Bell" came to be applied generally.

Of historical interest is the order for the casting of the bell sent by the committee of three to Robert Charles, who acted as the agent for the Province of Pennsylvania at London. This quaint document was in wording as follows:

"Respected Friend, Robert Charles—The Assembly having ordered us to procure a bell in England, to be purchased for their use, we take the liberty to apply ourselves to thee to get a good bell, and about 2000 pounds weight, the cost of which we presume may amount to about 100 pounds sterling, or, perhaps with the charges, a little more.

"We hope and rely on thy care and assistance in this affair, and that thou wilt procure and forward it by the first good opportunity, as our workmen inform us it will be much less trouble to hang the bell before their scaffolds are struck from the building where we intend to place it. Let the bell be cast by the best workmen and examined carefully before it is shipped, with the following words well shaped in large letters around it:

"'By order of the Assembly for the Province of Pennsylvania for the State House in the city of Philadelphia, 1752,' and underneath:

"'Proclaim Liberty throughout all the land unto all the inhabitants thereof.—Levit. XXV, 10.'

"As we have experienced thy readiness to serve the province on all occasions we desire it may be our excuse for this additional trouble from thy assured friends, ISSAC NORRIS, THOMAS LEACH, EDWARD WARNER."

Charles in due course gave the order for the casting of the bell to Lester Cist of White Chapel, London, and it arrived safely in Philadelphia in August of 1752. But then its troubles began. It seemed the bell was destined for an eventful career. While being tested in the State house yard "it was cracked by the clapper, though by no very unusual stroke," as Mr. Norris, the chronicler of the early history of the bell, tells us. This was but the first of the bell's misfortunes. It was twice recast before it assumed its present identity.

After the first cracking "by no unusual stroke" it was decided to send the bell back to England for repairs, but a Philadelphia firm of molders, John Pass and Charles Stow, Jr., requested the work and it was given them. They were recommended to the committee as "ingenious workmen." Mixing an ounce and a half of copper to each pound of the old bell metal they melted it down and made a new casting. But even this failed to cure the bell. When it was hung and tested in 1753 it was found to have lost its resonance. Too much copper had been put into the metal by the casters, who became the objects of much chaffing from the citizens.

But they were anxious to make another casting and permission was given them, the third and present Liberty Bell being the result. They were paid for this casting, 60 pounds, 13 shillings and 5 pence.

SOLEMNLY TOLLED WHEN ROYAL SHIP ARRIVES AT PHILADELPHIA WITH TAX STAMPS FOR COLONISTS.

The bell was tested with elaborate ceremonies and raised in the State house steeple June 1, 1753, where it remained until 1781, when the steeple was torn down, the bell being removed to the State house tower where it hung until 1846. Since that time it has remained in the State house, better known throughout the country as Independence hall, to the present time.

The bell has made seven trips in all, the journey to the Panama-Pacific International Exposition making the eighth. It has been to Allentown, 1777; New Orleans, 1885; Chicago, 1893; Buffalo, 1901; Charleston, 1902; Boston, 1903, and St. Louis, 1904.

On August 27, 1753, the bell first sounded officially when it called together the meeting of the Assembly. After that it rang on numberless occasions and for numerous purposes. For more than eighty years it rang, calling the courts and the Assembly together, announcing the arrival or the departure of notables, the accession of kings, proclamations of war and treaties of peace.

"Its reverberations," writes Wilfred Jordan, curator of Independence Hall, "were often fraught with sounds of prophecy, war and woe, as for example when it was muffled for a funeral dirge and solemnly tolled when the ship Royal Charlotte, bearing stamps for Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, reached Philadelphia. Its ringing inspired a gathering of citizens in their protest against the Stamp act and the day the measure was put into operation the bell was again muffled and tolled, mourning the death of Liberty, thought some months later, freed of its impediments, its joyful cadence resounded through the city bespeaking the decree of the King and Parliament which repealed this act of tyranny. ——Thus did the bell proclaim and herald almost every important step towards the goal of liberty, reverberating with pugnacious violent peals the cry of determined citizens in the largest political meeting held, up to that time, in the State house yard, that "none of the ship Polly's detestable tea" that had just been brought into port should be "funneled down people's throats with Parliament's duty mixed with it."

"As the conflict with England approached," continues Jordan, "the bell was rung more and more; its use became a matter of course; its appeals more inspirational, as when, on April 25, 1775, just after the reports came to Philadelphia of the battle of Lexington it rang wildly to assemble eight thousand people in the State house and to inspire their souls to a resolution pledging their all to the cause of Liberty. Possibly 'the times that try men's souls' was the strain upon its spirit that began to increase the original flaw in its being.

TAKEN TO ALLENTOWN WHEN CITY OF QUAKERS IS EVACUATED BY FORCES OF THE REVOLUTION

"It rang also to assemble the Continental Congress to its daily sessions, both at Carpenter's hall and later at Independence hall, and finally its crowning achievement, which more than anything else gives it the name of the Liberty bell, occurred on July 8, 1776, and not on the Fourth, as so often incorrectly stated, when Philadelphia listened breathlessly to the proclamation of the Declaration of Independence as first introduced by Richard Henry Lee on June 7, 1776, in his now famous resolution."

It was not the largest of the meetings the bell had summoned to that historic State house yard. Not over three hundred intrepid souls gathered to pledge their lives and fortunes to independence and "hang together or all hang separately."

One of the first prominent persons for whom the bell was rung was Benjamin Franklin, when he was sent to England in February, 1757, to ask redress for the grievances of the colonies.

When, during the Revolution, the American army was forced to evacuate Philadelphia, the Liberty Bell was taken, together with the chimes of Christ Church and St. Peter's, to Allentown, where it rested in Zion Church from September, 1777, until June, 1778, and then was returned to the State house. This is sometimes called the first trip of the bell in the schedule of places that the bell has been taken to.

Two dates of historic interest were celebrated by the bell shortly after its return, for one of its first public duties was to ring out the surrender of Cornwallis, in October, 1781, and in the following month it pealed a welcome for George Washington to the city. It proclaimed the Treaty of Peace with Great Britain in December, 1799, and was muffled for the funeral solemnities of Washington. Lafayette was welcomed to Philadelphia by its music in 1824, and it tolled in the Jubilee week of the fiftieth anniversary of American Independence on July fourth, 1826. Three weeks later it gave the message of the death of John Adams and Thomas Jefferson; on February 22, 1832, it heralded the centennial anniversary of the birth of George Washington; on July 21, 1834, its solemn cadences tolled the death of Lafayette. And July, 1835, it tolled for the obsequies of John Marshall.

The Home of the Liberty Bell This Year; What Noted Men Have to Say of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition

"Every good American citizen should visit the Panama-Pacific International Exposition for many reasons.

"In its architecture and in its setting by the Golden Gate, this is the most charming of all the many world expositions.

"The exhibits themselves are worth crossing the continent to see. Our next neighbor, Japan, has especially outdone herself for our friendly consideration."—DAVID STARR JORDAN, Chancellor of Leland Stanford University.

* * * * *

"Despite the war in Europe more nations are participating in this International Exposition than any exposition that has been held."—SETH LOW, Former Mayor of New York.

* * * * *

"Knowledge is the one precipitant of racial and national prejudice. The Panama-Pacific Exposition affords the means of knowledge of the art, science and progress of the peoples of the world. It affords an opportunity to make an honest estimate of our neighbors.

"In a land where the individual is in reality the arbiter of his country's destiny, he should, wherever and whenever possible, avail himself of the opportunity to enlarge his horizon. Here is his opening. Most knowledge is acquired with great labor. Here is knowledge served to the melody of vacation and in the play-grounds of the world.

"It is a feast for the gods. It is being served to all who have the godlike wish to know.

"It is sure to promote not only individual happiness, which is worth much, but universal peace, which is worth more."—THOMAS R. MARSHALL, Vice President of the United States.

* * * * *

"The American who does not attend the Exposition will have to explain why all the rest of his life."—BENJAMIN IDE WHEELER, President of the University of California.

* * * * *

"The Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco surpasses any exposition which has been held in either America or Europe. Nothing has been left undone to make it a thorough success. It is quite probable that no other really great exposition will be seen in our day.

"The great palaces devoted to the Fine Arts, Manufacturing, Transportation, Agriculture, Mining and the like; the numerous and imposing State buildings; the stately pavilions of the nations; the marvelous Electrical Illumination at night; the brilliant Tower of Jewels, but a few feet lower than Washington's monument at the National Capital; the general color scheme; the numerous and varied exhibits from every avenue of human endeavor, make the Exposition a veritable University, fascinating and vast.

"Every thoughtful person who beholds it is filled with admiration for the achievement. I wish it were possible for every American, particularly young Americans, to see it."—CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS, Former Vice President of the United States.

POLVOGT COMPANY'S TUESDAY DOLLAR DAY SALE

BUY IN WILMINGTON "The Store That's Always Busy" BUY IN WILMINGTON

These Bargains For $1 Each on Tuesday

36-inch Colored Border Scrim, for Drapery; sold regularly for 15c and 20c.; Tuesday Dollar Day Sale; 10 yards for $1.00

50c and 65c Matting Rugs, fire place size; big bargain; Tuesday Dollar Day Sale; three for $1.00

75c Bath Mats in blue and green; the kind you need; Tuesday Dollar Day Sale; two for $1.00

Wool and Fiber Rugs; larger size; worth $1.50; Tuesday Special Tuesday selling; each $1.00

36-inch Silk Poplins, $1.00 values, in Black and Colors; Dollar Day Sale Tuesday, 1¼ yards for $1.00

$1.50 and $1.65 Velvet and Axminster Carpets; Special Tuesday Dollar Day item; per yard ..... .$1.00 (This price will include the making and laying.)

$1.50 Scrim Curtains, Tuesday Dollar Sale for..... .$1.00

$1.50 Couch Cover, Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, for..... .$1.00

50c Linoleum Mats Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, 3 for.... .$1.00

75c Lace Flouncing; 2 yards for Tuesday Dollar Day Sale $1.00

Ladies' 25c. Linen Handkerchiefs, Tuesday, Dollar Day Sale, 5 for $1.00

25c Linoleum Mats Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, 6 for... .$1.00

$1.25 Mosquito Nets, Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, for .$1.00

$1.25 and $1.50 Ladies Hand Bags, Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, for $1.00

Don't forget the guaranteed Buster Brown Stockings; we are going to sell 5 pairs Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, for $1.00

$1.25 Mercerized Napkins; Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, dozen for $1.00

Special Sale of Sheets, worth 50c each; Dollar Day Sale Tuesday, three for $1.00

20c Plain and Figured Crepes, Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, 6 yards for $1.00

Japonica Silk, 27 inches wide, in all colors; Tuesday, 5 yds for $1.00

Crex Rugs, large size; Special for Tuesday's selling, each $1.00

Cut prices Tuesday on all sizes Rugs and Art Squares.

15c Kimona and Dress Crepes; Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, 10 yards for $1.00

$1.50 Straw Suit Cases; Special, Tuesday, Dollar Day Sale, each $1.00

85c full size Bed Sheet; Tuesday, Dollar Day Sale, 60c; or 3 for $2.00

32-inch Anderson's Ginghams will be on sale Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, 8 yards for $1.00

Save $1.00 Tuesday and pay $4.00 for our $5.00 Portieres; pay $4.00 for any $5.00 Rug; pay $4.00 for any Blanket or Comforter.

18c Palm Beach Suitings, on Tuesday, 7 yards for $1.00

1 doz. 35c Pants, Corset Covers, Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, 4 for only $1.00

Ladies' 65c. Pants, Corset Covers, Gowns and Skirts; price Tuesday Dollar Sale, 2 for $1.00

Ladies' $1.25 and $1.50 Gowns and Skirts, made of Cambric, Nainsook and Crepe; Tuesday Dollar Sale, each $1.00

One lot of $1.50 Corsets, new models; full line of sizes; Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, each $1.00

Black and Colored Satin Skirts, worth $1.00 to $1.50 each; Special for Tuesday Dollar Sale $1.00

Gents' and Ladies' taped edge Gloria Umbrellas, worth $1.25 and $1.50; Tuesday Sale for $1.00

5 yards of our 25c and 29c fancy printed Voiles; 50 pieces just received and will be shown on Tuesday.

4 yards of our 40-inch fancy Voiles and Rice Cloths; sold for 35 and 39c; new patterns to show on Tuesday.

50c fancy bordered printed Voiles, just received; Tuesday, we will sell you 3 yards for $1.00

39c Satin striped printed Voiles; 40 inches wide; Tuesday, 4 yards for $1.00

35c extra quality White Pique; Special Tuesday, 4 yards for $1.00

25c and 35c Novelty Crepes, 36 inches wide; Tuesday, 5 yards for $1.00

25c Brocaded Ratines; Tuesday, Special, 7 yards for $1.00

19c Dotted Swiss, 27 inches wide; Tuesday, Special, 7 yards for $1.00

39c Embroidered Voiles; 40 inches wide; Tuesday, 3 yards for $1.00

36-inch $1.00 Satin Messalines, white, black and colors; Dollar Day Sale Tuesday, 1⅛ yards for $1.00

36-inch $1.00 Tub Silks; just arrived and will sell 1⅛ yards, Dollar Day Sale Tuesday, for $1.00

Satin Foulards, one yard wide; worth 89c and $1.00 per yard, on sale Tuesday, two yards for ..... .$1.00 More yardage at the same price.)

12 1-2c Pajama Checks; yard wide; used for Underwear; Special Tuesdaoy, 12 yards for $1.00

Ladies and Misses Midddy Blouses

$1.25 and $1.50 values, Tuesday's Sale, each $1.00

They are white with embroidered emblem on sleeves; some with red collars, some with blue collars; all are new summer models.

Children's underbodies for boys or girls; Tuesday sale, 5 for ..... .$1.00 Select any size you want.

75c Gowns and Skirts, lace and embroidered trimmed, Tuesday Sale, special; each ..... .50c

$1.50 Striped Satin Skirts, just like silk, Tuesday sale, each $1.00

White Organdie Shirt Waists just arrived and bought to sell for $1.50; Tuesday's price only $1.00

The best Silk Hose sold in the city; black, white, and all colors; special value, Tuesday for $1.00

We have about 75 Dresses, suitable for House or Street Wear; worth $1.25 to $5.00 each. We offer you your choice on Tuesday for each $1.00

White Skirts, made on new model and good material; worth $1.25 and $1.50 each; Tuesday's price, each $1.00

Black and Colored Satine Skirts, sold for $1.00 and $1.50 each; Tuesday Dollar Sale they will be sold for 50c each, or 2 for $1.00

Our $1.50 Black and White Shepherd Check Skirts; new models; Special for Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, each.... .$1.00

Soiled Washable Waists, all sizes; worth from $1.00 to $3.50; will be put on sale Tuesday, two waists for $1.00

$1.50 Linoleum, 2 yards wide, Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, for $1.00

75c Scrim Curtains, Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, 2 pair for $1.00

Table Damask Towels and Napkins; Special display and Big Bargains for Tuesday's Dollar Day Sale.

50c Bleached Table Damask, 66 inches wide; Special Tuesday's Dollar Day Sale, 3 yards for $1.00

65c Bleached Table Damask, 72 inches wide; Hotels, Boarding Houses and Private Families should see this, on sale sale Tuesday; 2 yards for .$1.00

$1.25 Satin Damask, 72 inches wide; all linen; big bargain, on sale Tuesday; per yard $1.00

20 and 22-inch Mercerized Napkins; regular $1.25 and $1.50 values; Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, per doz..... .$1.00

Tuesday Dollar Day we offer our 35c and 50c Ribbon; Special display; four yards for $1.00

$1.50 and $2.00 Ladies' Straw Hats, latest shapes; Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, each $1.00

25c Lace Flouncings, Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, 5 yards for $1.00

50c A B C Silk, is used for everything; Tuesday Dollar Day, 2½ yards for $1.00

Towels! Towels! Towels! Everybody is using them. Buy your Summer's supply on Tuesday Dollar Day Sale.

15c Bleached Turkish Towels, we offer Tuesday one dozen for $1.00

Large size Huck Towels, plain white or red borders, big value; Special for Tuesday Dollar Day Sale; 1 dozen for $1.00

Extra large Bleached Huck Towels, sold for 25c.; our leader on Tuesday Dollar Day; 5 Towels for $1.00

35c Bleached Hemstitched Linen Huck Towels, large size; Tuesday Dollar Day Sale; Special, 4 for $1.00

35c Persian Marquisette; we will sell 4 yards Tuesday for $1.00

25c Novelty Voiles, 5 yards Tuesday for $1.00

35c Poplins, 5 yards Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, for $1.00

15c Killarney Linen, Tuesday Dollar Day Sale, 8 yards for $1.00

$1.50 Gents' Bathing Suits; Special Tuesday Dollar Sale $1.00

$1.50 large Rag Rugs, just the floor covering for summer; Tuesday Dollar Sale; price each $1.00

THIS IS A Partial List OF OUR $1 Bargains on Tuesday

Many Items Not Advertised Will be Sold at a Bargain on Tuesday; Some items for Less Than One Dollar and Others More, All Displayed With Price Tickets.

We will have extra salespeople Tuesday. Customers will be waited on promptly and politely.

On account of the low prices advertised for Tuesday's Dollar Day Sale all goods will be sold for cash only.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

MASONS TO CELEBRATE CENTENNIAL

Early History of Concord Chapter, of Wilmington, and Masonry On The Lower Cape Fear.

By J. A. LIVINGSTONE.

The celebration on June 18th of the 100th anniversary of the date of its charter from the General Grand Chapter of the United States by Concord Chapter, No. 1, Royal Arch Masons, of Wilmington, will be an event of much interest to Masons throughout the country. While the charter of Concord Chapter from the General Grand Chapter was granted in 1815, its history really goes back much farther than that time. Mention of a meeting of Royal Arch Masons was made in 1797 and the chapter certainly was organized several years previous to that time.

However, the written history of Concord Chapter can be traced back to 1815 in an unbroken line in the minutes of the meetings which are preserved in the archives of the organization and since that date it has had a continuous existence and has numbered among its members the leading men of this section. The celebration on Friday night of this week will be an elaborate affair and will be attended by many prominent Masons from this and other States.

Prominent Masons Coming.

Past Grand Master W. B. McKoy, of Wilmington, who is one of the best posted Masons in North Carolina as well as being a well informed historian of the Cape Fear section, will deliver an address in which he will tell something about the early history of the chapter, the men whom it has numbered among its members and other interesting features.

Past Grand Master Henry Banks, of Georgia, one of the officers of the General Grand Chapter of the United States, will attend and will make an address at the banquet which will be given next Friday evening. Grand Lecturer W. C. Wicker, of Elon College, one of the officers of the Grand Chapter of North Carolina, and Hon. Henry A. Grady, of Clinton, Senior Grand Deacon of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina, will also attend and make addresses. It is expected that other officers of the Grand Chapter and the Grand Lodge of North Carolina will also be present.

The address by Past Grand Master McKoy will be given in the afternoon following the conferring of the Royal Arch Degree.

Early Masonic History.

As early as 1735 a charter was granted by the Grand Lodge of England to King Solomon's Lodge on the lower Cape Fear and since that time Masonry has been firmly established in this section. Masonic lodges and chapters throughout the country, extending as far west as Washington State, have descended from North Carolina Masonic organizations. Beginning on the lower Cape Fear, Masonry spread over the State and later the grand lodges and grand chapters of North Carolina were formed. The Tennessee Grand Lodge was originally a part of the North Carolina Grand Lodge and from the former the Grand Lodges of Georgia and Alabama were organized. From these bodies those of other states were formed, the different lodges and chapters continuing in an ever widening circle.

The records of King Solomon's lodge have long since been lost but it seems later to have been disbanded and in 1755 St. John's Lodge, No. 1, of Wilmington, which is still in existence, being one of the three Blue lodges in the city at this time, was organized. Later members from this lodge organized St. Tammany's lodge, No. 30, which took its name from an Indian chief, who was noted for his friendship to the whites.

In the minutes of St. Tammany's lodge, which are still preserved, mention is made in 1797 of a meeting of a chapter of Royal Arch Masons and the presiding officers of the lodge were also the officers of the chapter.

The chapter was evidently connected with the Ancient York Masons, which were for a long time separated from the modern lodges. As is well known to Masons, the Master's degree in the Blue lodges is not complete in its symbolical teachings and the chapter undertakes to complete and round up the whole of Masonry by explaining the missing link in the Blue lodge work. The work of the Chapter consisted of four degrees as follows: Mark Master, Past Master, Most Excellent Master and Royal Arch Masons.

Separation in England.

It was in England that some of the Masons, not being satisfied with the Ancient Lodges and their teachings, separated and formed a Grand Lodge of what was known as Modern Masons, the two organizations remaining separated until 1813. The Ancient Lodges claimed that they had the degrees which the moderns repudiated. The lodges established in America were organized under both the Ancient and Modern Lodges of England.

In 1813 two brothers became Masters of the two Grand Lodges in England and the younger brother, who was the head of the Ancient Grand Lodge, surrendered his title in favor of his brother, who was at the head of the Moderns, and recommended harmony between the two bodies. The reconciliation was followed by American Masons in all the states with the exception of Pennsylvania and South Carolina, who held back for some time and still insist upon being known as Free and Accepted Masons and omit the title of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. This difference, however, long ago ceased to be anything more than a matter of phraseology.

The Royal Arch Masons of New England at a convention in Boston on October 24, 1797, organized a General Grand Chapter for the purpose of giving uniformity to the work throughout the United States. In 1815, Concord Chapter, of Wilmington, surrendered its ancient charter and accepted a charter under the general Grand Chapter of the United States, being the sixth chapter to be chartered by that body.

The Grand Chapter of North Carolina was formed at a convention in Fayetteville on June 21, 1822, in which representatives of Concord Chapter participated, and this was subsequently known as Chapter No. 1, of this body.

There were representatives from six chapters at the convention, these being as follows: Concord Chapter, No. 1, Wilmington; Phoenix Chapter, No. 2, Fayetteville; Mt. Ararat Chapter, No. 3, Murfreesborough; Roanoke Chapter, No. 4, Halifax; Concord Chapter, No. 5, Tarboro, and Kilwinning Chapter, No. 6, Wadesboro.

Lodge at Masonboro.

There is a tradition of a lodge of Blue Lodge Masons known as Hanover Lodge which was organized at Masonboro, eight miles from Wilmington, but there is no written record of it. McRee in his life and correspondence of James Iredell says that this village was originally so called because a number of zealous Masons lived there, so closely together, as to create a straggling village or hamlet. Among the members of this lodge were Gen. Robert Howe, the highest ranking officer from North Carolina in the Continental service; William Hooper, signer of the Declaration of Independence; Cornelius Harnett, Frances Clayton and others prominent during the Revolutionary War. The old lodge house was preserved until 1896 when it was burned. It was a familiar object to many of the older people of Wilmington.

As is well known wherever the English settled in North America in the early days Masonry was introduced and became one of the important institutions along with the churches and the schools. It was for this reason that Masonry so early became strongly established in the lower Cape Fear section. Its growth has kept pace with that of the people in other directions and nowhere in the country is there more interest taken in Masonry and its teachings than in Wilmington and throughout this section.

Not only are there three strong Blue lodges in Wilmington but Concord Chapter numbers among its members the representative men of the city. Plantagenet Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar, also has a large membership. The Scottish Rite bodies are among the most active in the State.

The occasion of the celebration by Concord Chapter of its 100th anniversary will no doubt revive renewed interest in the history and teachings of this ancient and honorable fraternal organization.

The officers of Concord Chapter who were recently elected for the ensuing years are as follows: High Priest, Dr. John Thames; King, William R. Nye; Scribe, E. L. Fonvielle; Captain of the Hosts, S. L. Boyd; Principal Sojourner, C. L. Terry; Royal Arch Captain, Thos. J. Moore; Secretary, James H. Taylor, Jr.; Treasurer, E. O. Penny; Master of Third Veil, C. F. Nurnberger, Jr.; Master of Second Veil, W. K. Allen; Master of First Veil, W. N. Bethea; Sentinel, H. K. Holden.

In this connection it will be of interest to mention the names of this chapter one hundred years ago. The minutes of meetings held in 1815 show them to have been as follows: Past High Priests, Jacob Hartman and William W. Jones; High Priest, Robert Cochran; King, Junius C. Dunbiben; Scribe, Hanson Kelly; Captain of the Hosts, James Telfair; Principal Sojourner, Robert Rankin; Royal Arch Captain, Samuel Sexton; First Master of the Veil, A. L. Gomes; Second Master of the Veil, John McKay; Third Master of the Veil, Samuel Potter; Treasurer, Murdock McKay; Secretary, John Cowan; Sentinel, Henry Taylor.

REVIVALISTS BEFORE SUNDAY.

John Wesley Traveled 270,000 Miles; Preached 40,000 Sermons.

(From the New York World.)

Revivals followed the panics of 1837 and 1857 and the greatest of the Moody campaigns followed the hard times of 1873.

Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman and Charles M. Alexander, in Boston, during 27 days in January-February, 1909, held nearly a thousand meetings, spoke to nearly 750,000 people and made more than 30,000 converts.

It was Dr. Chapman who started Billy Sunday on his career, and who was almost afraid, six years ago, that "Billy will not live more than five years more; his fevered energy is just burning him up."

John Wesley traveled 270,000 miles, preached 40,000 sermons and wrote many books.

After George Whitfield's first sermon as a pastor of the Church of England, it was complained to his bishop that he drove 15 of his hearers mad. This was in the early eighteenth century. "I hope," said the bishop, "the madness will not be forgotten before next Sunday."

Peter Cartwright, the "backwoods preacher," who started the revival of 1800 in Tennessee and Kentucky, prayed a rough mountain inn dancing party into such a state one night that 32 conversions resulted.

Charles G. Finney, an American revivalist, invented the term "anxious seat" in a meeting at Rochester, in the thirties.

"I want you," said Dwight L. Moody, in Indianapolis, to the man who had just sung "There is a Fountain." "You must give up your business and come with me." The man was Ira D. Sankey, Moody's sweet-singing comrade for years.

Spurgeon, the great London preacher, once had an audience of 24,000 at the Crystal Palace.

Sam Jones, the "mountain evangelist," was educated originally for the bar.

"Gipsy" Smith is really a gipsy—a full-blooded Romany. He never slept in a bed till he was 17.

Billy Sunday's platform gymnastics have never surpassed the pulpit athletics of T. DeWitt Talmage.

As for revival slang, it was the Rev Len Broughton of Georgia who in Brooklyn 15 years ago declared that Peter "slipped his trolley" in the attempt to walk the Sea of Galilee.

NOTICE

The next regular meeting of the North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners will be held at Wrightsville Beach beginning promptly at 9:00 o'clock on Monday morning, June the 21st.

DR. F. L. HUNT, Secy.
Asheville, N. C.

je 11-13-inc.

TAR HEELS ARE WITH WILSON SAYS SIMMONS

Has Hearty Support of Democrats and Republicans.

Simmons, Pou, Webb, Watts and Bailey Working to Hold Deputies Department Would Dispense With.

Washington, D. C., June 11.—Senator Simmons, Representative Pou, United States Marshal Webb and Collectors Watts and Bailey will hold a conference here tomorrow to try to continue on the pay roll some eight or ten deputies which the Federal government officials decided were not needed.

The dismissal of the men in question, it is understood, was decided upon because the Treasury Department does not consider their services necessary. The moonshine business, it is contended, should be largely handled by the sheriff of the county. Twenty dollars is paid to each and every sheriff who destroys a still. Furthermore, the government is not getting revenue from the liquor business in the State.

Senator Simmons talked with Commissioner Osborn today and later called at the White House. The President was busy and he will call again tomorrow.

The senior senator declared that North Carolina is solidly with the President on his note to Germany. Both Democrats and Republicans, he said, were standing by the Chief Executive.

"The President's action with respect to Germany is approved strongly by the people of my State," said the senior senator, at the White House today. "I have just come from the State and have been traveling about through it. While the last note had not been published when I left there, its general tenor was known. The people not only approved it but they approved it more strongly than anything else issued in my time. Not only Democrats but Republicans, I find, are with the President in this matter."

Asked whether the dissention of Mr. Bryan would detract from the support of the President in North Carolina, Senator Simmons said emphatically that it would not.

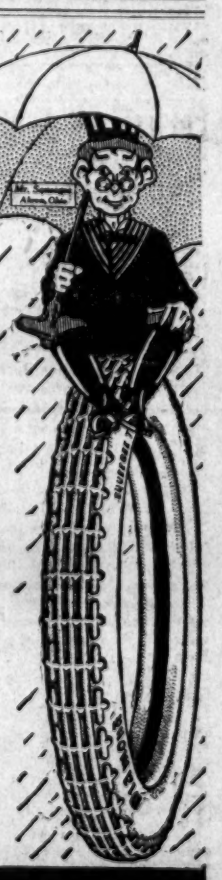
Senator Simmons said he did not think there was any situation at present which called for an extra session of Congress.

P. R. A.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic, Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50c.

"It's easy enough to be pleasant
When a man has all he requires;
If his health is all right
His heart will be light
While he's riding on Diamond Tires."
—*Mr. Squeegee*



A man is a good deal like a tire.

His greatness depends on the crowd he is in.

The really great man—the leader—literally has to meet all comers in the contest for public approval.

Any tire is the best tire in a crowd of inferiors.

But nowadays a tire has to be extraordinary if it is to make and hold a record for superior service and mileage economy.

It is the extraordinary quality of Diamond Tires that has given them their deserved pre-eminence.

Send for our book of letters from dealers who sold Diamond Tires in 1914.

It tells how more than 99 out of every 100 of the more than half a million Diamond Tires sold last year gave maximum service at minimum mileage cost.

It is yours for the asking.

Diamond Squeegee Tires are sold at these "FAIR-LISTED" PRICES:

Size	Diamond Squeegee	Size	Diamond Squeegee
30 x 3	$ 9.45	34 x 4	$20.35
30 x 3½	12.20	36 x 4½	28.70
32 x 3½	14.00	37 x 5	33.90
33 x 4	20.00	38 x 5½	46.00

PAY NO MORE

For Automobiles, Bicycles **Put on Diamond Squeegee Tread Tires** For Cyclecars, Motorcycles

REMOVAL NOTICE

May 10, 1915.

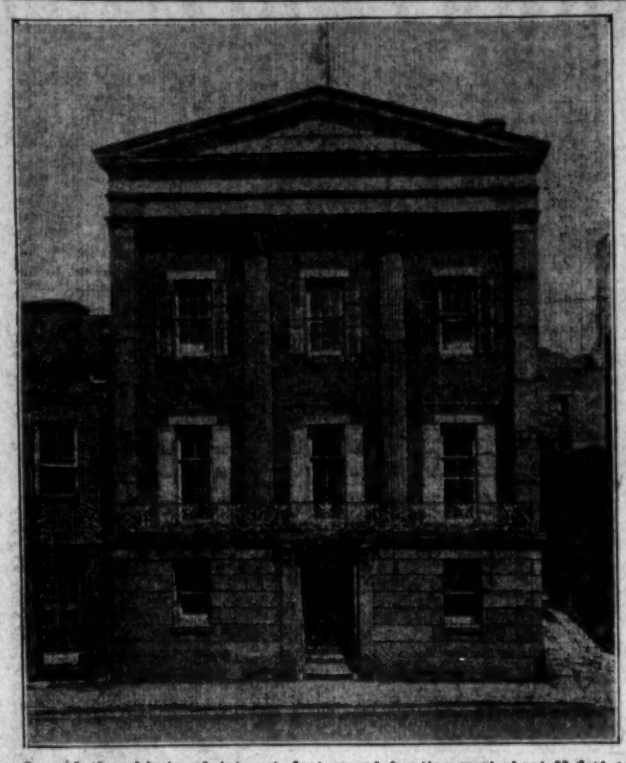
On and after this date, we will be located at our new office, where we will be glad to welcome our friends. All orders, remittances and communications should be hereafter addressed as follows:

Roger Moore's Sons & Co.

Pythian Building, 206 Princess St.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Telephones: Office, 154; Warehouse, 1037-J.

Custom House In Wilmington Which Is Soon To Be Torn Down



One of the objects of interest for many years has been the Wilmington Custom House which is located on the east side of North Water street, between Princess on the north and Market on the south, facing the Cape Fear river, which is about 50 feet west of Water street. This building which is soon to be torn down to be replaced by a new structure, costing $600,000, was constructed between 1844 and 1846 at a cost of about $40,000.

On April 16, 1819, the lot on which this building stands was purchased, with a custom house building located thereon, for $14,000, the funds having been transferred from the appropriation: "Custom houses and public warehouses." The building was destroyed by fire January 17th, 1840.

The appropriation for the present building were made by acts of Congress approved March 3, 1843; June 17, 1844; August 10, 1846, and August 12, 1848 (furniture, etc.).

Bounding the Government property between Water, Princess and Market streets are three alleys—Ewings, Smith and Grabies alleys, running at right angles to Water street, and Wright alley, running parallel thereto. Smith alley is immediately south of the custom house and is shown in part in the accompanying illustration.

The Act of June 17, 1844, above referred to, also provided for the purchase of additional ground, and accordingly a lot at the rear, extending northerly along the west side of Wright alley, from Smith alley on the south, to Ewings alley on the north, with a two-story brick building thereon, was purchased November 17, 1845, for $1,000. This purchase, with that of 1819, secured an L-shaped piece of ground fronting west about 39 feet on Water street, extending east along the north side of Smith alley 100 feet, 5 inches; thence north along Wright alley about 78 feet to Ewings alley, on which it has a frontage of about 29 feet. They also secured to the United States the right to the free use at all times of all the wharf property on the west side of Water street, between the lines of Ewings alley on the north and Smith alley on the south.

About 1875 there was constructed at the southeast corner of the lot at the intersection of Smith and Wright alleys a small two-story brick structure for use as woodhouse and toilet.

Under authority of an act of February 20, 1885, additional property was purchased December 14, 1885, for $25,000, for use of the revenue cutter and other branches of the customs service. This purchase consisted of the two-story brick building shown in part at the right of the custom house in the accompanying illustration, which is on a plot of ground fronting 30 feet, 6 inches on Water street and extending back 99 feet, 8 inches between Smith alley on the north and Grabies alley on the south; and two pieces of water front property between Water street and the river, one extending south from the south line of Princess street, thus giving the United States the free use of about 265 feet of continuous water front.

The cubic contents of this custom house are 120,000 feet. It is heated by stoves and grates and is occupied almost exclusively by the customs service. From the time of its construction until August, 1874, it was occupied also by the postoffice, after which that office was moved to a rented building. The brick warehouse at the rear and at the south of the custom house are used for storage purposes.

EVENTS OF A WEEK IN AND ABOUT LUMBERTON

Crop Prospects in Robeson County Are Bright.

Dr. Page to Wage Anti-Typhoid Campaign—Brass band to be Organized—Death of Mrs. Beverly —Revival Services.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., June 12.—This section has had a week of fine weather, though a little cool for growing crops, although the condition of all kinds of crops is reported good. When the fact is considered that there has been so much rain, the farmers have done remarkably well to have so little grass, the fields as a rule being almost free from it. While the cool weather has kept corn, cotton, tobacco, etc., from growing as rapidly as it would have done with warmer weather, stands of all kinds are reported as good, and when sure enough warm weather comes lost time will be made up and everything will grow off rapidly.

At a meeting of young men held in East Lumberton last night, it was determined to organize a brass band of 14 pieces. The movement is headed by some of the foremen of the different departments of the mills. The boys should be encouraged by all who wish to see a good brass band in this community.

Dr. B. W. Page, county health officer, will begin an anti-typhoid campaign on the 21st, and will go to any point in the county where as many as 15 persons desire to be vaccinated. Last year Dr. Page vaccinated 1,600 people in the county against typhoid, and all that is necessary for a successful campaign is co-operation on the part of the people with the health officer.

Although the graded school has closed for the summer, Miss Mayce Glasgow, the music teacher, is still conducting her music class, 40 pupils strong, teaching six days of the week. Lumberton has never had a more competent instructor in music than Miss Glasgow.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Robeson county division of the Farmers' Union will be held in the court house next Wednesday, June 16, at 11 o'clock. While the fact is realized that it is a busy time with the farmers, Secretary Grover Britt urges all members who can possibly do so to attend, whether delegates or not.

Mr. Hector Morrison, one of the county chaingang keepers, is reported critically ill, his condition being such as to cause much anxiety among relatives and friends. Mr. Morrison is an efficient officer, and it is hoped he may rapidly improve and soon be able to resume his duties.

The protracted meeting which began at the First Baptist church last Sunday is being attended by large congregations and interest is steadily on the increase. Dr. Wilson, of Richmond, Va., who is assisting the pastor, is an able minister. Already several have joined the church.

Dr. and Mrs. H. O. Easley and little daughter arrived from South Boston, Va., Thursday night and will in the future make Lumberton their home. Dr. Easley is a physician of several years' experience. A few years ago he was located at Boardman, in Columbus county, for a time, but returned to his home in Virginia where he has since resided. Dr. Easley, like many others, thinks Lumberton the best town in the best county in the best State.

Mrs. Sarah Elizabeth Beverly died last Monday. She was born in Montgomery county February 27, 1846. She was married in 1875 to Mr. Thomas Beverly and lived in Anson county until the death of her husband in 1885. She was a devoted Christian and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church from early childhood. Deceased was well known here, having made her home in Lumberton with her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Biggs, for the last thirteen years. She had been in ill health for over a year. The funeral services were conducted at the home at 3:30 p. m. by Rev. C. L. Greaves, assisted by Rev. I. P. Hedgpeth, in the absence of Dr. North, pastor of the M. E. church, of which she was a member. The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful. Deceased is survived by three brothers: Messrs. Alex. Zachary, of Laurinburg; Robert Zachary, of Albemarle, and Frank Zachary, of Morganton, and three sisters, Mrs. Mollie Bovender, of Hagarstown, Ind.; Mrs. Delilah Hayes, of Statesville, and Mrs. Nellie Laxenby, of Statesville. Two daughters and one son, Mrs. John T. Biggs, of this city; Mrs. D. D. Belvin, of Durham, and Mr. T. H. Beverly, of Portland, Ore., are left to mourn their loss.

Six new automobiles being drawn from the railroad to the wareroom of the Lumberton Motor Car Company yesterday was an interesting sight to many on the street. The cars were "towed" up all at one time and attracted considerable attention. Quite a number expressed the opinion that the talk of hard times is a fake.

Mr. E. M. Britt, who represented Lumberton Lodge, No. 35, K. of P. in the Grand Lodge in Salisbury this week, returned home Thursday night, reporting a most excellent trip.

The Pastime theatre has been closed this week while changes are being made in the building by which it will be greatly improved. It is expected that, while all the work will not be completed by that time, the show will reopen by Tuesday night.

The Royal Arch Masons conferred the R. A. M. degree on three candidates last night, after which a banquet was given, which was greatly enjoyed by those present.

Large numbers of Baptists, it is expected, will go from this section to Wrightsville Beach the last week in June to attend the Seaside Chautauqua, which will be in session at that place from June 21 to June 27.

Fresh new peaches of a beautiful red color are now plentiful on the market and prices are reasonable. The apple crop, it appears, will be very short in this section. The plum crop seems also to be a failure this year, as so far none have made their appearance.

The railroads are offering inducements to people to visit the mountains this summer. The fare to Asheville and return, from Lumberton, is $13.05—leave Lumberton at 7:15 a. m. via Seaboard, go via Carlisle, S. C., and reach Asheville at 8:10 p. m.

Mr. Rufus Sanderlin, who graduated in the Lumberton High School at the close of the spring term, left this week for Waynesville where he will spend the summer.

Mr. H. C. Boylin and family have gone to Rutherfordton to spend the summer. W. S. W.

OUR BEST

What is life given us for, but to make it our best? What, pray? What right have we to impose on the world any less than our best? Is is not blatant conceit to feel that we may be half-way what we could be, in fineness and in service, and still be tolerated? Truly this is vanity and presumption. To prove it:

Why, the chances are, that from our various ancestors we have inherited so many faults on the one hand and shortcomings on the other, that the material of us is not superior at all.

And the chances are that from the time our black mammies planted all sorts of superstitions in our small heads and set us an example of easy-going ways, that we have been absorbing innumerable errors and evils from our environ.

And the chances are, that the more certain and numerous our natural limitations and the more certainty the errors and evils have entered into the warp and woof, the more unconscious are we of the limitations and errors and evils. (A truly pitiable situation. But the chances are it is even so!)

So the chances are that unless we live up to our very, very best, we are and shall continue to be miserable failures.

There it is! The best we can make of it.

But the way out is plain. Though our smallness and faultiness has produced this blindness toward ourselves, the good, the best is plain before the eyes of each of us. Shining on ahead. God sees to that. For God is Love.

The laws our fathers have broken, the laws we have broken cannot be changed. And God Himself must wait on our laggard wills. But while we shirk and stumble He keeps before us always, the guiding star. Though we may not, cannot see ourselves, our need, we can always see the good, the better, the best. We can, unless we are like stubborn, utterly naughty children and shut our eyes fast shut.

The best is before us clear and plain by the way of conscience. God sees to that. For God is Love. And God cares whether or not the least one of us lives to his best, her best.

Not convinced? Well open your Bibles to the gospel of Luke and turn to the Twenty-second and Twenty-third chapters and read them through, and then let your heart say if you must not go forth and be your best.

Not convinced? Go out into the garden and stand before a white lily blooming there. Stand still a long time and look at the pure white lily.

Go, and look into the face of a little child. Look long into a little face where innocence and trust are written.

Not convinced? Of the upward call to the best?

Step out into the night and look up at the stars. A long look up at God's high, holy beautiful stars. And another night and another, look up at the stars. And then in all the days between go forth to be your best.

BROWN-GRAY.

Spend a Cool Day.
at the Beach. Fine surf bathing. Good music at Lumina. je13

BETTER HEALTH CONDITIONS.

Can be obtained for Rural Homes, Factories and Communities without sewerage facilities, by the installation of the L. R. S. TYPE of SEPTIC TANKS These tanks are of Concrete, portable, fly-proof, REQUIRE NO ATTENTION, and are reasonable in price.

They have been installed at all the Rural Schools of New Hanover County, at every cottage and hotel on Wrightsville Beach, and in numerous other localities. Recommended and approved by health authorities.

Manufactured by the CEMENT PRODUCTS COMPANY, Office 1015 Murchison Bank Building, Wilmington, N. C. Patents Pending.

RELATIVES APPEAR TO CLAIM BIG ESTATE

Randolph County Recluse Left Large Sum.

Gold in All Coins and in Bullion Found in House of Woman Who Had Lived Life of Solitude—The Claimants Busy.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greensboro, June 12.—Mr. W. C. Hammer, of Asheboro, here this week, says that the most interesting matter in Randolph county now is the question of who is entitled to administer upon the estate of the late Miss Ascenith Cox, a miserly spinster who died in that county a week or so ago. A half-niece renounced in favor of a citizen, who has qualified, and now a woman claiming to be a full niece has appeared and claims to be entitled to the position.

As soon as the administrator was qualified he hurried to the home of the late Miss Cox and began searching and digging for money that was supposed to be hidden about the premises. He found $1,600 in gold coin, some of which was Spanish, English and of other foreign countries. A considerable sum pf greenbacks and silver was also found about the premises. About $2,000 was on deposit in an Asheboro bank. But before the administrator could get to the home after his appointment some persons unknown to him had gone to the home and done searching. It is believed that they found some of the money and got away with it.

There was also found a quantity of gold in bars, worth several hundred dollars. No doubt many of the old gold coins found about the place are worth several times their intrinsic value, because they are rare. Some of them bear dates more than a hundred years ago. The woman also owned more than 500 acres of land. Her estate is estimated to be worth more than $50,000.

Miss Cox had lived for many years in the same place. She had guarded and kept her property with miserly care, and lived almost as a recluse. Some of the property she inherited and to this had been added rents and profits. She made rare trips to town and even then did not spend much money. No one lived in the house with her. She was regarded by the neighbors as a curiosity. It was believed that she had money about the place, and this was accounted for the visit to her home by some parties before the administrator could qualify and take charge.

2 Drops of "GETS-IT," Out Comes the Corn!

It's the World's Wonder; Never Fails.

You'll make goo-goo eyes at your feet, after you use "GETS-IT," and you'll find the places where those blankety corns used to be, just as smooth as your cheek.

"How Wide Is a 'GETS-IT' Smile? Well, a Good Deal Over 2 Feet!"

There's no corn or callus among the millions of feet in the world that "GETS-IT" will not remove—there's no escape. "GETS-IT" is the new way, the simple, common-sense, sure way. It does away with greasy ointments, salves, pads, cotton rings, harnesses, knives, scissors, razors, files, and the limping and the painful pigeon-toe walk of so many corn-pestered people. All you do is put 2 drops of "GETS-IT" on—the corn shrivels up—and good bye. Nothing else in the world like "GETS-IT." Millions are using it. There's no pain, no trouble, no changing shoes because of corns.

"GETS-IT" is sold by druggists everywhere, 25c a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Eczema? A Torture Quickly Banished

Remarkable Results Follow the Action of a Famous Remedy.

The action of S. S. S., the famous blood remedy, is a wave of health from the stomach to every other part of the body.

Any skin disease, no matter what its name, be it eczema, psoriasis, acne, lupus, or just plain boils, pimples or a stubborn abscess, must give way to the influence of S. S. S. Why so? Simply because there is in S. S. S. certain medicinal influences just as essential to blood health as are the elements of the grains, meats, fats and sugars of our daily food. Get a bottle today of any druggist and then write to the Medical Adviser, The Swift Specific Co., 111 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. He will tell you about skin affliction, such as you never before realized. He will clear up the mystery of why certain diseases of the blood make straight for the skin. He will also clear up your doubts as to the nature, cause and proper care of yourself in any form of blood trouble. His advice is perfectly free. There is scarcely a community in the U. S. but where you will find someone to enthusiastically tell you how they are now cured but at one time were sufferers from rheumatism, or catarrh, or some severe form of skin or blood trouble. Get a bottle of S. S. S. today, but refuse any and all substitutes.

"IN THE GOOD OLD SUMMER TIME"

Ammen's wonderful Heat Powder, 25c; Crushed Carnation Talcum Powder; Crushed Violet Talcum Powder. The DAINTIEST Talcs on the market. Lavalier Talcum; Colgate's, Meanen's, etc. etc. Select Lily of the Valley Talc.

Mum, Odorono, Amolin, Perspino, Spiro and Eversweet.

Mrs. Osgood's Wonder; Delatone; De Miracle; Pyroxin; Dorin's Brunette Rouge and all other shades.

Let us fix up your medicine case for the summer.

Several nice cool offices for rent. Also third floor of Bunting building.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY

FRONT AND GRACE STREETS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Northwest township, Brunswick County, road commissioners will receive sealed bids for construction of approximately fifteen miles of sand clay road, until noon, June 18th. Road commissioners will meet June 10th, to go over this work with contractors who may be interested in bidding. Plans, profiles and specifications may be secured from road commissioners at Phoenix, N. C., or W. H. Banck, engineer, Wilmington, N. C. Road commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

A. S. KIRBY, Chairman,
Phoenix, N. C.
je6-13t

NOTICE OF SALE.

State of North Carolina.
New Hanover County.

In pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court of North Carolina, made and entered at the March term, A. D. 1915, in a case therein pending wherein D. O'Connor was plaintiff and Margaret Cox and William Blount are defendants, the undersigned Commissioner duly appointed by said decree will expose for sale at public auction for cash to the highest bidder, at the Court House door of New Hanover County, in the City of Wilmington, on Monday, the 5th day of July, A. D., 1915, at 12 o'clock, M., the following described tract, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the City of Wilmington, N. C., bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point in the southern line of Rankin Street thirty-three feet westwardly from the southwestern intersection of Rankin and Thirteenth Streets, and runs thence westwardly along the line of Rankin Street thirty-three feet; thence southwardly and parallel with Thirteenth Street one hundred and forty-five feet to Charlotte Street; thence eastwardly along Charlotte Street thirty-three feet; thence northwardly one hundred and forty-five feet to the beginning on Rankin Street, the same being parts of Lots 1, 2 and 3, Block 229, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington.

Terms of sale cash.

E. K. BRYAN,
Commissioner.
je 5-30t.

SUMMER RESORTS

FAMOUS SUMMER RESORT
Waynesville, North Carolina
HOTEL GORDON

Best Table in Mountains; 3,000 feet altitude. Highest town east of Rockies. Elegant Orchestra furnished for exclusive use of Hotel Gordon. Dancing, Riding, Bathing, Fishing, Tennis, and all sports. Exceptionally low rates until July 15. F. O. DUNHAM.

BRUNSWICK INN

Waynesboro, Va.

In the Blue Ridge Mountains of Virginia. Opens for guests June 10. For rates, apply to Mrs. E. A. Robinson, Mrs. W. A. Williams, 825 W. Grace St., Richmond, Va.

Warm Sulphur Springs
BATH COUNTY, VIRGINIA

This famous resort with the most delightful bath in America is now open for guests. Write for rates and information. Mrs. John L. Eubank, Warm Springs, Va.

1915
The New Wilmington
City Directory
Has been delivered to subscribers.

No business man can do without an up-to-date CITY DIRECTORY. Call and get one.

C. W. YATES & CO.
117 Market Street

SUMMER RESORTS.

Great Sport This Summer at the ALTAPASS INN

ON THE TOP OF THE WORLD

SPEND your vacation at the Altapass Inn on the Crest of the Blue Ridge Mountains—the Summitland of Eastern America—looking down upon all the World. Explore the Appalachian Wonderland, the tallest mountain peak, the deepest canyon, the most beautiful waterfalls and picturesque river gorges in the Eastern Half of the Continent. This wonderful New Playground Above the Clouds, with a thousand revelations in store for you, now lies at your very door and is now quite as accessible as the lower resorts in the foothills of the Blue Ridge.

Fast trains over The Clinchfield Railway, the scenic route through the Appalachian Wonderland and the marvel of modern railway science, now render Altapass and the Summitland quickly accessible from every point in the South. Special Vacation Rates, June 1—Sept. 30.

THE ALTAPASS INN—QUEEN OF THE SUMMITLAND

Offers you a thoroughly efficient hotel service, affording every comfort, convenience and pleasure, with no useless expense for luxuries and mere ostentation.

The most delightful and invigorating summer climate amid the highest altitudes in the Eastern half of the Continent.

Mountain scenery, which for beauty, variety and grandeur, has no superior in all the world. Convenient to the Natural Wonders of the Appalachian Summitland. Mt. Mitchell, Linville Falls, Gorge of the Nolichucky, the Linville Canyon, etc.

Fast trains, good connections, excellent telephone, telegraph and mail service, livery, saddle horses, guides, coaching roads, mountain trails and bridle paths.

Neat, clean and attractively furnished rooms, with, or without private baths, spotless linen, comfortable beds and efficient maid service.

A bountiful table supplying a menu of wholesome and inviting food tastefully prepared and artfully served.

Steam heat, electric light and model water and drainage systems that make the health record of Altapass unparalleled.

No mosquitoes, malaria, typhoid or flies. All apartments thoroughly screened and the utmost sanitation enforced. Resident physician.

Special rates for children and servants. Comfortable accommodations for colored as well as white nurses and attendants.

A courteous and efficient management that has attracted the most desirable and congenial patronage. An ideal social environment.

Write for illustrated booklet, rates, timetables and connections. Address,

THE ALTAPASS INN,
Box 16 Altapass, North Carolina.

GO TO THE FAMOUS
SEASHORE HOTEL
WRIGHTSVILLE, BEACH, N. C. OPEN JUNE 1st

It is one of the most charming Summer Resorts in America. Fine beach, splendid surf bathing and good fishing. No mosquitoes or flies. New 700 ft. ocean steel pier. The new annex has 80 rooms. Total capacity of hotel is now 240 rooms; about 120 rooms have bath and toilet. Through electric trains connect with all A.C.L. and S.A.L. trains at Wilmington, N.C.

Descriptive booklet with rates, views and descriptions of the various amusements and pleasures of this splendid Seashore Resort, sent on request.

E. L. HINTON, Manager
Wrightsville, Beach, N. C.

Wrightsville Beach, N. C.
Oceanic Hotel

250 ROOMS ALL OUTSIDE.

J. E. CLAYTON, MGR.
AMERICAN PLAN.
SPECIAL RATES TO CONVENTIONS AND PARTIES.
RATES FOR SEASON OF 1915:

Hot and Cold Running Water Throughout Hotel.

	Day.	Week.	Lodging.	Lodging Breakfast.	Meals.
Single room with bath	$3.50	$22.50	$1.50	$2.00	.75
Two or more in room with bath (each)	3.00	18.00	1.00	1.50	.75
Single room without bath	3.00	18.00	1.00	1.50	.75
Two or more in room, without bath (each)	2.50	15.00	.75	1.50	.75
Children, 3 to 5 years of age.		5.00			
Children, 6 to 12 years of age		8.00			
Colored Nurses		8.00			

Bath Tickets, 25c Each; 6 for $1.00. Children Having Their Own Suits, 10c. Each.

Telephones and Bells in Every Room. Western Union Service in Hotel.
NEW OWNERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT.

MENTONE HOTEL

MENTONE HOTEL AND REALTY CO., OWNERS, MENTONE, ALA.,
Will Open Tuesday, June 15th.

Modern improvements throughout, including HOT and COLD WATER, in each room.

Its historic surroundings and numerous points of interest makes this hotel a "Beauty Spot" for a Summer Vacation.

Musicales will be a Feature this Summer.

Any information will be gladly forwarded on request.

Address MRS. N. G. WEBB.
MENTONE HOTEL, MENTONE, ALA.

J. M. Solky & Co.

Giving Away Money with Every Cash Purchase of the Amount of 5 cents or more we will give you a Cash Redeemable Coupon at the rate of 2½ cents on the dollar. They may be taken to the Atlantic Trust and Banking Co and Cashed. This means Money saved by you when Buying your Clothing and Furnishings from

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

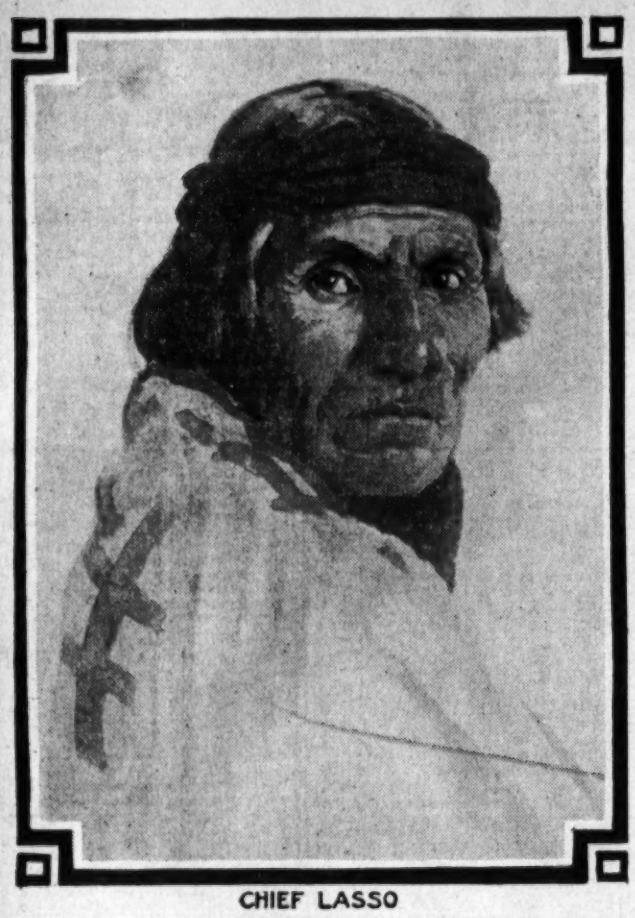
NO. 9 NORTH FRONT St. PHONE 617

Be sure you get your Coupons before leaving the Store.

Cotton Storage

We have space to store about 1,000 bales Cotton.
Bonded Warehouse Receipts Issued.

W. B. THORPE & CO.



CHIEF LASSO

CONQUERING INDIANS WITH KINDNESS

General Hugh L. Scott Tells Secret Of His Remarkable Mastery Of Red Men---His Suppression Of Piutes Is Eleventh Settlement Of Uprisings

GENERAL AND MRS. HUGH L. SCOTT
PHOTO BY HARRIS & EWING

CHIEF GOOD VOICE

When the United States government goes to war it usually puts an army of more than 100,000 men in the field. When the United States government starts out to quell an Indian uprising it sends just one man. He is General Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff of the United States Army.

Even one company of troops accompanying General Scott would be superfluous. All that is necessary is for the general to let the rebellious Indians know he is in the field and is ready to make peace and they are ready to make terms with him.

General Scott recently rode into Thompsons, Utah, with the four leaders of a band of rebellious Piute Indians and settled an Indian uprising in which several men were killed and in which a posse headed by United States marshals had failed to conquer the outlaws.

General Scott had as his prisoners: Old Polk, chief of one of the divisions of the renegate Piutes; Tse-ne-Gat, son of Old Polk; Old Posey, chief of the other division of the renegades, and Posey's son. Tse-ne-Gat is charged with murdering a Mexican during the uprising and the others with inciting an uprising.

The four prisoners when brought to Thompsons were subdued and willing to follow General Scott any place he might lead them. While a few days before these men were accounted the bloodthirsty leaders of a desperate outlaw band, they appeared as children under Scott's care.

At Thompsons he dined with them and pleased them by ordering the waiter to arrange a table for him and his guests away from the "white folks." There he saw that they were well fed and after the meal further pleased them by distributing cigarettes. From the time the four Indian leaders surrendered until he landed them in the penitentiary to await trial they were never handcuffed, or even kept under guard.

THEY BECOME DOCILE.

The people in Thompsons and in other Utah cities through which the strange party of a United States general with four Indians in war paint following him like children being taken to the circus, were frightened by the appearance of the outlaws, but under General Scott's care they were as docile as if they knew not the meaning of war, bloodshed and murder.

In their Piute dialect they referred to General Scott as their Good White Father and he called them "his boys." The Great White Father in Washington meant not as much to them as the Good White Father who rode out to meet them and promised to protect them and see they were granted their rights. The Great White Father was a myth with a mythical army behind him. They hated that army that fought them with machine guns from a distance and killed their children and their squaws.

The Good White Father came to them unarmed. He fed them and gave them clothing. He did not talk of battle and came unarmed. So when the four renegades consented to be captured and taken back for trial in the Federal courts, their tribesmen, squaws and children consented to go back to the reservation.

Thus General Scott won his ninth Indian campaign without bloodshed. In the preceding campaigns he had gone to the Indian leaders and told them he wanted them to come back to the reservation and live in peace and they did.

General Scott's story is splendidly told in his own terse, brief way in a recent interview:

SCOTT'S OWN STORY.

"When the Piutes left the reservation, fought the Indian agents and the United States marshals and posses I was ordered to proceed to Utah at once and quell the uprising. I might have had any part of the army that I might have requested, but I preferred to go alone. The sight of troops would only have added to the desperation, and desire to kill, of the Indians.

"I left Washington, D. C., March 3, with Lieutenant-Colonel Robert E. L. Michie, my aide-de-camp, and Trooper P. R. Randolph of the Fifth Cavalry, who served as my orderly. It was my desire to get to the scene of action before there was any more bloodshed. I was anxious during the entire journey that there be not another pitched battle before I arrived and that some of the posse or the Indians would be killed. It was my hope that the posse would refrain from battling the Indians and that the renegades would remain in the moutains to which they had fled and stay there until we reached the scene.

"We reached Thompsons, Utah, March 8 and went by automobile, wagon, horseback, sleigh and on foot to Bluff, Utah. There we learned that Polk and Posey and their Indians had gone to the Navajo mountains, some 125 miles west of Bluff. We rested for a day and then proceeded by horseback on our journey toward the mountains.

"We sent a friendly Piute, known as Jim's boy, to go to the leaders of the outlaws to tell them I wanted to see them. Then we struck camp and waited.

"The next day some of the Indians rode in close to our camp to see that we were alone and there was no danger of a trap or trickery. The third day some of the Indians entered our camp. Reassured that I and my two companions were the only ones and the army and detested posse were many miles away. Posey and four Indians came into our camp. We talked a little through an Indian interpreter. It was in the evening and I was not anxious to rush matters.

TAKING IT EASY.

"I asked them how they were. I told them I didn't feel very well and did not want to talk to them until next day. They helped us kill beef and we gave them a good meal, the first they had had in two weeks. They were poorly clad and we gave them some blankets. Posey and his men were unarmed, but I believe they hid their weapons in the rocks nearby. The first Indians who visited our camp saw that we didn't have as much as a revolver and as a matter of courtesy when Posey and his men visited us they had left their weapons behind.

"The next day Polk and Hatch and about 25 of their men came in to see me. I asked them what was the trouble and why they had left the reservation. They told me that the cowboys came at daylight, surrounded them in their reservation and shot their children and wounded a squaw. They said they did not like the cowboys and previously had had trouble with them. They had tried to live in peace on their reservation, but the cowboys had annoyed them and they had tolerated it until at last they were forced to resent the murder of their children.

"I sympathized with them. I told them it wasn't fair for the cowboys to treat them like that, and I wouldn't want my children pursued by cowboys and shot. I said furthermore that I wouldn't see anyone else's children treated that way. I said I would see that such cruelty was stopped. I didn't try to push matters and they realized I was fully in sympathy with them.

"I told the Indian agents who had come up in the meantime with supplies to see that the men, squaws and children had plenty of blankets and provisions. Nothing could have done more to win the hearts of these Indians. The children and women ate ravenously for they had been more than two weeks with nothing to live on but jerked meat. Their clothing was in tatters and they had suffered from the cold.

"I told the leaders that I would see their people were protected from further outrages and asked them to retire and decide what they wanted to do. By this time they had forgotten all about the warpath. It was peaceful and we were on as friendly terms as if it were one big picnic and I and my men were in charge of the free lemonade booth.

CONCILIATES LEADERS.

"The Indian leaders came back after a conference and told me they were willing to do anything I wanted them to do. We sat down in a circle. I said, 'The marshal wants you and you, and you,' pointing to the four men wanted, 'to go with him to Salt Lake City. The rest of you may return to your reservations with the agents and I will see that you are not harmed. Is that alright?' They said it was, and they would go any place I wanted them to go.

"We broke camp and all rode to Bluff. We rode ahead and the Indians followed. The four prisoners were not ironed or shackled and in fact were not led to believe they were prisoners until they were put in jail to await trial. They never tried to get away. In fact, I don't believe we could have got rid of them if we had tried. At night they slept together and no one stood guard over them. They are perfectly harmless now, and all the Indians feel satisfied. The whites are over their scare and there will be no more trouble from this band of Indians.

"These Indians are just children, easy to alarm and sometimes hard to appease. They had worked themselves into such a pitch over their troubles that they were getting dangerous. They were attempting to get a large tribe of Navajos to join them in an outbreak. Where they were camped in the wild, broken country near the Grand Canyon, they would have been mighty hard to dislodge. It would have taken a large force of cavalry, perhaps two or three regiments, to subdue them and that would take several months with a large loss of life on both sides as the Indians, while poorly clothed and provisioned were well equipped with rifles and ammunition. It also would have cost the government at least $25,000 just to get the soldiers in there.

HIS ELEVENTH UPRISING.

"This is the eleventh uprising I have been called upon to quiet. I am pleased that I have been successful at such an early date in treating with the Piutes. It has never been my policy to hasten matters but to allow the Indians ample time to become thoroughly conversant with every phase of terms I have to offer before I put the final question: 'What are you going to do?' They are slow but correct thinkers, and while it takes them sometime to come to a conclusion you can bet it will be the right one if the terms are right.

"I came in here prepared to spend any number of days to get in touch with the conditions. Once I can get them to come in and talk they learn that I am their friend and the biggest part of the battle is over. What I consider is the greatest feature of all is the fact that once Indians have given me their promise to be good they have never broken their word. Nor has it been necessary to go over the same ground the second time.

"Of the twenty-seven Indians that came into Medicine Hat in response to my message sent by an Indian runner there was not one of them but wanted to come under my protection. I have nothing but praise for the United States marshals and the Indian agents. That there was no more bloodshed is little less than miraculous.

SECRET IS KINDNESS.

"However, Indians must be treated with kindness and plenty of provisions. They feel this coming to them from the government. While I am not much on romance, I know they still feel that hatred against some white men in general that their ancestors did when they were first deprived of their lands and taken to the reservations. Neither are Indians romantic unless it be in their desire for plenty of food and clothing, and to be left severely alone in their pursuit of a living. When white men begin to interfere with them there is trouble ahead. Indians are clannish that way. They don't feel like having the white man as their friend or guest if they can avoid it."

The most significant part of General Scott's interview is the part: "I sent an Indian runner to tell the renegade Piutes that I wanted to see them." Like the detective's words to the criminal: "The chief wants to see you," or the mother's words to the mischievous boy: "Your father wants to see you in the woodshed," was General Scott's message to the Indians. If they had been told that President Wilson was waiting for them out on the plains they would perhaps have not responded as quickly as when told General Scott wanted to see them.

It was not a request for an interview, it was not as if the general sent his card asking for an audience—it was a command. It meant in brief: General Scott is here from Washington to settle this uprising. He wants to finish and get back to Washington as soon as possible. This great commander of men brooks no delays. If you do not come to him he will come to you. If he cannot bring you to terms by his friendly manner, then he will come after you with the United States army and will make you sorry you ever left the reservation. He is not an ordinary soldier used to fighting in civilized warfare only. He knows more about Indian tactics and Indian warfare than you do yourselves.

HE KNOWS THE INDIAN.

You may fight the ordinary soldier from behind boulders and trees and delay capture for many months, but if General Scott brings his troops he will teach them how to fight behind boulders and trees and he will wipe out the whole tribe. He can wait many months to accomplish this for his troops are well armed and well provisioned, while you have but little food and hardly any ammunition.

General Scott fought with your ancestors before you and conquered them. He showed he knew just a little more about Indian warfare than they. And your ancestors after resisting him once decided that in the future when the great general came from Washington to settle matters it was best to surrender. Your ancestors knew he was their friend. Never did he go back on his promises to defend those who surrendered to him.

This was what General Scott's message meant to the Indians when he sent the runner to tell them "General Scott wants to see you." They knew that when the general gave them his promise that conditions on the reservation would be better and they would not again be molested by the cowboys, he meant it would be kept.

The most peculiar part of the subjugation of the Piutes was the surrender of the four leaders for trial in the United States court. Perhaps nothing is more dreaded by the Indian than a trial before a judge of white men with a "paleface" lawyer to defend him. The Indian has but a poor understanding of law, especially of laws made by white men. He realizes that to wantonly kill is a punishable crime, but he does not feel to slay a foe in battle or in an uprising should be construed as murder.

When General Scott came he brought with him a respect for the laws that made the Indians realize they could get a fair trial because the Good White Father would see they were protected. To them he was not an ordinary man, working for the United States government on a salary just as thousands of others are doing. He was the United States government. To them he was sort of a supernatural being who could call thousands of warriors into action merely by a nod of his head. At his order those wild hills of Utah would be literally covered with troops, cavalry and artillery, and the Indians would face annihilation, so they yielded their leaders up for trial and went peacefully back to the reservation.

General Scott and his staff of two men went back to Washington to deal with more knotty problems of the army than Indian uprisings. The general gave all the credit to the Indians and even spoke a kind word for the United States marshals and Indian agents who let the situation get beyond their control. They went about settling the matter after it had gotten to such a head with the wrong weapons. They armed a posse and started out to subdue the Indians. That was just what the Indians expected and what they hoped for. A handful of citizens riding wildly about without order or a leader and the Indians behind boulders shooting them down as they approached.

Affairs had come to such a stand when Secretary of War Garrison ordered General Scott to the front.

INDIAN CHILDREN

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

SLIGHT DECLINE IN COTTON

Market Quiet and Fluctuations Narrow and Irregular—Close 1 to 3 Points Off.

New York, June 12.—The cotton market was quiet today and fluctuations were narrow and irregular, with the close steady at a net decline of 1 to 3 points.

Liverpool was again slightly lower than due but there were some buying orders from Southern sources overnight, and after opening at a decline of 2 points to an advance of 3 points active months sold about 5 points net higher. The weakness of stock market encouraged the optimistic view of general conditions. Trade reports from Fall River indicated increasing mill activity, strengthened expectations of business figures giving domestic consumption for the month of May. Monday morning. There seemed to be some foreign and southern buying on the early advance but demand was limited and while the generally favorable weather and crop advices failed to inspire any important buying, prices eased off under scattering realizing for the week-end. The close was at the low point of the day. Private cables reported a small market in Liverpool.

Futures closed steady.

	Open	High	Low	Close
July	9.52	9.57	9.52	9.53
October	9.90	9.94	9.90	9.90
December	10.22	10.22	10.17	10.17
January	10.29	10.29	10.23	10.22
March	10.50	10.48	10.46	

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 9.80; sales 884 bales.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans — Middling, 9.25; receipts, 4,101; exports, 700; stock, 189,727.

Galveston — Middling, 9.25; receipts, 1,256; sales, 189; stock, 215,672.

Mobile—Middling, 8.75; receipts, 2; stock, 17,155.

Savannah — Middling, 9.00; receipts, 382; sales, 400; stock, 77,511.

Charleston — Middling, 9.00; stock, 57,625.

Wilmington—Receipts, 33; stock, 43,572.

Texas City — Receipts, 900; exports, 166.

Norfolk—Middling, 9.00; exports, 254; stock, 55,412.

Baltimore—Middling, 9¾; stock, 2,285.

Boston—Middling, 9.70; stock, 14,000.

Philadelphia—Middling, 10.05; stock, 1,643.

New York — Middling, 9.70; exports, 600; stock, 239,001.

Minor Ports—Receipts, 2,628; exports, 1,628; stock, 27,632.

Total today—Receipts, 4,857; exports, 2,278; stock, 943,950.

Total for week—Receipts, 4,857; exports, 3,278.

Total for season—Receipts, 10,465,381; exports, 7,952,755.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling, 9.15; receipts, 1,-00; shipments, 1,084; sales, 390; stock, 1,251.

Memphis — Middling, 9.12; receipts, 8; shipments, 1,464; sales, 550; stock, 5,669.

Augusta — Middling, 8.88; receipts, 1; shipments, 752; sales, 683; stock, 809.

St. Louis—Middling, 9¼; receipts, 867; shipments, 802; sales, 12; stock, 261,061.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 718; shipments, 1; stock, 23,001.

Little Rock—Middling, 8.87; receipts, shipments, 84; sales, 8; stock, 15,264.

Dallas—Middling, 8.60; receipts, 497. Total today—Receipts, 3,232; shipments, 4,788; stock, 238,155.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, June 12.—Cotton, spot, quiet; prices, steady; good middling, 5.3; middling, 5.41; low middling, 4.93; sales, 4,000 bales, including 3,300 American and 500 for speculation and export. Receipts, 35,000.

Futures closed quiet. June, 5.26; July, 5.26; July-August, 5.29½; August-September, 5.37½; September-October, 5.45½; October-November, —; January-February, 5.65½; March-April, 5.72; May-June, 5.79.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, June 12.—Cotton seed oil market was firmly steady with [illegible] with [illegible] ingest [illegible] 4.00 bid. The [illegible] 6.12 bid. The [illegible] 6.22; [illegible] 6.24 to 6.25; August [illegible] 6.56 to 6.57; October, November and December 5.59 to 5.61; January 6.01 to 6.03.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, June 12.—Cotton goods markets were steady and quiet today. Yarns dull, fine fancy cottons in good demand. Burlaps sold steadily at high prices. Linens firm. Knit goods in moderate demand.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, June 12.—Butter, steady. Cheese—Unsettled.
Sugar—Market holiday.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

After a Season of Price Changes Market Closes Lower.

New Orleans, June 12.—After a session of small price changes both above and below the level of the last quotations the cotton market today closed at a net loss of 2 to 4 points. The tone was steady, as the result of more cheerful sentiment regarding the outcome of the Lusitania incident, some little demand for contracts from spot people and improvement in general commercial reports. Around the opening prices lost 1 to 4 points in sympathy with poor cables. This decline was succeeded by an advance of 1 to 2 points over yesterday's close. Late in the morning the market fell off somewhat under liquidation of long cotton which appeared to be induced by the favorable weather prevailing over the belt. Only very light short selling followed the official reports showing warm weather and light scattered showers over the belt, the conditions most desired.

Cotton futures closing: July 9.25; October 9.64; December 9.85; January 9.95; March 10.17.

Spot cotton steady, unchanged. Middling 9.25; sales on the spot 500 bales; to arrive 300.

WHEAT VALUES ADVANCE

Cause Is Part Fear of Damage from Rains Northwest had a good deal to do today with an advance in the value of wheat. The market closed strong at 3-4 to 1 1-8 above last night. Corn gained 1 to 1 1-4; oats finished unchanged to 1-2c higher, and provisions 2 1-2 to 27 1-2.

Grain and Provisions closed:

Wheat—July 1.48 1-2; Sept. 1.06 1-8.
Corn—July 74 7-8; September 74 1-8.
Oats—July 45 1-4; September 40 7-8.
Pork—July 17.10; September 17.50.
Lard—July 9.47; September 9.75.
Ribs—July 10.27; September 10.60.

Cash Grain—Wheat No. 2 red, nominal; No. 2 hard 1.36 to 1.36 1-2. Corn No. 2 yellow 75 3-4 to 77.

MARINE.

Arrived

Str. Matilda Weems, Hall, Georgetown; Baltimore-Carolina Steamship Co.

Cleared

Str. Cherokee, Bunnell, New York; C. J. Becker, agent.

Schr. Carrie Strong, 412 tons, Hart, Ceylon, C. D. Mallitt & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 3,289 tons, Holasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.), 3,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, June 12.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Quiet, 37¾.
ROSIN—Quiet, $2.50@$2.60 per barrel.
TAR—Quiet, $1.60 per barrel; 7½c. per gallon.
CRUDE TURPENTINE—Quiet. $2.50 per barrel for soft; $2.50 per barrel for virgin; $1.50 per barrel for hard.

Quotation same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady, 45 3-4 Rosin, firm, $3.60. Tar, firm, $2.25-10c. Crude turpentine, firm, $3.50, $3.50, $2.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	19
Rosin	4
Tar	32
Crude Turpentine	2

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 1 cask; rosin, 4 barrels; tar, (—) barrels; crude turpentine 12 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nominal; exporters offering 8 1-2c; quotations same day last year, nominal.

Receipts—33 bales; same day last year, 12 bales.

Total receipts since September 1st, to date, 272,434 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 377,230 bales.

BY RAIL AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at Wilmington Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, June 12, 1915.

Atlantic Coast Line—33 bales cotton; 1 cask spirits turpentine; 4 barrels rosin; 32 barrels tar; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Schr. Mary Lee—[illegible] casks spirits turpentine.

Total—35 bales cotton; 19 casks spirits turpentine, 4 barrels rosin; 32 barrels tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. [illegible] Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, June 12.—North Carolina Peanuts [illegible] steady. Fancy handpicked [illegible] machine picked, 85c. per bushel.

Virginia Peanuts—Steady. Jumbos, 77c.; fancy hand-picked, 66c.; No. 1, machine picked, 60c. per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—Steady. No. 1, small, machine picked, 85c.; Jumbos, 75c per bushel.

All receipts, light.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, June 12.)

CORN—$2.10 per sack.
PEAS—Black-eyed peas, $2.75 per bu. Cow peas, $2.25 per bu.
POTATOES—Irish potatoes, 80@85c.; new crop, $1.00@$1.25 per bu. Sweet potatoes: Yams, $1.00@$1.10 per bushel. Good demand.
BEEF—Native dressed, 7@9c.; good sides.
PORK—Small, 10@11c. per pound.
SHEEP—$1.00@$2.50 per head.
WOOL—Burry, 14@15c.; black wool, 16@17c.; first-class white wool, 20@21c., fine, 20@21c.
HIDES—Green salt, 12@13c.; dry flint, 17c. per lb.; good demand.
NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 17@18c.; sides and shoulders, 14@15c. per lb. Good demand.
BEESWAX—Firm, 25c. per lb.; dull.
POULTRY — Chickens, grown, 45@50c.; spring, 18@30c. per head; good demand. Turkeys, out of season.
EGGS—18@19c. per dozen.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co. Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., June 12. — Spanish, Farmers' Stock—Market steady. First quality, 85c. per bu.; Off grade, 30@50c. per bu.

Virginias, Farmers' Stock—Market steady. Fancy Jumbo, 3½c per lb.; Fancy handpicked, 3¼c per lb.; Extra Prime, 3c per lb.; Shelling stock, 2@2½c per lb.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, June 12.—Hogs, weak; bulk 7.40 to 7.60; light 7.35 to 7.75; mixed 7.25 to 7.65; heavy 6.95 to 7.55; rough 6.95 to 7.15; pigs 6.60 to 7.40.

Cattle—Steady; native beef steers 6.75 to 9.50; western steers 6.90 to 8.15; cows and heifers 3.20 to 8.85; calves 7.50 to 10.25.

Sheep—Steady; sheep 6.00 to 7.00; lambs 7.75 to 10.35; springs 8.00 to 11.60.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, June 12. — Turpentine, firm, 38½@38¾; sales, 535; receipts, 673; shipments, 79; stock, 28,892.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 716; receipts, 1,388; shipments, 35; stock, 55,960. Quote: A, B, 2.70; C, D, 2.95; E, 3.00; F, 3.05@3.10; G, 3.10@3.15; H, 3.15; I, 3.20; K, 3.70; M, 4.05; N, 5.10; W G, 5.70; W W, 5.85.

STOCK DEALINGS NARROW

Most of Standard Shares Neglected. Activity and Advances Center in War Specialties.

New York, June 12.—Dealings in stocks today would have been more impressive had the movement shown greater breadth. Most of the standard shares were neglected, activity and greatest advances again converging about war specialties and other stocks more or less remotely within that special class. For instance, Federal Mining & Smelting common and preferred scored temporary gains of 20 and 5 points respectively, and American Smelting, Guggenheim Exploration, Amalgamated Copper and National Lead rose 1 to 3 1-2. Bethlehem Steel preferred rose to the new high price of 119 1-2 with smart advances in the common stock; New York Air Brake, General Electric and half a score of others sharing in the manufacture of munitions of war.

Seasoned railway shares, including Union Pacific, Lehigh Valley, New York Central and Atchison, were up a point and United States Steel also steady until the close, when pressure wiped out much, if not all their early advantage.

In the final dealings American Can and Central Leather rose from 2 to 3 points.

Bonds were steady today, total sales, par value, amounting to $1,385,000. United States bonds unchanged on call during the week.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

American Beet Sugar	49¾
Amalgamated Copper	77
American Can	46⅝
American Coton Oil	49⅛
American Smelting	83¾
American Sugar	108½
American Tel. and Tel	122⅝
American Tobacco	227
Atchison	101½
Atlantic Coast Line	105
Baltimore and Ohio	76⅝
Bethlehem Steel	167½
Brookly Rapid Transit	88⅝
Canadian Pacific	152¾
Central Leather	41
Chesapeake and Ohio	52¼
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	92⅛
Chicago, R. I. and Pac	20⅛
Consolidated Gas	125½
Corn Products	16
Erie	27⅛
General Motors	153
Great Northern, pfd	119⅛
Interborough-Met., pfd	73
Kansas City Southern	26¼
Louisville and Nashville	118¼
Liggett and Myers	217
Lorillard Co	168
Maxwell Motor Co	46⅝
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	11⅝
Missouri Pacific	11¾
Mexican Petroleum	78¾
National Lead	67½
New York Central	89
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	65¼
Norfolk and Western	103¼
Northern Pacific	107⅝
Pennsylvania	107
Reading	146½
Rep. Iron and Steel	30
Rep. Iron and Steel, pfd	88
Seaboarfd Air Line	14½
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	36½
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	37¼
Studebaker Corporation	76
Southern Pacific	88¾
Southern Railway	16⅝
Southern Railway, pfd	51½
Tennessee Copper	39
Texas Co	129
Texas and Pacific	14½
Union Pacific	129¼
United States Rubber	67
United States Steel	60¾
United States Steel, pfd	109
Utah Copper	68⅝
Virginia-Caro. Chem	34
Western Union	67⅝
Westinghouse Electric	98½

TRIAL AT WADESBORO MAY TAKE BALANCE OF JUNE

Suit Against Yadkin Power Company for Back Water Damages.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wadesboro, June 12.—The trial of the case of Clark vs. Yadkin River Power Company, being heard in the Superior court of Anson county, reached its high tide of interest when Attorney James H. Pou announced that counsel for the defendant company would vary the regular order of proceedure and introduce their expert witnesses before the testimony of facts had been concluded, so that those who were detained from their governmental duties here as witnesses could be heard and excused as soon as possible. Dr. H. R. Carter, who designated himself as assistant surgeon general of the United States Health Public service, was the first of the experts to take the stand. The court house was taxed to its capacity with an audience composed of men and women in equal proportions, who gave the strictest attention to every word of Dr. Carter's testimony.

Dr. Carter had been sent to the plant of the defendant company at Blewett's Falls by the United States government, at the request of the chairman of the State Health Board, for the purpose of making a sanitary inspection, investigation and prescribing such remedial measures as he deemed necessary.

The third day of the trial of the case in which W. H. Clark is seeking judgment against the Yadkin River Power Co., for damages alleged to have been sustained to his lands and the health of his family left the issues in as much uncertainty as it was before the mass of evidence had been heard.

The day's evidence was submitted to only eleven jurors, one having been excused by consent of counsel on account of his illness.

The plaintiff reached the point where it announced it would rest, and the defendant examined several witnesses. The first witness to take the stand for the defendant company was W. L. Little, who said he was asked to go down to Blewitt's Falls and make an investigation of the conditions there and on the lands of the plaintiff. This was done at the behest of counsel for the defendant. He stated that he had made three trips for this purpose, that he, with others, who composed a party, made a thorough investigation of conditions, they dipped the various ponds and pools on the lands of the plaintiff and the pond of the defendant company to find mosquito breeding "tad poles"; that there were none of them found on the pool of the defendant company, but that many were found on the lands of the plaintiff. He gave as his opinion that the lands in question were very little, if any, depreciated in value by reason of the building of the Blewitts Falls dam.

On cross examination, which was conducted by James A. Lockhart, he admitted that the land which overflows from back-water of the dam is now worthless. He admitted that he had never seen the lands before these trips and was only expressing an opinion as to their present worth. Several corroborating witnesses were examined for the defense, all of whom were parties who had been taken to the lands by counsel of the defendant, entertained at their expense and paid for their services. These witnesses were from various sections of the county and from among the most substantial citizens of their respective neighborhoods and whose judgment as to land values is recognized as fair and just.

Although over twenty witnesses testified in the suit of W. H. Clark vs. the Yadkin River Power Co., on Wednesday, all the testimony was corroborative; no new features were introduced. At the close of the Tuesday afternoon session, Judge Devin announced that he would hold evening sessions beginning Wednesday evening and three sessions a day would be held until the finish of the case. A conference with the attorneys and Judge Devin revealed the possibility that the hearing would consume the remainder of June, although the evidence is being limited to the condition of the plaintiff's land and the health of those who live and have lived on these lands.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

June 13, 1915.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 76 degrees; at 8 P. M., 77 degrees; maximum, 86 degrees; minimum, 71 degrees; mean, 78 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .60; rainfall for the month to date, 1.47 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. yesterday, 7 feet and rising slowly.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Fair Sunday and probably Monday.

The Port Calendar, June 13, 1915.

Sun Rises	5:00 A. M.
Sun sets	7:24 P. M.
Day's length	14 hrs. 24 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	10:12	10:40	5:41	5:38
Southport	8:10	8:36	2:29	2:21
Masonboro Inlet	7:59	8:25	2:08	2:01

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

June 12, 1915.

STATIONS:	Temperature: Weather at 8 P. M.	Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	98	74	.0
Asheville	cldy	84	60	.12
Atlanta	rain	88	66	1.64
Augusta	cldy	94	70	.0
Birmingh	pt cldy	88	70	.10
Boston	clear	82	72	.0
Charleston	pt cldy	86	76	.0
Charlotte	cldy	90	68	.0
Chicago	clear	84	56	.01
Galveston	clear	86	80	.0
Jacksonv	clear	90	72	.0
Mobile	pt cldy	86	80	.0
Montgom'y	rain	90	68	.70
New Orl	pt cldy	88	78	.08
New York	clear	84	66	.02
Oklahoma	clear	88	72	.0
Pittsburg	cldy	84	64	.0
Raleigh	clear	90	70	.0
Savannah	cldy	92	74	.0
St. Louis	clear	90	68	.0
Washing'n	pt cldy	90	68	.06

GOING NORTH THIS SUMMER?

The Following

LOW ROUND TRIP FARES.

Are Announced from Wilmington

Effective every day from May 15 to September 30.

Final return limit October 31, 1915.

GOOD TO STOP OVER

To WASHINGTON	To *BALTIMORE	To PHILADELPHIA	To NEW YORK	To **BOSTON
$16.00	$18.00	$22.50	$27.00	$31.00

*—To Baltimore via Norfolk and steamer $17.50.

**—Boston fare applies only via Norfolk and steamship.

Fares apply by ALL RAIL or via Norfolk and various routes beyond.

Effective June 1st, SUMMER EXCURSION FARES will be in effect to many other Mountain, Lake and Seashore Resorts.

For all particulars, reservations, etc., also

FOR RATES FROM OTHER POINTS 'PHONE 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent, WILMINGTON, N. C.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South

Bulletin of Special Round Trip Rates, in Effect From Wilmington.

NASHVILLE, TENN **$20.15**
On sale June 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 26; July 22, 23 and 26th. Limited returning fifteen days.

BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C. **$9.80**
RIDGECREST, N. C. **$9.80**
On sale June 3, 4, 14, 15, 24, and 25th, July 1, 2, 6, 7, 15, 16, 22, 23, and 29, August 2, 3, 10, 16, and 24; Limited returning Midnight seventeen days after date of sale.

KNOXVILLE, TENN. **$15.60**
On sale June 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, July 2, 3, 10, and 17. Limited returning Midnight fifteen days from date of sale.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA. **$10.25**
On sale June 20 to 28th, inclusive; limited returning midnight fifteen days after date of sale.

ASHLAND, VA. **$10.05**
On sale June 20 to 28th, inclusive; limited returning midnight fifteen days after date of sale.

SEWANEE, TENN **$20.55**
On sale June 30, July 1, 5, 8, 15, 22, 23; August 2, 5, 12; limited returning midnight, September 4th.

CHAPEL HILL, N. C. **$7.30**
On sale June 14, 15, 16, 17, 21 and July 5th; limited returning midnight, August 2nd.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA **$24.50**
On sale June 7, 8 and 9th; limited returning midnight, June 17th.

MONTEAGLE, TENN. **$20.55**
On sale June 30, July 1, 5, 8, 15, 22, 29, August 2, 5 and 12th. Limited returning midnight September 4th.

ROCK HILL, S. C. **$8.90**
On sale June 14, 15, 18, 30; July 1 and 2nd; limited returning midnight, July 31st.

DURHAM, N. C. **$6.55**
On sale June 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8th; limited returning midnight June 12th.

CHIMNEY ROCK, N. C. **$14.00**
On sale May 15th to September 15th, inclusive; limited returning midnight October 31st.

CHARLOTTE, N. C. **$5.90**
On sale June 23, 24 and 25th; limited returning midnight, June 27th.

ASHEVILLE, N. C. **$15.15**
On sale May 15 to September 15th; limited returning midnight, October 31st.

BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C. **$14.85**
On sale May 15 to September 15th; limited returning midnight, October 31st.

EDGEMONT, N. C. **$12.55**
On sale May 15th to September 15th; limited returning midnight, Oct. 31st.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, or any information, call 'phone 178, or apply to Agent.

H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

au-sa-mo-tf

Atlantic Coast Line

"The Standard Railroad of the South"

Bulletin of Special Round Trip Fares.

—from—

WILMINGTON

ASHEVILLE, N. C. **$15.15**
BREVARD, N. C. **$15.15**
HENDERSONVILLE, N. C. **$14.70**
LAKE TOXAWAY, N. C. **$15.75**
SALUDA, N. C. **$14.15**
On sale every day until September 15th, limited returning October 31st.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. **$90.20**
On sale until November 30th, limited 3 months, not to exceed Dec. 31st, 1915.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA **$24.50**
On sale June 7, 8 and 9, limited returning June 17th.

ROCK HILL, S. C. **$8.90**
On sale June 14, 15, 18, 30; July 1 and 2; limited returning July 31st.

BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C. RIDGECREST, N. C. **$9.80**
On sale June 3, 4, 14, 15, 24 and 25; July 1, 2, 6, 7, 15, 16, 22, 23 and 29; August 2, 3, 10, 16 and 24; limited to midnight of seventeenth day following, but not including date of sale, prior to which time return trip must be completed.

CHAPEL HILL, N. C. **$7.30**
On sale June 14, 15, 16, 17, 21 and July 5th; limited returning midnight, August 2nd.

COLUMBIA, S. C. **$6.75**
On sale June 13, 14; limited returning June 20th.

OMAHA, NEB **$58.00**
On sale June 10, 11 and 12; limited returning June 23rd.

WAYNESVILLE, N. C. **$12.60**
On sale July 7 to 12, inclusive; limited July 24; On sale July 20 to 23, inclusive, limited August 16; on sale August 6 to 9, inclusive, limited August 28; on sale August 17 to 20, inclusive, limited September 2.

NASHVILLE, TENN. **$20.15**
On sale June 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 26; July 22, 23 and 26; limited to midnight of fifteenth day following, but not including date of sale, prior to which time return trip must be completed.

ASHLAND, VA. **$10.05**
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA. **$10.25**
On sale June 20th to 28th, inclusive; limited returning midnight of 15th day after date of sale.

KNOXVILLE, TENN **$15.60**
On sale June 20, 21, 22, 26, 27; July 2, 3, 10 and 17; limited returning midnight of fifteenth day, but not including date of sale.

MONTEAGLE AND SEWANEE, TENN. **$20.55**
On sale June 30, July 1, 5, 8, 15, 22, 29; August 2, 5 and 12, limited returning September 4.

CHICAGO, ILL **$38.60**
On sale July 5, 6 and 7, limited returning July 16th.

For schedules, reservations and any further information, call 'phone 160, or apply to C. H. ACKER, Ticket Agent of the

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr. **T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.**

my13-th,sa,m-tf

NOTICE OF SALE.

On Monday, June 21st, 1915, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the undersigned will sell on the premises, at No. 109 South Front street, the following described personal property, to-wit:

Stock of groceries now in storehouse at No. 109 South Front street.

All fixtures in said storehouse.

One horse and two delivery wagons.

Terms of sale, cash, provided if the property is sold in bulk one-half cash, balance secured and payable in sixty days.

R. C. RUARK,
R. D. WHITE,
Administrators of estate of Dan. R. Ruark, Deceased. je9-13t

BURETT H. STEPHENS

ARCHITECT

38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective June 7, 1915.

Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. 3:40 A.M. Monday morning only.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	**No. 91.** 1:15 A.M. Sunday morning (Saturday night) only.
No. 51. 5:25 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Augusta. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia. Open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	**No. 50.** 12:45 A.M. Daily.
No. 64. 5:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs. and Sat. only.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate stations.	**No. 65.** 6:15 P.M. Tues., Thurs. and Sat. only.
No. 45. 7:40 A.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	**No. 49.** 6:05 P.M. Daily.
No. 53. 8:45 A.M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Selma.	**No. 52.** 8:05 P.M. Daily.
No. 62. 2:25 P.M. Daily ex. Sun.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate stations.	**No. 63.** 12:50 P.M. Daily ex. Sun.
No. 55. 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. Columbia, Asheville and the West. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta, and between Florence and Columbia.	**No. 54.** 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 57 6:20 P.M. Sun.only.	Chadbourn, Conway and intermediate points.	**No. 58.** 9:15 A.M. Sun. only.
No. 59. 6:30 P.M. Sun., Tues., Thurs. and Sat. only.	Fayetteville and intermediate stations.	**No. 60.** 10:15 A.M. Sun., Tues., Thurs., Sat. only.
No. 42. 8:45 P.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	**No. 41.** 9:50 A.M. Daily.
No. 68 7:30 P.M. Sun only.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate points.	No. 69 10:15 A.M. Sun. only.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160-J.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

HARPER LINE STEAMERS

SUMMER SCHEDULE, EFFECTIVE JUNE 1ST, 1915.

Leave Wilmington daily for Carolina Beach and Southport, 9:00 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.

Leave Southport 11:45 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.

SUNDAY SCHEDULE

Leave Southport 11:30 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.

BALTIMORE & CAROLINA STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Between

Baltimore, Wilmington, Georgetown and Charleston, S. C.

Ships sailing from Baltimore every Friday afternoon 3 o'clock, arriving in Wilmington, Sunday afternoon. Low through rates and other information furnished upon application.

J. L. DOTEN, Agent.
Office and Piers, foot Grace street. Phone 482.
HENRY WILLIAMS, JR. General Freight Agent, Baltimore, Md.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South. Effective June 9th, 1915.

No. 13.—4:05 P. M.—THROUGH STEEL SLEEPER BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND ATLANTA. Through Pullman Parlor Car between Wilmington and Charlotte. Train for Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte and intermediate points, connecting at Hamlet for all points North, South and West.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—THROUGH SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE—Open at 10:00 P. M. for Passengers. Train for Charlotte and intermediate points, connecting at Hamlet for all points North and West.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Agent, Orton Bldg, Wilmington; 'Phone 178.

R. W. WALLACE, C. T. A. H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A. Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

TO CHICAGO

ON THE CAROLINA SPECIAL THROUGH SLEEPING CAR DAILY VIA SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Premier Carrier of the South

QUEEN AND CRESCENT ROUTE AND BIG FOUR ROUTE

Southern Railway is now operating through sleeping cars daily on the Carolina Special between Charleston, S. C., and Chicago, Ill., affording excellent connections from and for Eastern North Carolina Points, Goldsboro, Raleigh, Durham, Greensboro and intermediate points, through ASHEVILLE AND THE LAND OF THE SKY.

For Pullman sleeping car reservations, schedules and detailed information, ask any Southern Railway Agent, or write,

O. F. YORK, Traveling Passenger Agent. Raleigh, N. C.

Wilmington, N. C., June 4, 1915.

Sealed bids will be received for the sale of Two School Houses and Lots in Districts No. 3, and No. 4, Carver's Creek Township until July 1st, and then publicly opened. Both buildings are new and each lot contains two acres.

Rights are reserved to reject any and all bids. DR. J. D. DeVANE, Chairman Committee. East Arcadia.

je 5-20t

YEE LEE'S CALIFORNIA LAUNDRY

815 N. Front St. **Telephone No. 1076**

Shirts ..... **10c** **Cuffs, per pair** .. **4c**
Collars ..... **2c** **Undershirts** .. **7c**
Handkerchiefs .. **2c**

All washing done in the best style. Work brought in the morning will be done next evening. Give us a trial; then you will know the laundry that does your work promptly and to please you.

Suburban Schedule

In Effect Saturday, June 5, 1915.

WEEK-DAYS

Lv. Wilmington.	Lv. Beach.
6:25 A. M.	6:05 A.M.
6:55 A. M.	7:10 A.M.
7:25 A. M.	7:40 A. M.
8:00 A. M.	8:15 A. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	and every half hour thereafter until
5:30 P. M.	5:45 P.M.
6:10 P. M.	6:25 P. M.
6:30 P. M.	6:50 P. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	7:15 P.M. and every half hour thereafter until
11:50 P. M.	11:45 P. M.
12:00 P. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville, and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials stop only at 5th, 7th and 9th streets in Wilmington, and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington.	Lv. Beach.
6:00 A. M.	7:05 A.M.
9:30 A. M.	12:15 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
7:00 P. M.	8:15 P. M.

Freight Depot open daily, except Sunday, from 8:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M., and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

Freight Depot Telephone, No. 96.

SUNDAYS

Lv. Wilmington.	Lv. Beach.
7:00 A.M.	6:40 A.M.
8:30 A. M.	7:45 A. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	9:15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11:00 P. M.	11:45 P. M.
12:00 P. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials stop only at 5th, 7th and 9th streets, in Wilmington and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington.	Lv. Beach.
11:00 A. M.	12:15 P. M.

Freight Depot Open: 10 to 11 A. M.

Freight Depot Telephone, No. 96.

Telephone 667 for information about train movements and matters connected with Railway department.

THROUGH SLEEPING CARS TO ATLANTA.

The Atlantic Coast Line operate the through sleeping cars between Wilmington and Atlanta. These cars are of all-steel construction and leave Wilmington daily at 3:45 P. M., arriving Atlanta at 6:10 the next morning, connection with through sleeping, observation and dining car trains for Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Kansas City and New Orleans. Passengers desiring to do so may rem

FIRST TWO CAMPAIGNS OF ALLIES FAILURES

So Declares Well-Known British Military Expert.

Urges Seriousness of War Situation and Necessity of Reconstruction of British Plan of Campaign, in Article in Paper.

"It is no use to cry over spilled milk; Let us admit frankly that our first and second campaigns against Germany have been failures, and start a new one," writes Major G. W. Redway, a well known British military expert, to the London Mail, urging the seriousness of the war situation and the necessity of a complete reconstruction of the British plan of campaign on a broader and far more intensive basis.

Major Redway puts it even stronger. "The contest, if now stopped," he declares, "would be decided in favor of the Austro-German alliance. German science has been opposed by British inertia, and science has won."

"It is very difficult to be precise in suggestions which may savor of criticism, because this war is not a British war primarily, and our gallant ally across the channel must always figure as the senior partner in the enterprise. That the French have upheld their old reputation as dashing fighters is evidenced by their losses uncomplainingly borne; but it were much to be desired that we could as easily recognize the value of General Joffre's strategy."

Major Redway's criticism of the French campaign is that it has been too frequently aimless and resultless. He says:

"The evasion of General Joffre last August prevented a decisive action being fought, but such evasion of course involved abandonment of territory. The French evacuation of their ten northern departments enabled the Germans to extend and fortify a frontier which now seems impenetrable.

"Behind this barrier German industry has assembled all manner of means and devices to prevent its recapture and to support fresh enterprises to be undertaken at leisure. Offensive strategy coupled with defensive tactics has once more justified the maxims of Napoleon and so far as the operations on land in the west are concerned the war is over in a technical sense. The decisive action that was practicable last year is no longer possible, and we need not inquire into the causes of certain experiments that have cost England an army of more than 82,000 men during the winter months.

"It is now not only a question of nerves, as the Germans told us long ago, but a question of wits. We are confronted with the same kind of problem as the one that baffled us for so long in South Africa. We have to do with an enemy whose ways are not our ways, and now as then, we must consider whether it is better to be whipped for our fine old sporting methods or whether we will take a leaf out of the enemy's book and beat him at his own game.

"In regard to tactics it is evident that we should deprive ourselves of nothing in the shape of weapons and appliances that will injure and alarm the enemy's troops. The Hague rules may yet serve strong purposes; the code once broken may prove to be a category of deviliries practiced on those who first resorted to savage warfare."

Major Redway would also like to see the superfluous personnel of government weeded out and sent to the front. The censors, for example, more than a thousand in number, could mostly be dispensed with, he thinks, and sent to do duty in the trenches.

"It is no longer becoming to flaunt our luxurious habits in the face of a world in arms," he urges. "Of course, it would be false economy to allow our wounded to lie on straw and remain untended for weeks, as the Serbians do from lack of means. But on the other hand, a census or able-bodied men who are employed in connection with hospitals, ambulances, rest camps, and recreation establishments would prove a revelation. Even the occupants of the war office, and the hundreds of staff officers throughout the kingdom could be winnowed with great advantage, including such establishments as the censors' office. The personnel attached to generals' headquarters are always too liberally bestowed especially in camps where operations are few and far between."

WARNS AGAINST TYPHOID.

State Board of Health Urges Vaccination; Warns Against Flies.

(N. C. Board of Health.)

Already a large number of deaths from typhoid fever have been reported to the State Board of Health. These reports coming in so early indicate to what extent the disease may be expected to rage when hot weather and fly time are on in full blast. As yet there has been practically no hot weather and consequently not a large number of deaths from the disease should be expected as typhoid rages most when the weather is hottest and the flies are thickest.

This large number of deaths, however, already reported should be a special warning to the unvaccinated and those who are still tolerating flies and fly-infected food. They should get vaccinated as soon as possible and see that their families and their neighbors are vaccinated. Under such conditions as are likely to exist this summer, no person nor family can afford to run the risk with typhoid.

Wherever the anti-typhoid vaccine treatment has been given to every person in any community, institution or body of people, typhoid fever has there been stamped out. For instance, there has not been a death from typhoid fever in the army since 1912, the year after anti-typhoid vaccination was made compulsory and every soldier was vaccinated.

What vaccination did for the army it will do for the family, the neighborhood or the county. Vaccination and cleaning up, tolerating no flies and breeding places of filth, will drive typhoid out of any community.

Farris' Hot Supper Rolls and Bread are delivered by the Wilmington Grocery Co., on Wrightsville Beach every day. Call for Farris' rolls and bread. (advertisement.)

The Surf Bathing Is fine these hot days. je13

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

WANTED — MIDDLE AGED COUPLE, Hollanders, respectable, solicit position of general usefulness with family or establishment. High grade Cooking specialty. Address "Hollanders," care Star. je13-1t

FOR SALE — 300 ACRES OF GOOD land, 33 miles from Norfolk, Va.; 137 acres cleared and 163 well timbered land. This property can be bought at a bargain. If interested, write or 'phone Brown and Frink, Real Estate Agents, 17 Princess street; 'phone 573. je13-1t

MALE HELP WANTED — POST OFfice examination at Wilmington soon. Prepare now under former Government Examiner. Booklet S-74, free. Write today. Patterson Civil Service School, Rochester, N. Y. je13-su,m,w-12t*

WANTED — TO BUY A 30-H.-P. ENgine and 35-h.-p. boiler. Elwood Tate, Warsaw, N. C. je13-4t*

WANTED — SALESMEN TO SELL OUR line of advertising specialties; wagon umbrellas, horse covers, carpenter aprons, towels, swings, hygienic and bath brushes and sewing baskets on commission. Can sell every merchant. Give references. Perfection Mfg. Co., Desk 110, St. Louis, Mo. je13-1t*

BATHING CAPS—EVERY STYLE AND color. All this year's goods. See our line. Green's Drug Store. je13-1t*

WANTED — POSITION IN GENERAL office work, by refined young man, just out of college; can keep books and do stenographic work. No bad habits. Address "C. R. T.," care Star. je13-1t*

WHO? JOS. F. CRAIG, THE PRACTIcal Tinner, solicits your tin, sheet iron and slate, job repair work. 'Phone 857-W. je13-1t*

LADY FAIRFAX CANDIES ARE THE purest and most delicious confections. Received fresh from factory every week; 50c. the pound. Green's Drug Store. je13-1t*

OTHERS LIKE CLARK-LYNCH QUALity and Clark-Lynch service. You will, too. What does "Clark-Lynch" sell? Lumber, of course. je13-1t

SPEND A COOL DAY AT THE BEACH. Tables provided at Lumina for picnic parties, free of charge. je13-1t

WANTED — SALESMAN WITH ABILity and address to interest largest mfrs. Staple specialty, having unequalled, guaranteed superiority. Exclusive permanency. Opportunities unlimited. Mfrs. 10703 Quebec Ave., Cleveland, Ohio. je13-1t*

PLUMBING — DON'T SAY WE HAVEn't got what you want, but 'phone and find out. J. C. McCartney & Son, Office and Show Room, 310 North Front street. 'Phone 1617-J. je13-1t*

FOR SALE — ONE $45.00 BLOCH Baby carriage. Will sell cheap. Apply "Carriage," care Star. je13-2t

AT LAST! ANOTHER CAR LOAD OF those 5x18 Juniper shingles at $5.25, should arrive tomorrow. It has been hard to supply the demand of late. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. je13-1t

WITH EVERY $5.00 WORTH OF PHOto developing and printing from our Camera Department the purchaser is entitled to one 8x10 CYKO enlargement free. Green's Drug Store. je13-1t*

SURFSIDE COTTAGE, OPEN UNDER new management, June 5th. Ready for select boarders. 'Phone 7532, or address Mrs. Hugh Overstreet, Wrightsville Beach. je13-1t*

CHEER UP! OUR BUSINESS HAS been a little above normal so far this month. Prosperity is in the air. Let's keep up the good work. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. je13-1t

SPEND A COOL DAY AT THE BEACH. Tables provided at Lumina for picnic parties, free of charge. je13-1t

FOR SALE — HORSE, DRAY AND harness, all in good condition. Apply 1117 Walnut street. je13-1t*

30-ACRE FARM FOR SALE, OR WILL trade for city real estate. This property is on Market Street road, three miles from city hall, and ripe for cutting up into building lots. What have you to offer? Address R. F. D. No. 1, J. D. Stefano. je13-1t*

UNFURNISHED APARTMENT FOR rent until October 1st, 2 rooms; private bath and kitchenette; cool and comfortable. Best location in the city. $15.00 per month. 'Phone 245. je13-1t

WANTED — COUNTRY BOY TO WORK in Grocery and Dry Goods Store. State age and address in own hand-writing. Address "C. B. U.," care Star. je13-6t*

1,000 TEN-CENT CIGARS FOR LESS than cost. We will sell this lot of El Triumfo 10c cigars for 5c., or $2.00 per box of 50, while they last. Green's Drug Store. je13-1t*

RECEIVED YESTERDAY, 50,255 FT. Long Leaf Pine, various sizes. This is a beautiful lot of lumber. We can fill your order. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. je13-1t

FOR NICE ROOM AND EXCELLENT table board, see Misses Williams, 202 Walnut street. Special attention given to those in the city for dinner only. je13-1t

FOR RENT—THE MOST UP-TO-DATE 8-room apartment in the city; No. 217 Dock street; also modern seven-room house, 417 North Fourth Street. Apply C. P. B. Mahler, 23 South Second street. je13-1t*

25 SPECIAL FELT MATTRESSES AT $6.50 each and a rocking chair free, at 106 Dock street. 'Phone 593. je13-2t

FOR RENT — DESIRABLE BED ROOM with excellent table board. All modern conveniences. Convenient location. Rates reasonable. Apply 120 Red Cross street, or phone 1138-J. je13-1t*

YOUNG MAN DESIRES BOARD AND room. Address "W," care Star. je13-1t*

STORAGE FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD goods and buyers for old furniture at 106 Dock street; 'phone 593. je13-2t

FURNISHED APARTMENTS, LARGE, comfortable rooms, good neighborhood for rent for the summer. Price very reasonable. 'Phone 59 or 4703. je13-3t

AN ATTRACTIVE LITTLE COTTAGE at Carolina Beach, near pavilion, for rent by week, month or season. 'Phone 59 or 4703. je13-3t

HAVE 9-ROOM RESIDENCE NEAR Fifth ave. and Nun st. that can sell low figure. Should investigate if interested in this splendid neighborhood. Moore's Real Estate and Insurance Agency. je13-1t

MONEY, MONEY, BY THE THOUSANDS has been distributed in the city during the past week by the Equitable Life of New York, through Moore's Real Estate and Insurance Agency, to be repaid in monthly installments in 10 or 15 years, and in case death all money paid in on principal returned in cash, with cancelled mortgage. Splendid proposition. If you want your mortgage raised, buy a home or investment, Telephone 332, at 123 Princess, for full information. je13-2t

FOR RENT — UP TO DATE 4-ROOM apartment; must be seen to be appreciated. For particulars, apply C. P. B. Mahler, 23 South Second street. je13-1t*

VISIT WINOCA TERRACE TODAY — Within the last few months a forty-five thousand dollar street was built to this property. Next week bids for approximately a sixty thousand dollar school building on Winoca lots will be opened. Two new residences will soon be started and so steadily, surely and without hesitating the improvement in this section goes on. With improvements and people, comes higher prices; moral: buy now at first cost low price. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess street. je13-1t

DESIRABLE COTTAGE ON WRIGHTSville Beach for rent. Well located; will rent at a reasonable price for the season. Has two stories and in fine order. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. je13-1t

SMALL FARM, WITH PRETTY BUNGalow, near the city, for sale. Has a fine crop on it now, which will demonstrate its fertility. Can be bought cheap. Only half cash needed. For full information, apply to James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. je13-2t

THE RURAL BUILDING AND LOAN Association will close the 29th Series this week. If desire stock in this series, apply before next Saturday. James Owen Reilly, secretary and treasurer. je13-2t

BE NEUTRAL—AMERICANIZE! HAVE your old Panama, straw and felt hats cleaned like new. The only expert hatter in the city. I. Horowitz, proprietor. American Practical Hatter, 128 Market street. 'Phone 418-W. je13-1t*

$25.00 REWARD TO ANY PERSON who can prove we do not scour and press palm beach suits for 50c. I. Horowitz, proprietor. American Practical Hatter, 128 Market street. 'Phone 418-W. je13-1t*

FARRIS' HOT SUPPER ROLLS AND Bread are delivered by the Wilmington Grocery Co. on Wrightsville Beach every day. Call for Farris' Rolls and Bread. je13-1t

FOR RENT — 6-ROOM MODERN COTtage; rent reasonable; 806 Grace st. Apply 812 Grace street. je13-1t*

FOR SALE — BABY GRAND PIANO, new, for balance of payments due. Cash or time, less than cost of manufacture. Johnson, 209 South Second street. je13-1t*

GOING TO MOVE? IF SO, LET Streett's wagons move you. We haul the biggest load in town for $1.00. 'Phone 236-J, 1001 North Fourth st. M. E. Streett. je13-1t*

HOUSTON HEIGHTS — ONE MILE from Hendersonville. Beautiful home; nicely furnished rooms; wide porches; modern bath. House screened; fine shady lawn. Plenty of chickens, eggs, buttermilk and vegetables for the home farm. Most desirable location. For terms, write Mrs. G. W. Cutter, Hendersonville, N. C.; Route 6. je13-1t*

WANTED — A CONGENIAL GENTLEman to share room with pleasant and agreeable young man. Single beds. 'Phone 1055-J, or call at 116 Red Cross street. je13-1t*

TO RENT — A BEAUTIFUL ROOM, southern exposure, electric lights, use of bath also; 'phone 209 South Second street. je13-1t*

BEACH COTTAGE—FURNISHED, FOR rent from July 1st. See J. Irving Bear, Insurance. je13-7t

LAST SUMMER WAS OFFERED $650 for desirable lot 66 by 225 feet, at Winter Park, that can be bought now for practically half; faces shell road, close to station. 'Phone 1748-W. Quick. je13-1t

A CUSTOMER OF OURS IS WILLING to sell his lot, facing the ocean. On Wrightsville Beach extension; at a very low figure. A bargain, and a splendid location for a summer home. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess st. je13-1t

100 PRINCESS STREET IS THE PRINcess Building. The second floor is exclusively for offices. We have one on Princess street side for rent. Third floor is in light housekeeping apartments and we have one apartment of two rooms for rent. Reasonable price. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess street. je13-1t

WOMEN WANTED AS GOVERNMENT clerks; $70 month. Short hours; vacation; rapid advancement. Wilmington examinations coming. Samples free. Write immediately. Franklin Institute, Dept. 687 E, Rochester, N. Y. je13-su5t*

WANTED — TO SELL SINGER SEWing machine in first class order, $20 cash. Apply 115 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C. je13-1t*

WANTED — FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, good location. State price. Address "A-100," care Star. je13-1t*

ARE YOU CUTTING EXPENSES? I can help you. See M. C. Curtis, Southern Building. je13-1t

FOR RENT—3 OR 4 CONVENIENT rooms, suitable for light housekeeping. Apply 501 South Fifth street. je13-1t*

YOUR CHOICE — THREE DESIRABLE houses for rent; centrally located. Ask F. A. Lord about them. je13-1t

WANTED — MEN AND WOMEN, GOVernment wants clerks, $75.00 month. Write immediately for list of positions obtainable. Franklin Institute, Dept. 296 E, Rochester, N. Y. je13-su4t*

VALUABLE RESIDENCE LOT IN LOS Angeles County, California, for sale or exchange. If interested, address "California," care Star. je13-1t*

HIDAWAY FARM — A QUIET, RESTful place for persons desiring comfort rather than extreme cheapness; $7.00 to $9.00 per week. Hendersonville, N. C. je13-1t*

MAGNIFICENT COUNTRY HOME. — Fifteen minutes walk from R. R. station, located on main thoroughfare, between Asheville and Waynesville. Modern conveniences. Rates, six to seven dollars per week. Mrs. H. B. Brewton, Candler, N. C. je13-1t

WE HAVE A MIGHTY PRETTY, ATtractive apartment of two rooms and bath; also a housekeeping apartment of five rooms and bath in the splendid Carolina Apartment. Special summer rate. Let us show it to you. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess street. je13-2t

FOR SALE — FIVE-PASSENGER E. M. F. automobile, good running condition, good tires. Will sell cheap or exchange for city Real Estate. 'Phone 1627-W. je13-1t

FLACK HOTEL — EDNEYVILLE, N. C. Near Chimney Rock and Sugar Loaf Mountains; 10 miles from Hendersonville; 50 rooms; acetylene lights; hot and cold baths. Rates, $5 and $6 per week. je13-su,tu,f,su-4t*

FOR RENT — ROOMS NICELY FURnished. Meals served. Opposite Post Office Park, 113 Princess street. 'Phone 1605. je13-1t*

FOR RENT—TWO NEATLY FURNISHed rooms, with modern conveniences, for light housekeeping. Rent reasonable. Apply 414 Chestnut street; 'Phone 1035-W. je13-1t

FOR RENT — ONE LARGE, CO room, nicely furnished, with all modern conveniences. Gentleman preferred. 218 North Second street, or 'phone 1670-J. je13-1t*

MOORE'S AGENCY NOW BUILDING three splendid residences on partial payment plan. Will buy your lot, have plans drawn for your home and finance the deal. See us next week, as we have some money to loan. Telephone 332, 123 Princess street. je13-1t

$3,500 TO LOAN ON 1ST MORTGAGE, real estate. Must be in good location. Address "Cash," care Star. je13-1t

10 ACRES LAND CHEAP ON CASTLE Hayne road. Will exchange for city property. See L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. je13-1t

WILL BUILD YOU HOME WINTER Park, on lot 66x330, and sell on easy terms. Moore's Real Estate Agency, 123 Princess street. je13-1t

LOTS 66x330, $10.00 DOWN, $10.00 PER month, located Winter Park; high and dry. Only $250.00, through Moore's Real Estate and Insurance Agency, 123 Princess street. je13-1t

LOOK OVER OUR LIST OF NICE homes for rent, at attractive figures. Moore's Real Estate and Insurance Agency, 123 Princess street. je13-1t

BEACH COTTAGES FOR RENT CHEAP by Moore's Real Estate Agency, 123 Princess street. je13-1t

FOR RENT — TWO-STORY SEVEN-room house, with all modern conveniences, southwest corner 7th and Castle streets. Apply to J. B. Fales, 518 Castle street. je13-1t*

SPECIAL — ONE-HALF PRICE SALE of furniture. Everything for your beach cottage at Bankrupt prices. Rex Furniture and Auction Co. je13-2t

ONE CAR LOAD OF GOOD COTTON felt mattresses for sale this week at $4.50 each. Rex Furniture and Auction Co., 106 Dock street. je13-2t

FOR RENT — FOUR NICE CONNECTing rooms, furnished with all modern conveniences, and use of 'phone. Call 877-J. je13-1t*

FOR RENT—CHEAP. ALL OR A PART of a splendid house in good neighborhood; nice lot, garage and small garden. Call phone 2048-J. je 13-1*

PAPER HANGING, DECORATING, house painting. You will have no regrets if we do your work. We leave every customer thoroughly satisfied. C. H. Crockett, 25 North Second st. 'Phone 771. je13-1t*

FOR RENT — TWO NEATLY FURnished rooms, with modern conveniences, for light housekeeping. Rent reasonable. Apply 414 Chestnut street. 'Phone 1035-W. je13-1t

HELP THE GIRLS — WHEN A GIRL wants to help herself, give her employment. One who needs something to do and who wants to do something, is anxious for a position. Address "Immediate," care Star. je13-1t*

"BEECH NUT FARM," IN SAPPHIRE country, two miles from town; good board; daily mail; large rooms; shady lawn; fine water. Miss Virginia Allison, Brevard, N. C. je6-su4t*

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SPECialty salesman for specialty lines; commissions and drawing account or salary and expenses to the right man; references required. Address "Salesmanager," 201 Granite Bldg., St. Louis, Mo. je6-su3t

WANTED — FIVE BRIGHT, CAPABLE ladies to travel, demonstrate and sell dealers; $25 to $50 per week. Railroad fare paid. Goodrich Drug Co., Dept. 472, Omaha, Neb. je6-su4t*

WANTED — ONE OR MORE LADIES from every city and town in the South to go with us to the San Francisco Exposition. All expenses paid; special train, twenty-day tour, during August; every convenience furnished; personally conducted. Not a contest. Write today for particulars. Southern Woman's Magazine, Nashville, Tenn. je6-su3t

FOR SALE—200,000 RED BRICK AT $6 per m.; 250,000 Dark Red at $5.50, f. o. b. Burgaw, N. C. Orders will receive prompt attention. Pender Brick Works, Burgaw, N. C. my23-su-4t*

TAILORING—I AM NOW PREPARED for the spring trade, with the latest in an elegant line of fashionable suitings and trouserings in the merchant tailoring line. Also other work done pertaining to it. Leger Meyer, The Practical Tailor, Princess Building, second floor. No mail orders. fe 7-su-tf

WANTED — LOCAL AGENTS FOR latest improved, most practical and powerful acetylene generator on the market. Prices low. Liberal terms to agents. For particulars, write F. J. Weathersbee, Newbern, N. C., State Agent, N. C. and S. C. my23-su4t*

WANTED — WOMEN FOR GOVERNment jobs, $70.00 month; short hours; common education. Pull unnecessary. Write immediately for list positions obtainable. Franklin Institute, Dept. 687-D. Rochester, N. Y. ap11-su-9t*

FIRE INSURANCE, FIRE INSURANCE, fire insurance. Help us to build up our Insurance Department and we will try to help you get lower rates. Mr. Joseph D. Smith, an old, experienced agent, looks after that department and will cheerfully look into rates for you. Why not consult him? J. G. Wright & Son, Agents, Real Estate and Insurance. je6,su,tu-2t

FOR RENT—AFTER JUNE 19TH, ONE 6-room cottage at Winter Park. One block from station. Nice chance to have a garden. Apply A. H. High, Winter Park. je9-w,su-tf

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS ARE EASY to get. My free booklet, Y-1319, tells how. Write today. Now. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C. ma 2-su-we-18t

A FULL LINE OF SHADE TREES, roses and shrubs. Buy home grown fruit trees at The Holland Nurseries, Castle Haynes, N. C. 'Phone 5611. oc17-w,su-tf

ALL PERSONS OR FIRMS HAVING bills or claims against the New York Laundry, Charlie Oke, Prop., 421 Castle street, are hereby notified to call and collect on or before 28th day of June, 1915. Lee Hing Troy. je9-w,su6t*

FOR SALE—SEVERAL SECOND-HAND Ford automobiles, in good condition, have been placed in our hands for sale at bargain prices. The Corbett Garage, Burgaw, N. C. je6-su,tu,th,su-4t*

WANTED — NICE UNFURNISHED room, centrally located. Modern conveniences. State location and price per month in first letter. Address "Couple," care Star. je11-f,su-2t*

POSITION WANTED — GIRL ANXIous to have employment would be glad to get a job. Call or address 202 1-2 Princess street. je13-1t

MUST HAVE WORK AT ONCE, TO live; any kind that I can do. White boy, aged 18; good education but no experience. Address "Boy, 18," care Morning Star. je13-2t

WANTED—TO BUY SECOND HAND soda fountain and supplies. Apply P. O. Box 973, City. je 12-2t*

WANTED—HORSE FOR KEEP DURing summer; only light driving. C. W. Worth. je 12-2t

FOR RENT — SEVERAL SINGLE rooms, or a suite of rooms furnished. All conveniences. Terms reasonable to desirable parties. Address "777-W" care Star. je 12-2t*

FOR RENT—MOST DESIRABLY LOcated unfurnished apartment. Four rooms, kitchen and bath. Terms reasonable Address "L. A. W." care Star. je 12-2t*

CANVASS HOUSES AT THE BEACH can be rented by month or by season. Terms moderate; 2 room, 3 room, 5 room sizes. Tide Water Power Co. je 12-2t

WHITE LEGHORN AND BUFF ORpington cockerels, 65c each; 18 Buff Orpington hens, one rooster year old, 17 dollars. J. T. Culbreth, Scott's Hill, N. C. je 12-2t*

PINER'S VULCANIZING PLANT — Open until 10 o'clock each night. Tire troubles promptly doctored; gasolene and oil furnished at lowest prices. 113 North Second street. je11-4t*

THREE NICE LARGE AIRY ROOMS, southern exposure, well furnished. Can also accommodate several more table boarders with good service. Address, 302 North Second street, phone 1805-W. je 11-4t

SPECIAL ICE CREAM FOR SUNDAY— Cherry, pineapple, peach, strawberry, vanilla, and chocolate. We have the best fruits that can be bought to use in our fruit ice cream. Let us have your orders. We are in position to furnish any quantity inside or outside the city on short notice and orders for special occasions. For quality and service, call the Frost Ice Cream Co., Phone 120, No. 13 Princess street. je 11-3t

FOR RENT — FROM JUNE 10TH TO August 10th, first floor of building now occupied by Junction Restaurant. See J. Irving Bear, Insurance. je10-7t

WANTED — TO BUY, PINE LOGS, delivered by rail or water to Angola Lumber Company's mill. J. N. Bryant. mh28-tf

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK
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SERVICE
WILMINGTON N.C.

THE NEW MURCHISON BANK BUILDING
A Model Office Building

Ten stories.
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Efficient janitor service.
All rooms bright and airy.
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Rents, $12.00, $13.00, $15.00 and up, according to size.
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Renting Agent in Room No. 316 will show you over this splendid building, and figure your office requirements.

VUDOR PORCH SHADES, ALL LENGTHS. SPAULDING'S BATHING SUITS AND WATER WINGS. SPORTING GOODS OF ALL KINDS. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

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MARKET STREET

KRAHNKE, THE TAILOR, NOW DOing business at No. 2 North Second street. All new goods, ladies and gentlemen's suits to order; custom made; also does cleaning, pressing and altering. 'Phone 977. je9-6t

IT IS A PLEASURE TO TRAVEL WITH one of the famous C. & S. Trunks or Solid Leather Suit Cases. Call at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, or 'phone 642. my18-tf

IF YOU WANT BLOCK WOOD AT 50C one load, or $1.00 three loads, send your cart to Angola Lumber Co.'s Mill. J. N. Bryant. ap 18-tf

BY ORDER OF THE PUBLISHERS — Beginning with issue dated March 7th, the price of the Hearst's Sunday American will be 5 cents per copy. Gordon Brothers; 'Phone 745. mh4-tf

TO THE HOUSEWIFE — DON'T WORry, when your cook fails to come to cook your dinner, let us worry for you. We can furnish you most any dish to serve at your table. Convince yourself at May Bros.' Delicatessen, 130 Market street; 'Phone 1322. je8-tf

FOR RENT — HOUSE NO. 408 CHESTnut street, 7 rooms; all improvements, gas, water, electric lights. Apply James Owen Reilly. je9-tf

FOR SALE — ONE LARGE, NEW TAble; size, about 7x3½; suitable for tailoring or dress-making. Will sell at cost. 820 Dock st. my 31-tf

FIDELITY PRIVATE DETECTIVE BUreau. Commercial, domestic, criminal and secret cases investigated. Correspondence confidential. Only legitimate work solicited. Moderate fees. Room No. 24, Atlantic Trust Bank Bldg. P. O. Box 1122. je11-1mo*

TYPEWRITERS, RENT, SALE, EXchange. Remington made machines. Remington, Smith Premier, Monarch, Visible, $3.00 per month. Three months, $7.50. Factory rebuilt machines $22.50 to $65, guaranteed. Remington Junior, new, $50. Remington Typewriter Company, 17 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. my5-82t

DRESSED LUMBER FOR BUILDING and Repairing offered for sale cheap for cash, before transferring our stock to our new sheds. Compare our grades and prices with others, and save money by buying the best at equal or lower prices. Hilton Lumber Co.; 'Phone 321. my23-su,tu,f--13t

"COLLECT YOUR MONEY"; LET OTHers wait. Collections throughout the United States. Southern Mercantile Company, High Point, N. C. je 12-sa-su-tu-thu-4t*

Cotton Storage

We can furnish Storage for a Few Thousand Bales Cotton to Sept. 1, and Make [illegible]nable Advances

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Buy Flour

Buy in small lots until New Crop. Three grades, plain Flour. Two grades Self-Rising. Try Stock's Patent. None Better.

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1000 bags 8-3-3 Guano.
1000 bags 8-4-4 Guano.
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2000 bales No. 1 Timothy Hay.
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